

26937-6136-TU-00

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM MISSION OPERATIONS SYSTEMS DEFINITION

Mission Assessment Report Operations Design Mission A

September 1977

Prepared for

Meadquarters Space and Missile Systems Organization
Space and Missile Systems Organization Los Angeles, California



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED. **AUGUST 1977**

This final report was submitted by TRW Defense and Space Systems Group, One Space Park, Redondo Beach, California, under contract F04701-75-C-0025, with the Space and Missile Systems Organization, Los Angeles Air Force Station, Los Angeles, California.

LTC J.F. Garber, LVRE, was the SAMSO Project Engineer.

This report has been reviewed by the Information Office (OI) and is releasable to the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). At NTIS, it will be available to the general public, including foreign nations.

This technical report has been reviewed and is approved for publication. Readers are cautioned that the material therein represents the views of TRW Defense and Space Systems Group only and does not necessarily define a DOD/SAMSO position, policy or decision.

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

J.F. Garber, LTC

Assistant Project Officer

F.J. Bielsik, LTC Project Officer

FOR THE COMMANDER

THOMAS M. SUMNER, Colonel, USAF System Program Director

Space Transportation SPO

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM MISSION OPERATIONS SYSTEMS DEFINITION

MISSION ASSESSMENT REPORT OPERATIONS DESIGN MISSION A

September 1977

Prepared for

Headquarters

Space and Missile Systems Organization

Los Angeles Air Force Station

Los Angeles, California

Prepared by

TRV O

Missile and Space Software Department One Space Park Redondo Beach, California 90278

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)	
REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
SAMSO TR-77-116	O. 3. SECIPLENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
(DOD/STS) Mission Operations Systems Definition Mission Assessment Report: Operations Design Mission A	Final Report Sep 277,
(H) TR	1-26937-6136-TU-00 V
Missile and Space Software Department	F94701-75-C-0025
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS TRW Defense and Space Systems Group One Space Park Redondo Beach, California 90278	10 PROGRAM ELEMENT PROJECT TAS AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
Space and Missile Systems Organization/LVRE Air Force Systems Command Los Angeles, Air Force Station Los Angeles, California 90009	September 1977
14 MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(If different from Controlling Office	UNCLASSIFIED
	SCHEDULE
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, H dillocant	R. Owen)
18 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	
19 KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block numb Mission Assessment Space Transportation System (STS) Mission Operations Crew Activities	er)
20 ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side If necessary and identify by block number. This report presents the results of analysis of a nous near equatorial payload deployment missic vehile in conjunction with an Interim Upper Stag report concentrates on development of a nomina launch date and time. Such items as attitude timpropellant utilization histories, ground tracks,	n near term DOD geosynchron utilizing the Space Shuttle (IUS). This issue of the l mission plan for a particul nelines, approximate RCS/C

DD FORM 1473 EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

UNCLASSIFIED
SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entereit)

409637

In

PRECEDING PACE NOT FILMED

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

MISSION OPERATIONS SYSTEMS DEFINITION

MISSION ASSESSMENT REPORT
OPERATIONS DESIGN MISSION A

Approved by:

J. H Drexler,

Assistant Project Manager STS Mission Operations System

T. S. Bettwy, Project Manager STS Mission Operations System



26937-6136-TU-00 Page vii

PREFACE

This report reflects the combined efforts of the following principal contributors:

Dr. G. S. Gedeon

J. R. Owen

R. D. Tomlinson

26937-6136-TU-00 Page ix

CONTENTS

PRE	FACE	
1.	INTR	RODUCTION
	1.1	Background
	1.2	Objective
	1.3	Scope
2.	CONG	CLUSIONS, OPEN ISSUES, AND OMMENDATIONS2-
	2.1	Conclusions2-
	2.2	Open Issues 2-
	2.3	Recommendations
3.	MISS	ION DESIGN
	3.1	Mission Requirements and Description 3-
		3.1.1 Mission Requirements 3-
		3.1.2 Mission Description
	3.2	Mission Design Alternatives/Tradeoff Analyses 3-
		3.2.1 IUS Mission Design Tradeoff Analyses 3-
		3.2.2 Crew Activities Timeline Tradeoff Analysis
		Analysis
4.		RATIONS TIMELINES AND MISSION SUPPORT UIREMENTS
	4.1	Event Summary, Operations Design
		Mission A 4-
	4.2	Crew Activity Plans 4-
5.	MISS	ION ASSESSMENT
	5.1	Ground Track, Lighting Schedule and Tracking Coverage
		5.1.1 Ground Track Maps 5-
		5.1.2 Lighting and Tracking Coverage
		Timelines
	5.2	Attitude Schedules
	5 3	Orbiter Consumables Analysis

CONTENTS (Concluded)

	5.4	ET Dispersion Analysis	5-4
	5.5	Contingency/Abort Analyses	5-4
		5.5.1 Contingency Analysis	5-4
		5.5.2 Abort from Orbit Opportunities	5 - 5
	5.6	Ascent Graphical Support Data	5 - 5
	5.7	Relative Motion Analysis	5-5
	5.8	Orbiter Ku-Band Communication	5-6
6.	OTHE	ER GEOSYNCHRONOUS PAYLOADS	6-1
REF	EREN	CES	R-1
APP	ENDIX	A: CONFIGURATION SUMMARY	A-1
APP	ENDIX	B: REFERENCE TRAJECTORY LISTING	B-1
APP	ENDIX	C: CREW ACTIVITIES PLAN FORMAT	C-1
APP	ENDIX	D: ACRONYMS	D-1
APP	ENDIX	E: MISSION PLAN REVISIONS	E-1

ILLUSTRATIONS

3-1.	Nominal Orbiter Events	3-18
3-2.	Nominal IUS Profile	3-19
3-3.	IUS Departure Window	3-20
3-4.	Insertion Longitude	3 - 21
3-5.	Inclination of the Transfer Plane	3-22
3-6.	Difference Between the Nodes of the Transfer Orbit and the Parking Orbit	3-23
3-7.	Central Angle Between First and Second IUS Burn	3-24
3-8.	Transfer Time	3-25
3-9.	Perigee Altitude	3-26
3-10.	Apogee Altitude	3-27
3-11.	Pitch Angle of the First IUS Burn	3-28
3-1	Yaw Angle of the First IUS Burn	3-29
3	Pitch Angle of the Second IUS Burn	3-30
3-14.	Yaw Angle of the Second IUS Burn	3-31
3-15.	Illustration of Upper and Lower Node	3-32
3-16.	Insertion Longitude, Node: 4th Descending	3-35
3-17.	Insertion Longitude, Node: 5th Descending	3-34
3-18.	Short Transfer Departure Windows	3-35
3-19.	Long Transfer Departure Windows	3-36
3-20.	Accessible Longitudes During First Two Days	
	of Mission	3-37
4-1.	Overview	4-6
4-2.	Summary DSP Timeline	4-7
4-3.	Detailed DSP Timeline	4-10
5-1.	Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Orbit Insertion to Fifth Revolution	5-13
5-2.	Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Sixth to Tenth Revolution	5-14
5-3.	Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Eleventh to Fifteenth Revolution	5-15
5-4.	Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Sixteenth	5-16

ILLUSTRATIONS (Continued)

5-5.	IUS Ground Track, Mission A, Fourth Ascending Node Transfer	5-17
5-6.	IUS Ground Track, Mission A, Fifth Descending Node Transfer	5-18
5-7.	Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A	5-19
5-8.	IUS Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Fourth Ascending Node Transfer)	5 - 2 5
5-9.	IUS Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Fifth Descending Node Transfer)	5-26
5-10.	Pitch Attitudes Following IUS/Orbiter Separation (Points-Z Axis at IUS)	5-27
5-11.	SRB and External Tank Impact Points	5-28
5-12.	Ascent Phase Altitude Profile	5-29
5-13.	Ascent Phase Thrust vs. Time	5-30
5-14.	Ascent Phase Dynamic Pressure, Q, vs. Time	5-31
5-15.	Ascent Phase Range from Launch vs. Time	5-32
5-16.	Ascent Phase Height of Apogee vs. Time	5-33
5-17.	Ascent Phase Height of Perigee vs. Time	5-34
5-18.	Ascent Phase Inertial Acceleration Profile	5-35
5-19.	Ascent Phase Pitch Angle of Attack (α) vs. Time	5-36
5-20.	Ascent Phase Sideslip Angle (β) vs. Time	5-37
5-21.	Orbiter Downrange vs. Radial Displacement from IUS Following P/L Separation Burn (4 fps)	5-38
5-22.	Orbiter Range from IUS Following P/L Separation Burn (4 fps)	5-39
5-23.	Radial Displacement Relative Motion During IUS First Stage Burn	5-40
5-24.	Out-of-Plane Relative Motion During IUS First Stage Burn	5-40
5-25.	Orbiter/IUS Separation During IUS First Stage Burn	5-41

ILLUSTRATIONS (Concluded)

5-26.	Angle Between Exhaust Vector and LOS vs. Burn Time for IUS First Stage Burn	5 - 42
5-27.	Angle Between Exhaust Vector and Line of Sight vs. Range for IUS First Stage Burn	5-43
5-28.	TDRS Look Angles Overlayed with Right Antenna Obscuration Zone	5-44
5-29.	TDRS Look Angles Overlayed with Combined Antenna Obscuration Zone	5-45
5-30.	TDRS Look Angles with Orbiter Payload Bay Oriented to RTS Overlayed with Right Antenna Obscuration Zone	5-46
5-31.	TDRS Look Angles with Orbiter Payload Bay Oriented to RTS Overlayed with Combined Antenna Obscuration Zone	5-47
5-32.	Mission A TDRS Coverage Summary	5-48

26937-6136-TU-00 Page xv

TABLES

3-1.	DSP Deployment Orbit Requirements	3-15
3.2.	Nominal Entry Conditions	3-15
3-3.	Conic Parameters of the Transfer Orbits	3-16
3-4.	Precision Parameters of the Transfer Orbit	3-17
4-1.	Event Summary	4-3
4-2.	Explanation of Selected Payload Related Activities	4-5
5-1.	Mission "A" Major Events Attitude Timeline	5-7
5-2.	RCS/OMS Propellant Usage	5-8
5-3.	Detailed Breakdown of OMS Propellant Allowance	5-10
5-4.	Detailed Breakdown of RCS Propellant Allowance	5 - 1 1
5-5.	Abort-From-Orbit Opportunities	5 - 12
6-1	Mission Planning Data	6-2

1. INTRODUCTION

This document presents the results of analysis of a DOD geosynchronous equatorial payload deployment mission utilizing the Space Shuttle Vehicle in conjunction with the Interim Upper Stage (IUS). The analysis was conducted by TRW Defense and Space Systems Group in support of the DOD STS Mission Operations System Definition (MOSD) Study (Contract No. F04701-75-C-0025).

1.1 BACKGROUND

In 1980, the DOD will begin to utilize the Space Transportation System (STS) to accomplish a variety of payload deployment missions. For approximately the first two years of operation (i.e., until December 1982) all DOD missions will be launched from the Kennedy Space Center (KSC). NASA, the developing agency for the Space Shuttle, will provide all mission planning and mission control functions for the Orbiter vehicle during this period. Every DOD-dedicated mission in the 1980-82 time-frame requires use of the IUS to place the satellite payload in its required orbit. DOD, the developing agency for IUS, will provide the mission planning and mission control functions for the IUS on all DOD flights. Thus, this period of operations (1980-82) is characterized by joint DOD/NASA operations for accomplishment of DOD mission activities.

The DOD Mission Model (Reference 1) calls for IUS missions deploying satellites in three classes of mission orbits: (1) geosynchronous,
(2) 12-hr elliptical, and (3) 12-hr circular. Representative mission plans are being generated for each of these classes. Other types of DOD IUS Missions are contained in the Mission Model, but do not impose driving requirements or are insufficiently defined to warrant detailed analysis. The geosynchronous mission plan is referred to as Operations Design Mission A. A specific geosynchronous payload deployment mission has been selected to represent the geosynchronous class of missions. The Operations Design Mission A plan presented in this report is based upon the specific requirements associated with the Defense Support Program (DSP) Satellite. Variations to the mission plan required by the Fleet Satellite Communications (FSC) Program are also identified.

1.2 OBJECTIVE

One of the principal objectives of the MOSD study is to define the DOD MOS requirements and interfaces. In support of this objective, a set of DOD STS missions has been identified which fully represents the mission operations requirements. Detailed mission profiles are being developed for each of these missions with major emphasis on development of operations timelines. Development of these timelines serves the following major purposes:

- establishes confidence in the ability to accomplish the mission as planned,
- identifies limitations in the NASA-developed system (hardware and software) which may compromise achievement of DOD mission objectives,
- identifies support requirements imposed on the DOD control center and tracking network,
- identifies significant open issues whose resolution DOD needs to accomplish or monitor in order to ensure satisfaction of mission objectives, and
- provides a basis for development of the DOD mission operations concept.

An integral part of the mission profile development activity is the generation of the Orbiter and IUS trajectories. By means of this trajectory planning and generation function, requirements which must be satisfied by the DOD Conceptual Mission Design and IUS Flight Design computer programs are also identified.

1.3 SCOPE

In developing this mission profile and operations plan, considerable effort has been devoted to the collection, validation, and integration of past and current analysis results with the ultimate goal of producing a mission plan characterized by the following:

- satisfaction of all known DSP mission objectives and constraints, and
- compatibility with the evolving NASA mission operations concepts.

The first issue of this report (Reference 11) was based upon a generic geosynchronous payload and a generic liquid propellant IUS. This second issue of the Operations Design Mission A document concentrates on the development of a nominal STS/DSP mission plan for an arbitrarily selected launch date and utilizes the Boeing solid propellant IUS. Attitude schedules, approximate RCS/OMS propellant utilization histories, ground tracks, ground station coverage timelines, and basic trajectory data have been developed to support both the MOSD study and other STS-related studies which require representative mission data in support of tradeoff and performance analyses. Principal emphasis is placed on the Orbiter/payload timeline through IUS deployment because this is the area of major DOD concern.

The IUS configuration used in this study is the two-stage Boeing proposal configuration (References 2 and 3). IUS deployment operations are based on the results of IUS-related working group meetings as well as Reference 3.

2. CONCLUSIONS, OPEN ISSUES, AND RECOMMENDATIONS

2.1 CONCLUSIONS

The following conclusions have resulted from the Operations Design Mission A analysis.

- 1. All known DSP requirements, exclusive of deployment accuracy, can be satisfied with currently baselined Orbiter, IUS, and Mission Operations System capabilities. DSP deployment accuracy requirements were not addressed in this study.
- 2. All known FSC requirements, exclusive of deployment accuracy, can be satisfied with currently baselined Orbiter, IUS, and MOS capabilities. FSC deployment accuracy requirements were not addressed in this study.
- 3. The baseline, fully loaded, two-stage IUS is capable of deploying a DSP satellite at any specified longitude as follows:

Transfer Type	Latest Required Transfer Burn Time, hr, GET	Maximum Longitude Error, deg
Short (3.5 hr)	27.5	±4.5
Long (9-11 hr)	27.5	0
Short or Long	9.5	±6.5

[†]Exclusive of GN&C errors.

- 4. The DSP requirement to establish a specified right ascension of the ascending node of the final orbit can be satisfied with the baseline, fully loaded, two-stage IUS regardless of Orbiter launch time.
- 5. The requirements to deploy the IUS/DSP in darkness and to issue all the IUS commands from ground stations result in a daily Orbiter launch window of approximately 45 min. By imposing this launch window, the deployment constraints can be satisfied during two consecutive orbits.

- 6. For payload weights approaching the performance limit of the IUS, the right ascension of the ascending node of the Orbiter parking orbit must be nearly the same as that of the final payload orbit. This imposes a launch window which is not generally compatible with the window imposed for darkness control. Such missions are unfeasible unless a means is found to uncouple the darkness and station pass requirements. Two possible solutions have been identified:
 - 1. provide continuous IUS commanding capability so that deployment need not be accomplished in view of ground stations, or
 - 2. eliminate the darkness constraint on deployment operations by means of orbiter and/or satellite subsystem modifications.
- 7. The earliest that deployment of the IUS/DSP or IUS/FSC can be accomplished by a three-man crew is an support of the fourth descending node IUS transfer burn opportunity. Crew skill level requirements are no greater than those expected to be developed in support of NASA missions. The typical mission plan presented in this report is based upon the fourth ascending node IUS transfer burn opportunity in order to deploy the satellite at the chosen 137 degree longitude
- 8. Estimated Orbiter OMS and RCS propellants for performance of the mission are well within Orbiter internal propellant storage capabilities.

2.2 OPEN ISSUES

Several key open issues exist with regard to Operations Design Mission A.

- 1. The operations constraints and limitations of the Remote Manipulator System are not well understood. Constraints (or the absence thereof) on Orbiter attitude control and the duration of RMS operations are key considerations in developing the deployment timeline.
- 2. Safe separation distances for enabling the IUS RCS and SRM are undefined. A distance of 200 ft has been assumed in this analysis for enabling the RCS and 10 nautical miles for enabling the SRM. Greater distances would require modifications to the operations plan and, possibly, to the Orbiter and IUS configurations.

- 3. The Orbiter method of navigation has recently been changed from onboard to ground-based until GPS is operational. The accuracy of the state vector transfer to the IUS and the time constraints thereon are dependent on the mechanization of the navigation technique. The mechanization is not fully defined at this time.
- 4. IUS GN&C performance characteristics and Orbiter navigation accuracy are not firmly defined because the systems are still under development. Therefore, analysis of satellite deployment accuracy has not been performed. The viability of the mission plan is dependent on the results of such an accuracy analysis.

Ability to satisfy mission accuracy requirements could potentially be affected by one or more of the following mission plan characteristics.

- The time available to derive an accurate Orbiter state vector, on the ground, and transmit it to the Orbiter for transfer to the IUS may be insufficient. The accuracy of the initial state vector is critical to the IUS navigation, onboard targeting, and guidance functions.
- The time between IUS initialization (attitude and state) by the Orbiter and the first IUS burn may be excessive. Degradation in state and attitude determination accuracy during this time period will affect the accuracy of the IUS onboard targeting and guidance functions.
- The time between the first and second IUS burns may be excessive should a long transfer be used. Transfer coast periods up to 11 hours are available, but degradation in the onboard state vector accuracy may disallow use of such trajectories.

All aspects of the mission plan from initiation of deployment operations to completion of the satellite deployment could be affected by the results of an accuracy analysis.

- 5. IUS SRM effluent dynamics and their effects are unknown. These characteristics will influence the required separation for contamination avoidance between the Orbiter and IUS for performance of the IUS transfer burn. The dynamics of the SRM effluents will also affect the targeting of the SRM burns and subsequent operations to avoid satellite contamination.
- 6. The maximum allowable time between IUS deployment and completion of the mission is not clearly defined. Battery power, RCS propellant and overall vehicle reliability may limit the acceptable mission duration.

2.3 RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations have resulted from the Operations Design Mission A analysis.

1. It is recommended that an RF link be implemented between the Orbiter and IUS. This link would be used to issue deployment-related commands to the IUS. The link would also be used to verify transmitter operation prior to IUS release from the RMS.

Implementation of this recommendation would greatly enhance the flexibility of the mission plan by removing the dependence on ground station passes. It would also increase the Orbiter launch window on the DSP mission from 45 min to nearly 24 hr. It would also facilitate numerous contingency IUS/DSP deployment opportunities rather than only one as provided with the baseline capability. Finally, it would provide the capability to perform geosynchronous missions in which the satellite weight approaches the performance limit of the IUS. These missions are currently considered unfeasible as discussed in Section 2.1.6.

2. It is recommended that analyses be conducted to close the open issues cited in Section 2.2. The resolution of these issues may have significant impacts on DOD flight operations and planning. Thus, early resolution would facilitate planning for early DOD STS flights.

3. MISSION DESIGN

This section presents the Operations Design Mission A requirements, describes the nominal mission profile, and presents the supporting rationale for development of the mission plan. Figures 3-1 and 3-2 present overviews of the major Orbiter and IUS operations in support of this mission. Throughout the following discussion, the term "payload" is used to mean both the IUS and the attached satellite, but does not include the supporting payload equipment which is not deployed from the Orbiter. DSP and IUS data were taken from References 2 through 5.

3.1 MISSION REQUIREMENTS AND DESCRIPTION

3.1.1 Mission Requirements

The objective of Operations Design Mission A is to deploy one DSP satellite in a geosynchronous, nearly equatorial orbit as specified in Table 3-1. A launch date of 1 January 1981 is arbitrarily defined and does not necessarily represent a currently planned DSP launch. The requirements for inclination and right ascension of the ascending node result from a desire to control the variation in orbital inclination during the satellite's lifetime. Because of solar and lunar perturbations on the satellite's orbit, the inclination is a time-varying parameter. DSP requires that the orbit inclination not exceed 3 deg during the 5-year lifetime of the satellite. Analysis has shown that the inclination will not exceed 3 deg if the initial orbital inclination is near 3 deg and the right ascension of the ascending node is in the range of 250 deg to 340 deg (Reference 6). Selection of a nominal target inclination of 2.1 deg and an ascending node at 292 deg for a 1981 launch allows a great tolerance for error in establishing the deployment inclination (Reference 6). The desired DSP deployment longitude is representative and does not necessarily reflect an actual DSP operational location.

The launch time of 14 hr 50 min GMT was chosen to satisfy simultaneous lighting and ground station pass requirements. These requirements are satisfied on two consecutive revolutions even if the launch occurs up to 45 min later than planned.

3.1.2 Mission Description

The Shuttle ascent phase begins when the thrust builds up to equal vehicle weight which occurs at exactly 14 hr 50 min GMT and defines GET = 0. It ends at OMS insertion into the 55- x 150- n.mi. orbit at a 28.5 deg inclination. Mission events are summarized in Section 4. The ascent will be standardized to agree with NASA design for any due east launch. Event schedules and trajectory shaping will then depend primarily on payload weight.

In this mission, the subphases of ascent are vertical rise, roll, and pitch, open loop steering, SRB cut-off, closed loop SSME thrust, ET separation, coast, and OMS insertion burn (OMS-1).

At liftoff, the three SSME's and two SRB's are on; the three SSME's are throttled to the 100% power level. The SSME's are throttled up to 109% beginning 3.5 seconds after liftoff.

The roll and pitch phase lasts until 16 sec. The roll angle is predetermined by the launch azimuth, and the pitch kick is chosen to provide good initial conditions for the open-loop steering phase. During this phase, the roll maneuver is limited by the maximum angular acceleration constraint. The first-stage steering was designed to maximize performance within structural loads and flight control constraints.

During the open loop steering phase, a modified gravity turn in pitch is used without yaw steering. The NASA-developed standard pitch angle-of-attack and SSME throttle profiles are flown through the maximum dynamic pressure (Q) region. These profiles are summarized in Appendix A (Figure A-1 and A-2).

At 115.6 sec, the expended SRB's are jettisoned; the resultant impact point is 28.6 deg North lat, 78.0 deg West long.

The closed-loop steering phase begins after SRB jettison using Generalized Linear Tangent (GLT) guidance. SSME thrust is maintained at the maximum power level until 235 sec GET, then reduced to 100%. The target MECO conditions are the standard set used for all DOD and NASA KSC launches (Appendix A, Table A-5).

MECO, the point at which the SSME's are shutdown, occurs at 8 min 9 sec with a conic apogee of 81.0 n.mi. and perigee of 15 n.mi. The propellant residual is 44,400 lb.

Eleven seconds after MECO, the external tank is jettisoned and the RCS engines are used to add 4 ft/sec in the -Z (heads-up) direction with a 5- sec burn. The free-falling ET breaks up during reentry with the center of mass impacting at 28.6 deg South latitude and 83.3 deg East longitude. The RCS translate is followed by a 20-sec coast.

The two OMS engines are ignited at 08:45 GET with the closed-loop guidance steering the vehicle to the target orbit. The OMS burn terminates when the target is reached at 10 min 40 sec GET. The ME propellant dumping is initiated during this OMS burn and is described in Appendix A.

Following OMS engine shutdown in the 55- x 150- n.mi. orbit, the crew configures the Orbiter for on-orbit operations while coasting to the first apogee. The first apogee is reached 34 min after insertion, at which time a 174 ft/sec OMS burn lasting 1 min 35 sec is performed to circularize the orbit at 150 n.mi. This orbital altitude has been adopted by joint DOD/NASA agreement as a standard value for study purposes.

Following the circularization maneuver, the payload bay doors are opened and, except for the short periods of time when specific attitudes are required, the payload bay is continuously pointed earthward for payload thermal control and communication purposes.

Following the payload bay door opening, IUS/DSP deployment activities are initiated. The earliest release of the IUS is scheduled to be completed by 2 hr 43 min GET so that the first IUS burn can be performed in the vicinity of the fourth ascending node (5 hr 42 min GET).

Preparation of the IUS for deployment is performed onboard the Orbiter and includes alignment of the IUS inertial reference and updating of the IUS state vector. DSP and IUS telemetry data are transmitted to the ground during the HTS and VTS remote tracking station passes; approximately 12 min are allowed for telemetry readout. Communication between the DSP and RTS ground stations is performed independent of the Orbiter and IUS communication systems and is required during all station passes after the payload bay doors are opened. A minimum of 3 min of each pass is allocated to DSP telemetry transmission.

Following completion of all checkout and preparation operations, the IUS is deployed using the Remote Manipulator System (RMS). Orbiter attitude is inertially stabilized prior to initiating RMS deployment operations. During RMS deployment through IUS release, all Orbiter attitude control is disabled. RMS operations will be performed in darkness to protect the satellite from exposure to direct sunlight and to preclude light reflected from the DSP impairing the crew's vision. Just prior to IUS release, the IUS transmitter is turned on and verified through GTS.

Shortly after the IUS is released (at 2:46 GET) the Orbiter performs a 4-fps RCS translate in the forward direction. Following this Orbiter-IUS separation burn, the Orbiter is oriented such that the Orbiter/IUS line-of-sight through the upper observation windows is maintained. In order to provide the required DSP thermal control, the IUS must perform thermal maneuvers within 20 min after entering sunlight. The IUS attitude control system is enabled at 02:59 GET from HTS after the Orbiter has moved away to a safe separation distance (presently undefined, but assumed to be 500 ft). Forty-five minutes after the Orbiter separation burn, a separation distance of 5.9 n.mi. is achieved at which time an Orbiter circularization burn is performed. At this point in the mission, the Orbiter becomes relatively inactive (for DOD mission planning purposes) while waiting for its earliest deorbit opportunity which occurs about 17 hr. later.

The active portion of the IUS mission begins at 2:59 GET when the RCS enabling commands are transmitted from HTS. At approximately 4:15 GET (1 hr 29 min after the 4-fps Orbiter RCS translate) the IUS SRM enabling commands are transmitted from GTS. Approximately 2 hr 59 min after the 4-fps Orbiter RCS translate, the IUS arrives at the fourth ascending node burn opportunity. IUS transfer burn ignition occurs 3 min after the equator crossing at 5:45 GET. The transfer burn is performed in a fixed inertial direction and lasts 2 min 27 sec. As soon as the burn is terminated, the IUS is maneuvered to the velocity correction attitude and a velocity correction (if required) is made using the IUS RCS.

During the post-transfer burn coast period which lasts 3.30 hr, the IUS/DSP is put into a slow-roll maneuver with a minimum rate of 0.75 deg/sec oriented such that the longitudinal axis is maintained normal (±30 deg) to the solar vector to satisfy DSP thermal constraints. The attitude and maneuver rate may be interrupted for periods of up to 14 min for the purpose of transmitting telemetry data to the ground or performing an IUS burn. There will be no more than six dip-outs and no less than 30 min between two consecutive dip-outs. The transfer orbit satisfies the DSP constraint that the maximum duration of the earth/sun eclipse from injection into transfer orbit to DSP separation is 45 min. During this coast, the DSP transmits telemetry data continuously.

The IUS circularization burn ignition occurs at 09:07 GET and lasts 1 min 42 sec. The IUS first stage is separated just prior to this burn. The circularization burn is performed such that subsequent operations do not carry the IUS/DSP through the effluent cloud from the IUS solid motor burn. This burn establishes a geosynchronous orbit over a particular earth longitude. Following the circularization burn, the IUS maneuvers to the RCS velocity correction attitude and a velocity correction (if required) is made using the IUS RCS.

After circularizing at synchronous altitude, the IUS coasts for approximately 5 min and orients its longitudinal axis within ±30 deg of the positive velocity vector. IUS angular rates are reduced to less than 0.5 deg/sec about each axis prior to DSP separation. Separation occurs at a time such that there is no earth/sun eclipse for 2 hr prior to and 2 hr after the event. Separation is scheduled such that two RTS stations are within line-of-sight of the satellite beginning at least 15 min prior to separation. The satellite must be at least 5 deg away from the sunline to at least one of these RTS's. The DSP further constrains the mission by requiring the moon, as seen from the spacecraft, to be greater than three degrees from the earth's horizon in the first and second earth acquisition corridors following spacecraft deployment. The acquisition corridors are defined as the periods between 5:30 and 6:30 AM and between 5:30 and 6:30 PM local time at the satellite subpoint.

All IUS thruster operations are inhibited just prior to satellite separation and a spring-induced relative separation velocity of 1 ±0.3 ft/sec is imparted when the satellite is released. Following satellite separation, the IUS performs a post-separation maneuver to prevent the IUS from colliding with the satellite and from passing within the line-of-sight between the satellite and the earth in subsequent orbits. The IUS is then deactivated.

Approximately 11 hr after the IUS completes its mission, the Orbiter reaches its nominal deorbit opportunity. The nominal opportunity is selected to be the first deorbit opportunity to KSC (following IUS deployment and after a crew rest period) having a crossrange requirement of 500 n.mi. or less. This opportunity occurs at 20 hr 15 min GET. The desired entry interface conditions were obtained from Reference 7 and are shown in Table 3-2.

The deorbit burn is nominally performed using two OMS engines; however, the maneuver must be designed to allow the burn to be successfully performed with only one OMS engine. The nominal deorbit maneuver is a 297 ft/sec retrograde OMS burn. The burn lasts 2 min 11 sec and entry interface (400- Kft altitude) is reached 22 min 44 sec after burn termination. An out-of-plane ΔV component may be added to the burn to reduce excess OMS propellant.

3.2 MISSION DESIGN ALTERNATIVES/TRADEOFF ANALYSES

Two tradeoff analyses were performed during the mission analysis.

- 1. IUS Trajectory Selection
- 2. Deployment Operations Timeline

3.2.1 IUS Mission Design Tradeoff Analysis

The first tradeoff analysis performed in developing the mission design was concerned with the time of the first IUS burn. If the IUS were sized for the DSP mission, the first burn would occur at a node, and the second burn would occur 180 deg away. The plane changes associated with the burns would be 2.1 deg and 24.3 deg, respectively. For such a Hohmann transfer, the following impulsive Δ V's are needed:

$$\Delta V_4 = 8032 \text{ ft/sec}$$
 and $\Delta V_2 = 5663 \text{ ft/sec}$

and the right ascension of the ascending nodes of the Orbiter parking orbit and IUS target orbit must coincide. The two-stage IUS with the characteristics shown in Appendix A would develop such ΔV 's for a satellite weighing about 5300 lb. For the much lighter DSP, the IUS will impart the following ΔV 's:

$$\Delta V_1 = 9079 \text{ ft/sec}$$
 and $\Delta V_2 = 7952 \text{ ft/sec}$

To accommodate this excess performance, a non-optimal transfer is employed which opens up the departure point into a wide window and allows transfer from parking orbits with any value of the right ascension of the ascending node. For calculating these non-optimum transfers, conic trajectories and impulsive burns were used. The results for DSP are shown in Figures 3-3 through 3-14 for the chosen launch time which yields a 151.81- deg parking orbit right ascension of the ascending node.

Figure 3-3 shows the departure window for Mission A with the described IUS. The figure identifies the geometry of all possible transfer trajectories and forms the basis for all subsequent figures. The abscissa of Figure 3-3 is the time of the first IUS burn on the parking orbit measured from the fourth ascending node of the parking orbit. Negative times indicate positions before reaching the node. The ordinate is the angular position of the second IUS burn measured from the point where the parking orbit ascends through the target orbit plane (lower node). Less than 180 deg indicates that insertion is done before reaching the upper node (where the parking orbit descends through the target orbit plane). These nodes

^{*}The IUS SRM's cannot thrust terminate before propellant depletion.

are illustrated in Figure 3-15. The Hohmann transfer would transfer the satellite from the lower node to the upper node. A gap around the lower node indicates that near-Hohmann transfers are not possible. The figure shows a discontinuous departure window of several minutes length instead of the single point characteristic of a Hohmann transfer. Two transfer trajectories are available at every point in the departure window except the extremities.

Figure 3-4 presents the longitudes at final orbit insertion resulting from transfers initiated in the vicinity of the fourth ascending node. The abscissa of this and all subsequent figures is the time of the first IUS burn in minutes, measured from the equatorial crossing (i.e., fourth ascending node), just as it was on Figure 3-3. The "+" markers identify those trajectories which have their injection point beyond the upper node (compare with Figure 3-3) and provide the means for obtaining consistent data sets from the subsequent plots which show multiple solutions at each time point.

Figures 3-5 through 3-14 show the main characteristics of the possible transfer orbits as a function of the time of the first IUS burn relative to the fourth ascending node. Figure 3-5 presents the inclinations of the possible transfer orbits. Figure 3-6 presents the difference between the right ascension of the ascending node of the transfer orbit and that of the parking orbit. (The right ascension of the ascending node of the parking orbit depends on the launch time and azimuth.)

Figure 3-7 shows the central angles between the first and second IUS burns which start with well over 180- deg values but decrease rapidly in the departure window.

Figure 3-8 presents the transfer times which are about three times higher when departure is made before reaching the target orbit plane.

Figure 3-9 shows the perigee altitudes of the transfer orbits. The solid part of the curves depicts those trajectories on which the IUS passes through perigee during the transfer coast. The dotted line depicts those trajectories which start beyond their perigees.

second burn would occur 180 deg away. The plane changes associated with the burns would be 2.1 deg and 24.3 deg, respectively. For such a Hohmann transfer, the following impulsive Δ V's are needed:

$$\Delta V_1 = 8032 \text{ ft/sec}$$
 and $\Delta V_2 = 5663 \text{ ft/sec}$

and the right ascension of the ascending nodes of the Orbiter parking orbit and IUS target orbit must coincide. The two-stage IUS with the characteristics shown in Appendix A would develop such ΔV 's for a satellite weighing about 5300 lb. For the much lighter DSP, the IUS will impart the following ΔV 's:

$$\Delta V_1 = 9079 \text{ ft/sec}$$
 and $\Delta V_2 = 7952 \text{ ft/sec}$

To accommodate this excess performance, a non-optimal transfer is employed which opens up the departure point into a wide window and allows transfer from parking orbits with any value of the right ascension of the ascending node. For calculating these non-optimum transfers, conic trajectories and impulsive burns were used. The results for DSP are shown in Figures 3-3 through 3-14 for the chosen launch time which yields a 151.81- deg parking orbit right ascension of the ascending node.

Figure 3-3 shows the departure window for Mission A with the described IUS. The figure identifies the geometry of all possible transfer trajectories and forms the basis for all subsequent figures. The abscissa of Figure 3-3 is the time of the first IUS burn on the parking orbit measured from the fourth ascending node of the parking orbit. Negative times indicate positions before reaching the node. The ordinate is the angular position of the second IUS burn measured from the point where the parking orbit ascends through the target orbit plane (lower node). Less than 180 deg indicates that insertion is done before reaching the upper node (where the parking orbit descends through the target orbit plane). These nodes

^{*}The IUS SRM's cannot thrust terminate before propellant depletion.

Figure 3-10 shows the apogee altitudes of the transfer orbits. In the earlier portion of the departure window, the solid curves represent trajectories on which the IUS passes through apogee prior to the second burn. These apogees are 3200 to 5900 n.mi. higher than the desired final orbital altitude and explain the higher transfer times in the earlier portion of the window of Figure 3-7. In the later portion of the window, the apogees are not travelled through, and the transfer times are much lower.

Figure 3-11 presents the pitch angle for the first impulsive burn. A comparison of Figures 3-11 and 3-9 shows that the pitch angle must be negative for transfer trajectories which contain perigee.

Figure 3-12 shows the yaw angle for the first impulsive burn. Yaw is measured in the usual local horizontal system, positive clockwise. A comparison of Figure 3-12 and 3-5 indicates that positive yaw angles reduce the inclination of the transfer orbit below the inclination of the parking orbit (28.5 deg) for the ascending node case illustrated. The opposite is true for descending nodes.

Figure 3-13 shows the pitch angle for the second burn. Pitch is positive in the earlier portion of the departure window in correspondence with Figure 3-10 which shows that insertion occurs after passing through apogee. In the later portion of the window, the opposite occurs.

Figure 3-14 presents the yaw angle for the second burn. Yaw is always negative for the illustrated case in which transfer originates in the vicinity of an ascending node. The opposite is true for a descending node transfer.

The selection of a transfer trajectory from the departure window can be based on many considerations; in the case of the DSP, it was based on a requirement to insert the satellite into its final orbit at a given longitude (137 deg W). To achieve insertion at 137 deg W, two transfer trajectories are available (Table 3-3). There are no clear advantages;

however, if the first case is chosen as a nominal mode, then the second case can serve as a backup mode because the burn starts later for the second case. In the absence of an error analysis, the first trajectory has been chosen for Mission A. The tolerance on the right ascension (90°) and the tolerance on the DSP longitude $(\pm 6^{\circ})$ opens up the departure window to 9 minutes if departure is made in the vicinity of the fourth ascending node.

After the selection of the transfer burn time, a precision solution accounting for gravitational perturbations and finite burns was generated. Table 3-4 shows the parameters of the transfer trajectory resulting from the precision simulation.

Tables 3-3 and 3-4 show that the conic approximation has yielded very good initial values. Neither the transfer time nor location has to be significantly changed in order to account for the finite burn time and gravity perturbations. The orbital parameters agree reasonably well.

Two supplementary analyses have been performed. The first determined the duration of the departure window given that the target right ascension of the ascending node is free to vary in the range of 250 deg to 340 deg. The second analysis determined the accessible satellite deployment longitudes as a function of the node near which the transfer burn is performed.

Figure 3-18 illustrates the departure window for short duration transfers in the vicinity of the fourth ascending node. Solutions to target orbits having right ascensions of the node of 250, 280, 310 and 340 deg are shown. For a desired satellite deployment longitude of 137 deg, it is apparent that as the figure moves from the Ω = 250 deg position to the Ω = 340 deg position, all possible solutions will lie in a continuous time span of 4.1 minutes. This is labelled Δt_1 in Figure 3-18. If the \pm 6 deg tolerance on satellite deployment longitude is considered, then a continuous time span of 9 minutes, labelled Δt_2 , is available in which there is always a solution.

Figure 3-19 shows the analogous situation for long duration transfers. The departure window is illustrated in a general fashion with the desired deployment longitude bisecting the figure when Ω equals 340 deg. As Ω changes from 340 to 250 deg, two departure intervals are generated. These are labelled Δt_1 and Δt_2 and are 2.45 min and 2.20 min in duration, respectively. If the ± 6 degree tolerance on deployment longitude is considered, then solutions are found in a continuous time span of 9.4 min which is labelled Δt_3 in the figure.

This analysis shows that the freedom allowed in selecting both the deployment longitude and the right ascension of the ascending node for the DSP mission permits the first IUS burn to the performed anywhere within a particular time span rather than at a few discrete points.

To investigate the feasible longitude coverage by IUS, departure windows were also generated for the 4-th descending and the 5-th descending nodes. Only the insertion longitudes changed † (Figures 3-4, 3-16 and 3-17.) Next, the longitude zones of Figures 3-4, 3-16 and 3-17 were extrapolated to include all possible burn opportunities during the first two days of the mission. In performing this extrapolation, it was assumed that safety considerations required the Orbiter crew to be awake during the first IUS burn. The extrapolation includes the maximum allowable crew sleep cycle shift of 1 hr/day as recommended by NASA.

Figure 3-20 shows that, if only short duration transfers ($\sim 3.5 \text{ hr}$) are used, all longitudes are accessible within 4.5 deg by the 19th descending node burn opportunity (27.5 hr GET). If long transfers (9 to 11 hr) are used, all longitudes are accessible by the 19th descending node (27.5 hr GET). Long transfers can be expected, however, to result in larger dispersions in satellite deployment orbit parameters.

[†] Effect of the nodal regression was too small to show on the other graphs.

A significant result of this analysis is that, if both long and short transfers are acceptable to a payload, all longitudes are accessible within ±6.5 deg by the 7th descending node which occurs only 9.5 hr after liftoff. This compares favorably with the stated DSP requirement of ±6 deg.

These results are peculiar to the DSP mission, because they are dependent on satellite weight. In general, lighter satellites are capable of reaching wider regions of longitude from each node and heavier payloads have a lesser longitude placement capability.

3.2.2 Crew Activities Timeline Tradeoff Analysis

The second tradeoff analysis was performed for the purpose of determining the best solution to the conflicting operational constraints imposed on the Crew Activities Timeline during the time period between Orbiter payload bay doors opening and enabling IUS attitude control (following IUS/DSP release from the Orbiter). The following constraints were considered.

- 1. It is highly desirable to activate, verify operation, deploy, and release the IUS/DSP as early as possible in the flight, consistent with longitude placement requirements, because of DSP thermal control considerations. (References 2, 3, and 5).
- 2. Deployment of the IUS/DSP must be accomplished in darkness in order for the crew to visually perform the task in a safe manner. In sunlight, the highly reflective exterior of the DSP would interfere with the visibility of the crew. DSP thermal control constraints also must be considered (see Item 6).
- 3. The time between the release of the IUS from the payload bay mounting cradle and the Orbiter separation burn must be minimized because during this time period the Orbiter attitude control is inhibited and the Orbiter and IUS are free to rotate as an assembly or independently (following IUS/DSP release).

- 4. The IUS transmitter must be turned on by an RTS command and the operation of the transmitter must be verified by an RTS while the IUS/DSP is outside of the payload bay with the RMS attached (Reference 4).
- 5. The maximum delta velocity for the Orbiter separation is 4 ft/sec to minimize the contamination hazard to the DSP satellite.
- 6. After the IUS/DSP is released from the RMS, the IUS attitude control system must be enabled within 20 min after entering sunlight in order to provide thermal attitude maneuvers for the DSP (Reference 5).
- 7. The IUS attitude control cannot be enabled until a safe separation distance (200 ft, assumed) is achieved between the Orbiter and IUS/DSP. The IUS SRM can not be armed until the Orbiter and IUS/DSP achieve a safe separation distance (10 n.mi. assumed).
- 8. The RTS ground station availability is trajectory fixed by the 28.5-deg orbital inclination and the 150-n.mi. altitude.
- 9. The daylight/darkness periods for the flight are fixed by the launch time.
- 10. Times required for various payload deployment crew activities and Orbiter operations are fixed by NASA-JSC (Reference 9).
- 11. The time of the IUS transfer burn is determined by the required satellite deployment longitude.

There are requirements to command the IUS transmitter on after the IUS/DSP is extended on the RMS, to enable the IUS RCS within 20 min after release and after the Orbiter separates a safe distance (200 ft) from the IUS, and to perform these two tasks by means of commands from remote tracking stations. Analysis of the ground track revealed that only the GTS and HTS stations passes between 02:41:00 and 03:00:00 GET would satisfy these conditions and would also allow the IUS transfer to occur near the fourth ascending node at 05:45:06 GET. This is the solution that is reflected in the nominal timeline.

The requirement to accomplish the RMS to IUS attachment and IUS/DSP deployment in darkness dictated that these crew activities be scheduled during an orbital night pass. This requirement was met by (1) minimizing the crew activities that must occur sequentially between the start of the RMS to IUS attachment and the IUS/DSP release event and by (2) scheduling the time of Orbiter launch to provide a night pass which starts at 02:16:00 GET.

The possibility of performing the RMS attachment to IUS and payload deployment sequence on either the first or second pass over GTS was investigated. It was determined that the launch time could be delayed up to 45 min and still achieve proper daylight/darkness conditions to schedule IUS release on the first or second pass over GTS. This 45- min launch window allows the IUS transfer burn to be performed at the fourth and fifth ascending node.

The timeline solutions to constraints 2, 4, and 6 satisfy all the identified deployment constraints.

Other timeline and launch time solutions to the described problem were investigated, but this was the only solution found which satisfied the previously described eleven constraints.

Orbiter and IUS/DSP design changes which would eliminate the launch window constraint and provide additional mission contingency capabilities were investigated. By providing an RF link between the Orbiter and the IUS, the IUS enable commands could be accomplished without having to pass over an RTS within 20 min after the IUS/DSP release. This capability would allow constraint 6 to be satisfied independent of the RTS coverage.

Table 3-1. DSP Deployment Orbit Requirements

Satellite Deployment Orbit Parameters	Requirement
Apogee altitude, n.mi.	19323
Perigee altitude, n.mi.	19323
Inclination, deg	2.1
Right ascension of ascending nod, deg	292
Longitude, * deg	137W

^{*} Does not necessarily represent an operational location.

Table 3-2. Nominal Entry Conditions

Parameter	Target Value
Altitude, ft	400,000
Inertial Velocity, ft/sec	25,760
Inertial Flight Path Angle, deg	-1.34
Downrange Distance to Landing Site, n.mi.	3,710
Crossrange Distance to Landing Site, n.mi.	≤ 500

Table 3-3. Conic Parameters of the Transfer Orbits

Parameters	1st Case	2nd Case
Time of first burn from Equator crossing, min	5.087	5.837
Argument of latitude at insertion, deg	31.47	35.68
Insertion longitude, deg	137.23W	137.25W
Inclination, deg	23.02	23.786
Difference of the right ascension of the nodes, deg	-5.30	-5.17
Central angle, deg	152.079	149.290
Transfer time, hr	3.3309	3.3340
Perigee altitude, n.mi.	141.6	130.7
Apogee altitude, n.mi.	25076.5	24917.2
First burn pitch angle, deg	9.715	14.808
First burn yaw angle, deg	23.141	20.647
Second burn pitch angle, deg	-44.204	-43.59 1
Second burn yaw angle, deg	-47.892	-19.058

Table 3-4. Precision Parameters of the Transfer Orbit

Parameters	Begining of Burn		End of Burn
Time from Equator Crossing, min	3.58		6.03
Argument of latitude at insertion, deg			31.60
Insertion longitude, deg	137.12W		137.24W
Inclination of transfer orbit, deg		22.98	
Difference of the right ascension of the nodes, deg		-5.255	
Transfer time, hr		3.2973 + 0.0693*	
Perigee altitude, n.mi.		143.6	
Apogee altitude, n.mi.		25220	
First burn pitch angle, deg	4.035		14.454
First burn yaw angle, deg	22.99		17.53
Second burn pitch angle, deg	-44.34		-44.09
Second burn yaw angle, deg	-47.93		-23.03

^{*} Burn times.

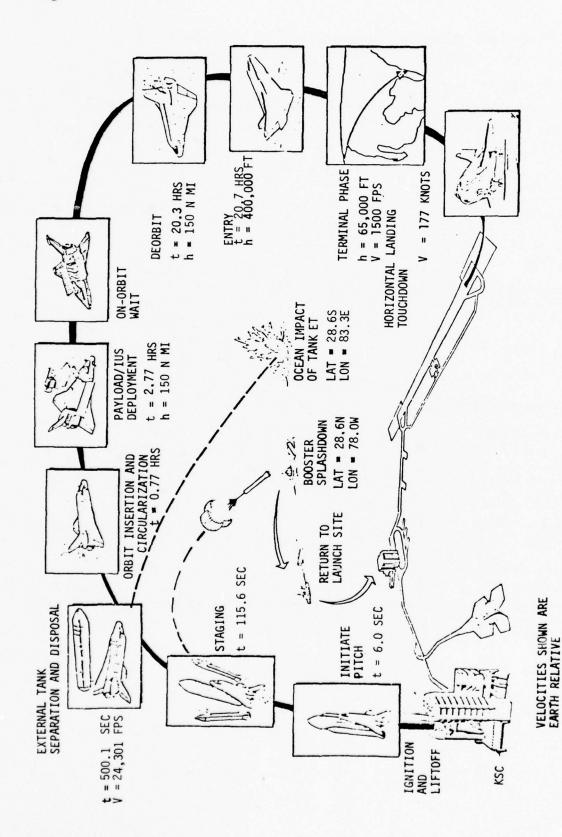
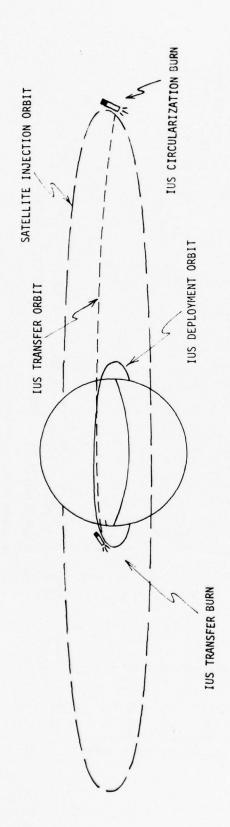


Figure 3-1. Nominal Orbiter Events



EVENT (GET)	ΔV (FT/SEC)	INITIAL PERIGEE/ INITIAL APOGEE (NMI) (DEG)	INITIAL INCLINATION (DEG)	FINAL PERIGEE/ APOGEE (NMI) (DEG) (DEG)	FINAL IMCLINATION (DEG)
IUS TRANSFER BURN (5:45:06)	6206	150/150	28.5	143.6/25220	23.0
IUS CIRC BURN (9:05:24)	7952	143.6/25220	23.0	19323/19323	2.1

Figure 3-2. Nominal IUS Profile

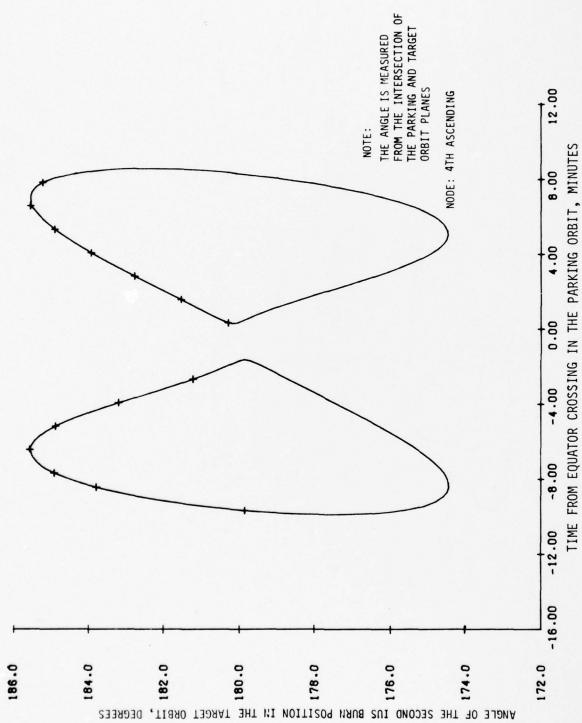
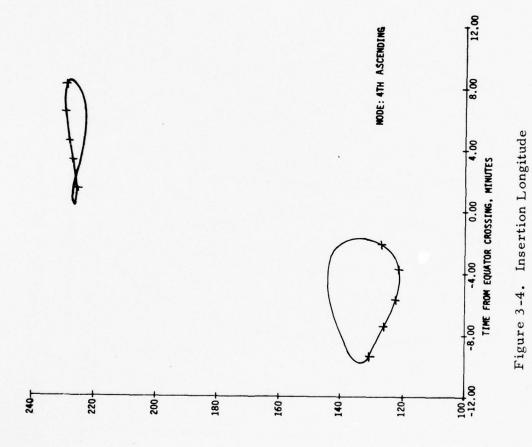
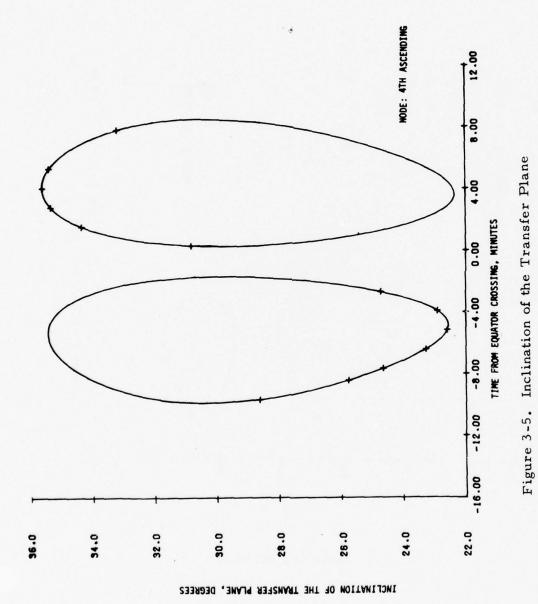
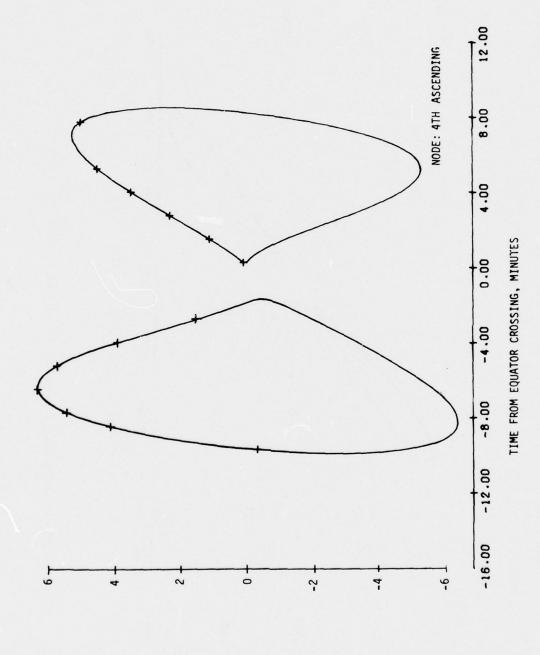


Figure 3-3. IUS Departure Window



INSERTION LONGITUDE, DEGREES





DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE NODES OF THE TRANSFER ORBIT AND THE PARKING ORBIT, DEGREES

Figure 3-6. Difference Between the Nodes of the Transfer Orbit and the Parking Orbit

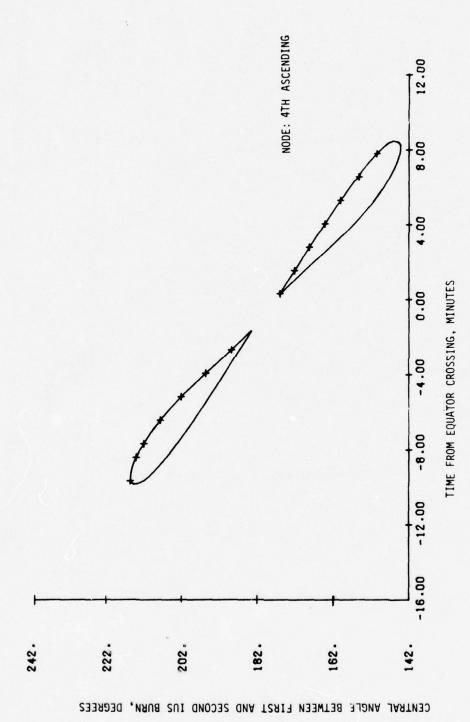


Figure 3-7. Central Angle Between First and Second IUS Burn

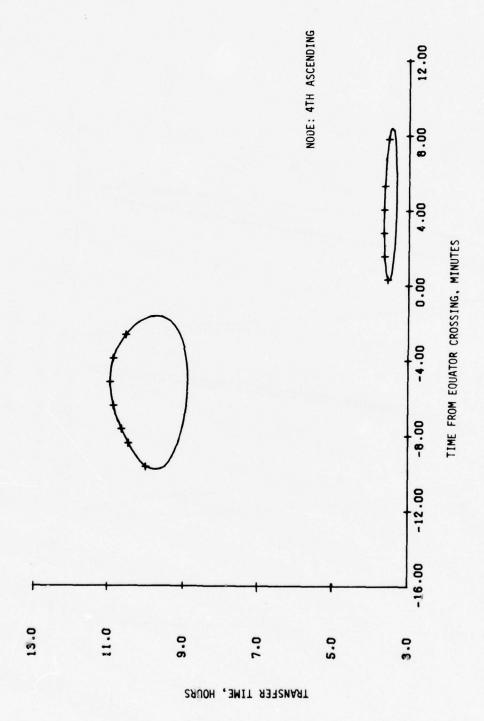


Figure 3-8. Transfer Time

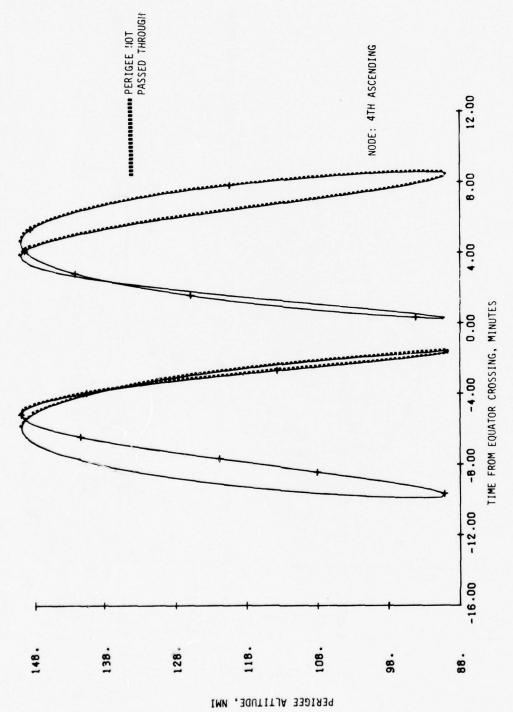
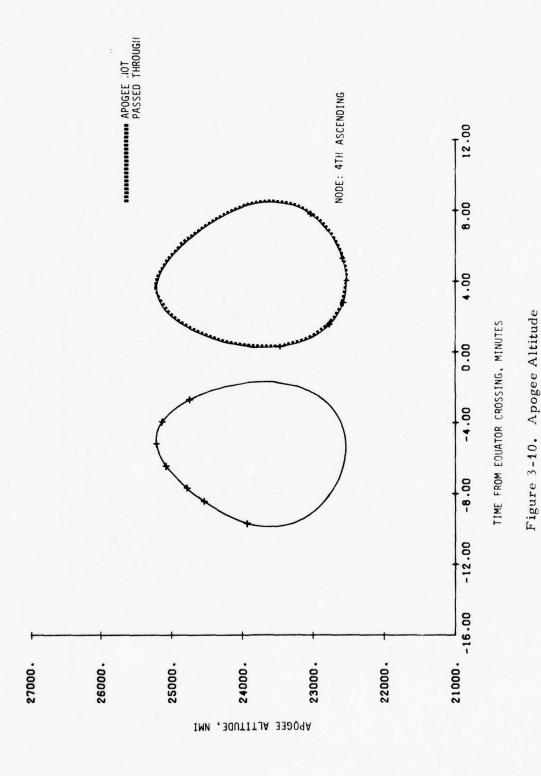


Figure 3-9. Perigee Altitude



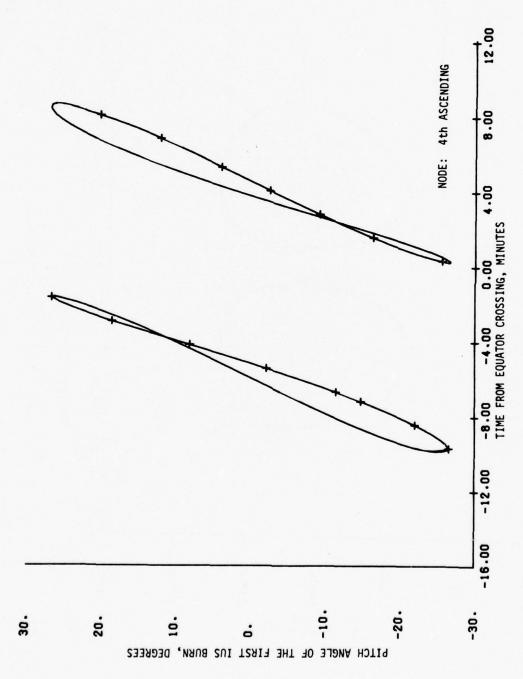
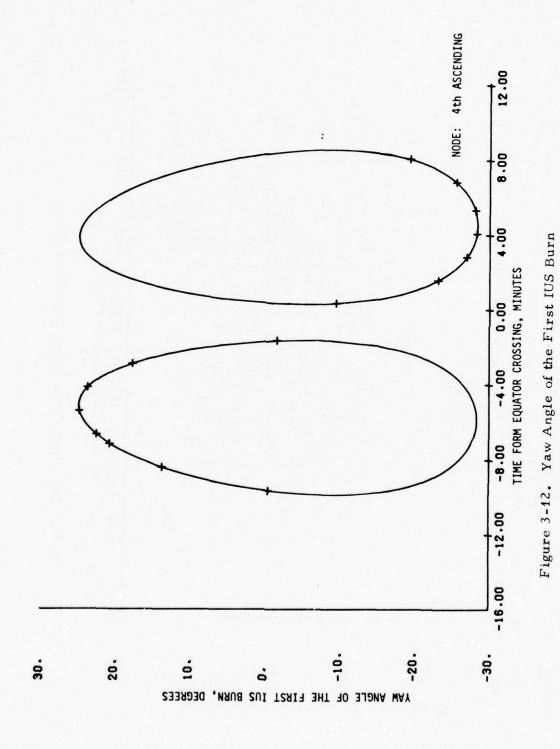


Figure 3-11. Pitch Angle of the First IUS Burn



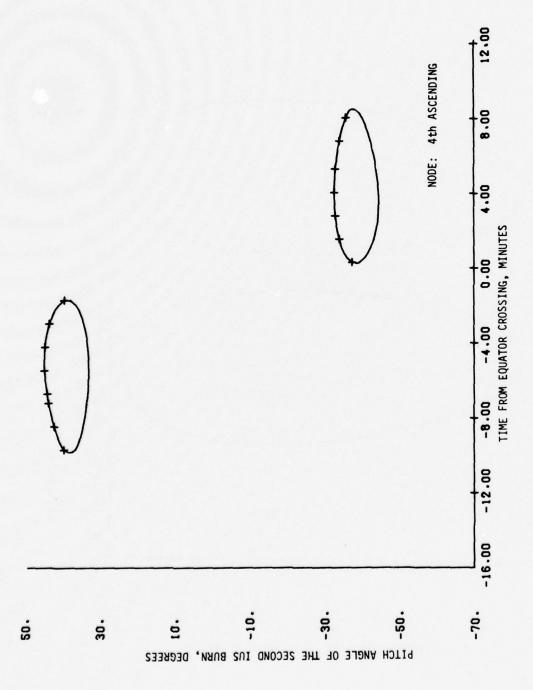


Figure 3-13. Pitch Angle of the Second IUS Burn

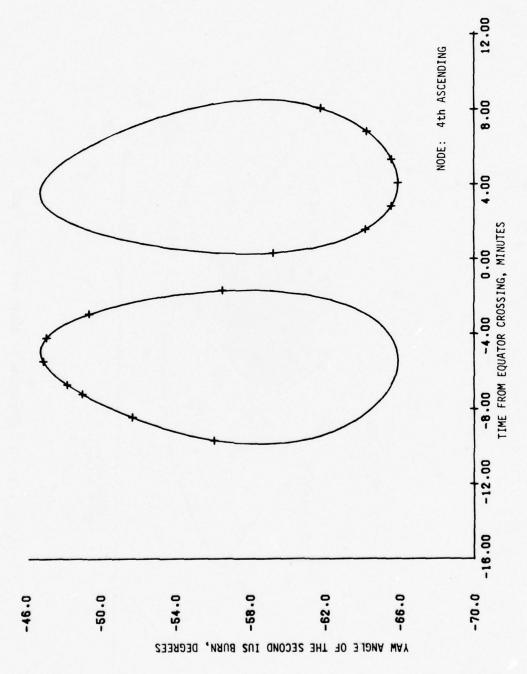


Figure 3-14. Yaw Angle of the Second IUS Burn

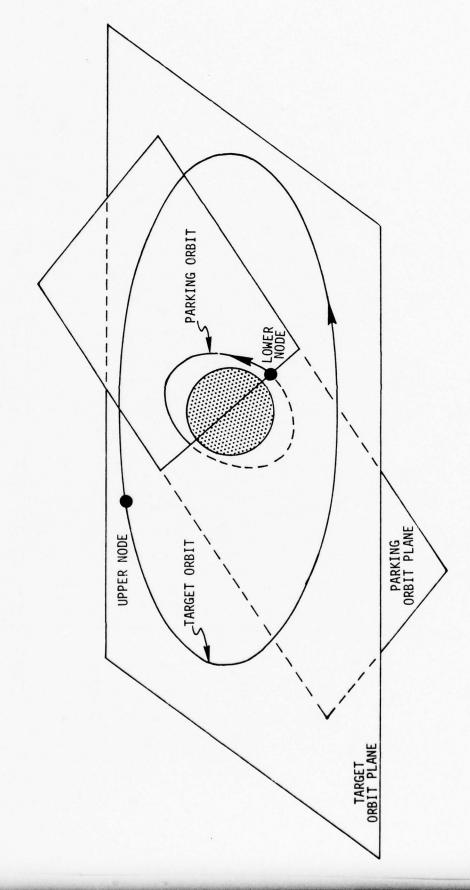
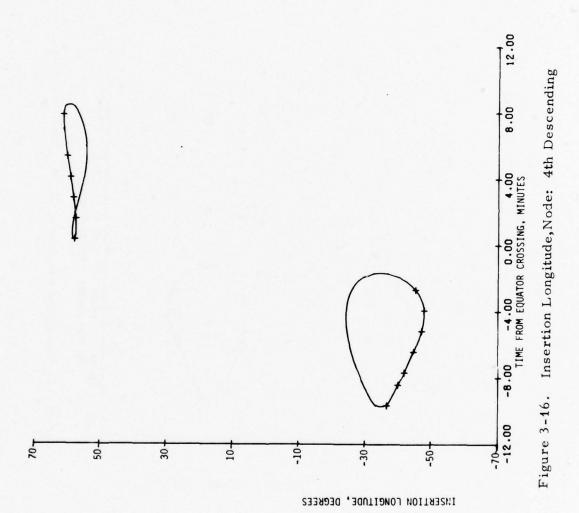


Figure 3-15. Illustration Of Upper and Lower Node



113

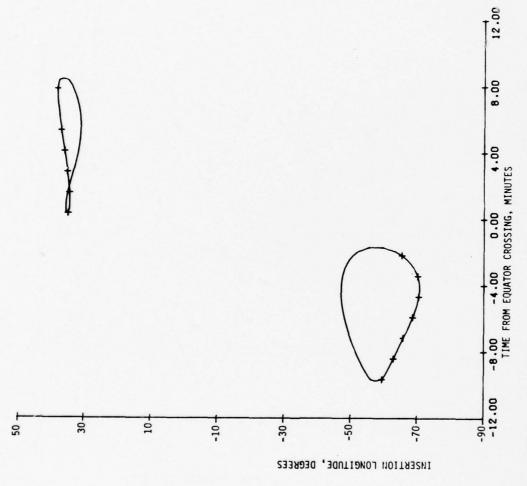


Figure 3-17. Insertion Longitude, Node: 5th Descending

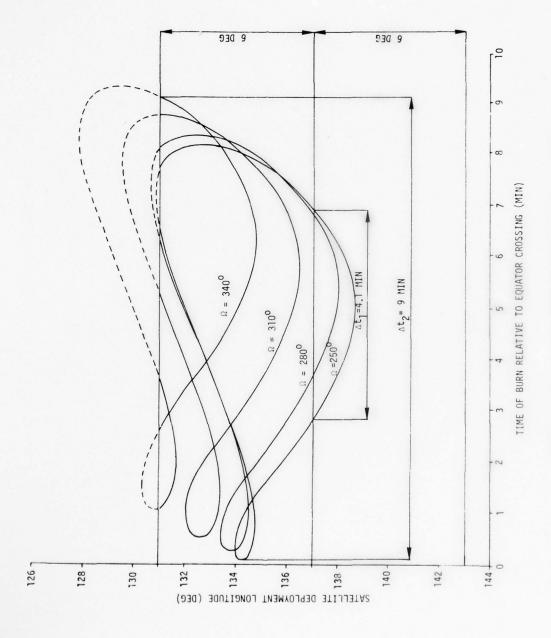


FIGURE 3-18. SHORT TRANSFER DEPARTURE WINDOWS

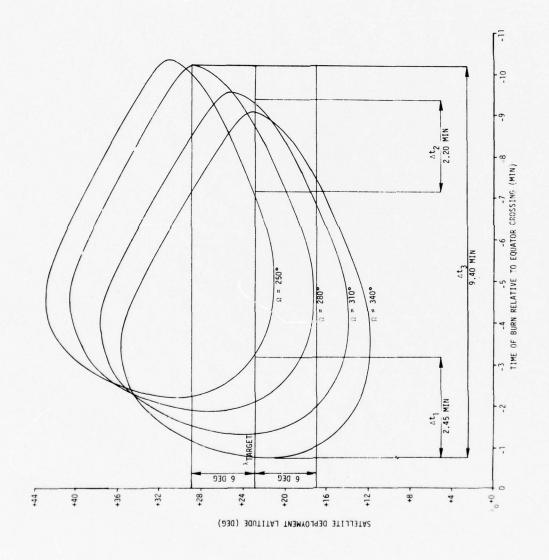


FIGURE 3-19. LONG TRANSFER DEPARTURE WINDOWS

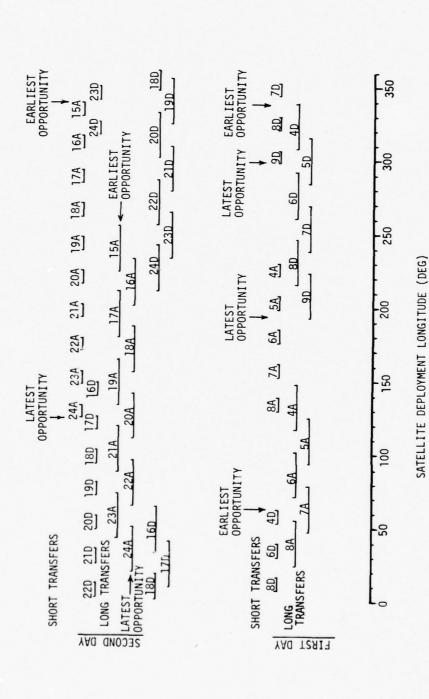


FIGURE 3-20. ACCESSIBLE LONGITUDES DURING FIRST TWO DAYS OF MISSION

4D Longitudes Acessible From 4th Descending Node

Legend: 4A Longitudes Acessible From 4th Ascending Node

4. OPERATIONS TIMELINES AND MISSION SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

This section presents the mission event summary and crew activity plans.

4.1 EVENT SUMMARY, OPERATIONS DESIGN MISSION A

This mission is summarized in Table 4-1. Data presented include start time and duration of each event (Δt). The velocity increment (ΔV) and resultant orbit is included for all thrust-related events.

The time durations allocated for the crew activity shown in Table 4-1 were obtained from NASA/JSC.

4.2 CREW ACTIVITY PLANS

An important part of mission design is the analysis of crew activities during the mission. This section presents the timelines for crew activities at three levels of detail.

- 1. Overview, (awake/rest periods, Figure 4-1)
- 2. Summary Timeline (major activities Figure 4-2)
- 3. Detailed Timeline (payload deployment, Figure 4-3)

One timeline format has been used in this report. The scale has been expanded or contracted as required for summary and detailed timelines.

Figure 4-1 shows an overview of Operations Design Mission A. The plan starts 10 hr before liftoff and defines the eat/rest/work cycles for the crew. The crew rest period ends 4 hr before liftoff, and the crew is awake for 16 hr. The launch and payload deployment operations require approximately 2.5 hr on the first day of the mission.

^{*}An explanation of the crew activity plan format is presented in Appendix C.

Figure 4-2 presents a complete summary of Operations Design Mission A. All Orbiter and IUS engine burns are shown for the complete mission; TDRS and RTS station coverage and day/night periods are also shown.

Figure 4-3 presents a detailed Crew Activity and IUS Timeline. The following are significant payload-related features of this timeline.

- After the payload bay doors are opened, 11 min of RTS coverage are available for monitoring payload telemetry before the Orbiter IMU alignment is initiated.
- RMS activation, RMS checkout, and IUS IMU alignment (rate matching) are accomplished before attaching the RMS to the IUS.
- The attachment of the RMS to the IUS and the movement of the IUS out the payload bay are scheduled to occur during darkness.
- The IUS transmitter is turned on by the GTS and verified just prior to release of the IUS/DSP.
- The Orbiter separation burn is performed 3 min after IUS/DSP release and the IUS RCS is enabled 7 min later by the HTS.
- An Orbiter circularization burn is performed a half revolution after the separation burn.
- The IUS SRM is armed over GTS at 04:13:00 GET.
- The crew maintains visual contact with the IUS/DSP after release and until the IUS transfer burn is completed.

Table 4-2 provides explanations of selected activities.

Table 4-1. Event Summary

	Start	At of Fourt		Resultar	nt Orbit
Major Events	Hr:Min:Sec G.E.T	Δt of Event/ Crew Activity Min: Sec	ΔV FPS	True Perigee n.mi.	True Apogee n.mi.
Ascent (Lift-Off: 14:50:02 GMT)					
Main Eng. Ign.	-00:00:09				
SRB Ign. Lift-Off	00:00:00				
Begin Pitchover	00:00:06				
Begin Gravity Turn	00:00:16				
SRB Shutdown	00:01:56				
Begin Constant Thrust Guidance	00:01:58				
ME Throttle-Down to 100%	00:03:55				
Begin Constant 3-G Acc. Guid.	00:07:20				
MECO(28.5° Inclination)	00:08:09			14	80
ET Separation	00:08:20				
Begin - Z Translation Burn (RCS)	00:08:20	00:05	4		
Start Insertion Burn-OMS	00:08:45	01:55	208	55	150
End Orbit Insertion Burn (OMS-1)	00:10:40				
Circularization Burn (OMS-2)	00:44:27	01:35	174	150	150
On Orbit					
Config. GPC for On-Orbit	00:50:00				
Establish Orbital Rate-Heads Down	00:53:00				
Open P/L Bay Doors	01:00:00	04:00			
Maneuver to Acquire HTS with P/L Antenna	01:05:00				
DOD-MCC Monitor P/L Telemetry via HTS	01:17:00	07:00			
Maneuver to Acquire VTS with P/L Antenna	01:24:00				
DOD-MCC Monitor P/L Telemetry via VTS	01:27:00	04:00			
Orbiter IMU Align	01:31:00	15:00		7217000	
Establish Orbital Rate- Heads Down	01:46:00				
RMS ACT & Checkout	01:46:00	15:00			
IUS IMU Alignment (Rate Matching)	02:01:00	15:00			
DOD MCC Gives GO-NO-GO for Payload Deploy	02:13:00				
Houston-MCC gives GO-NO-GO for Payload Deploy	02:13:15				
Establish Orbital Rate- Heads Down	02:16:00				

Table 4-1. Event Summary (Concluded)

				Resulta	nt Orbit
Major Events	Start Hr:Min:Sec G.E.T	Δt of Event/ Crew Activity Min:Sec	ΔV FPS	True Perigee, n.mi.	True Apogee n.mi.
On Orbit (Concluded)					
Attach RMS to IUS	02:16:00	09:00			
Transfer SV to IUS	02:23:00	02:00			
Maneuver to P/L Deploy Attitude	02:25:00				
IUS to Internal Power, Final IUS C/O, Disc. IUS Elec.UMB.	02:25:00	04:00			
IUS Hold Down Release	02:29:00	04:30			
Config. Orbiter Attitude Control to Free	02:33:00				
RMS Maneuvers IUS to Deploy Position	02:33:30	09:30			
Command IUS Transmitter ON and Verify Status	02:41:00	01:00			
DOD MCC gives GO-NO-GO for IUS Release over GTS	02:42:00	00:15			
Houston MCC Relays GO-NO-GO for IUS Release	02:42:15	00:15			
Release IUS/DSP	02:43:00	00:02			
Position RMS for Sep. Burn	02:43:02	03:00			
Orbiter Sep. Burn (RCS)	02:45:57	00:08	4	150	151
RMS Stow	02:48:00	10:00			
Maneuver to Observe IUS IUS RCS ENABLE OVER HTS	02:48:00 02:53:00				
Maneuver to Circ. Burn Attitude	03:25:00				
Orbiter Circ. Burn	03:31:06	00:08	4	151	151
Maneuver to Observe IUS	03:22:00				
Start Crew Eat Period	03:35:00	60:00			
IUS-SRM ENABLE OVER GTS	04:14:00		1		
IUS Transfer Burn (4th ASCENDING NODE)	05:45:06	02:27	9079	143.6	25331
IUS Circ. Burn	09:05:24	01:42	7952	19323	19323
Orbiter IMU Align	11:17:00	15:00			
Start Crew Rest Period	12:00:00	(6 hrs)			
Crew Eat Period	18:00:00	60:00			
Orbiter IMU Align	19:50:00	15:00			
eturn to Earth					
Deorbit Burn OMS (256 N.MI. CROSS RANGE)	25:01:34	02:11	297		
Entry Interface	25:26:29				
Landing at KSC (11:47:23 EST)	25:56:34				

Table 4-2. Explanation of Selected Payload Related Activities

GET	Activity
00:50:00	ESTABLISH ORB RATE - HEADS DOWN
	This orbital rate maneuver is performed to keep the payload bay normally pointed toward the ground in order to keep direct sunlight from illuminating the IUS/DSP during the daylight period of the orbit. The maneuver is repeated throughout the timeline.
01:15:00	• MAN TO ACQUIRE HTS WITH P/L ANTENNA
	This maneuver is required to point the payload antenna at the HTS by 01:17:10 GET. This maneuver is repeated before each RTS pass.
01:17:00	DOD-MCC MONITOR P/L TLM
	A requirement exists to provide 3 min of DSP telemetry data over each RTS after the payload bay doors are opened. This requirement is satisfied by the timeline.
01:30:00	ORBITER IMU ALIGN
T	The Orbiter IMU is aligned at this time to prepare for the IUS IMU alignment (02:01:00 GET). This Orbiter IMU alignment at 01:30:00 may not be necessary because of prelaunch alignment accuracy but is inserted in this mission assessment timeline for planning purposes in case this does become a requirement.
02:01:00	• IUS IMU ALIGNMENT (RATE MATCHING)
	This activity is performed at this time to schedule the RMS attachment task in darkness.
02:13:00	• DOD-MCC GO-NO-GO FOR P/L DEPLOY
	This is the last opportunity for the DOD-MCC to permit the deployment of the IUS/DSP and to have the decision uplinked to the Orbiter crew via MCC-H and TDRS.
02:14:00	• MCC-H GO-NO-GO FOR P/L DEPLOY
	This is the last opportunity for the MCC-H to permit the deployment of the RMS.
02:22:03	TRANSFER SV TO IUS
	The Orbiter state vector (SV) is transferred to the IUS just prior to switching the IUS to internal power.
02:25:00	MAN TO P/L DEPLOY ATTITUDE
	This is the last opportunity before IUS hold down release to maneuver the Orbiter to the attitude required for payload deployment.
02:33:00	CONFIGURE ORB ATT TO FREE
	All Orbiter RCS's are inhibited at this point and the Orbiter will remain in the free attitude control mode until the Orbiter separation burn is performed.
02:41:00	DOD-MCC CMD IUS X-MITTER ON AND VERIFY STATUS
	This task is performed just prior to release of the IUS from the Orbiter over GTS.
02:53:00	DOD-MCC CMD IUS-RCS ENABLE
	This task is performed after the crew verifies that a safe separation distance (200 ft) has been achieved and before the DSP has been in direct sunlight for more than 14 min.
04:13:00	DOD-MCC CMD IUS ORD AND MISSION SEQUENCE ENABLE ACCEPT IUS HANDOVER
	The IUS SRM is enabled after the crew verifies a safe separation distance (10 n.mi. assumed) between the IUS and the Orbiter.
05:45:06	• IUS TRANSFER BURN
	This burn occurs after the IUS alignment has been updated and during the fourth ascending node.
09:05:24	• IUS CIRC BURN
	This burn circularizes the IUS/DSP at the required geosynchronous orbit.
09:10:45	DSP SEP FROM IUS
	The DSP separates from the IUS and the DSP POCC assumes control of the DSP.

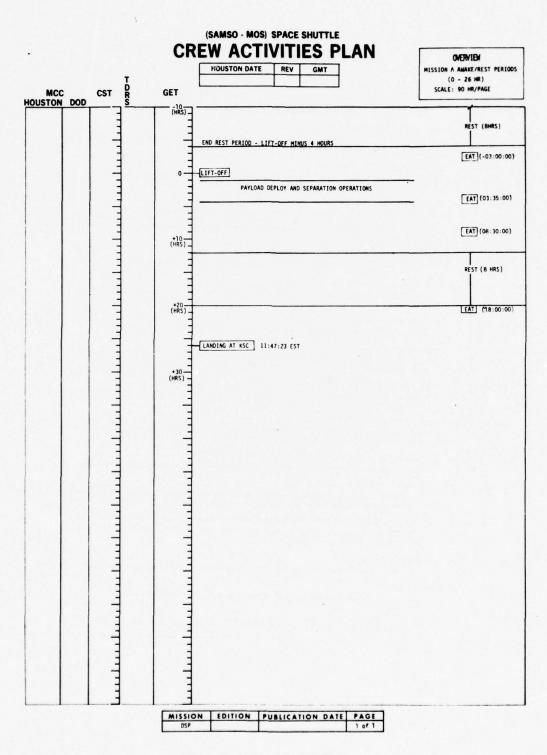


Figure 4-1. Overview

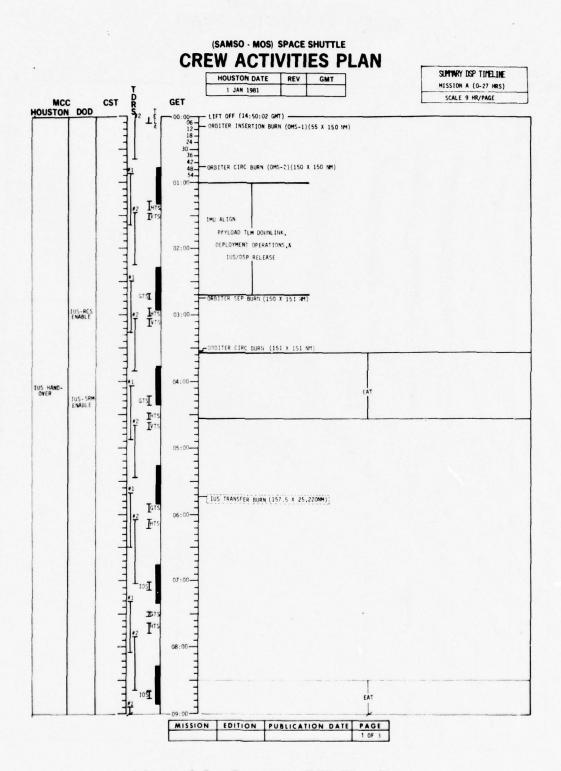


Figure 4-2. Summary DSP Timeline

(SAMSO - MOS) SPACE SHUTTLE CREW ACTIVITIES PLAN

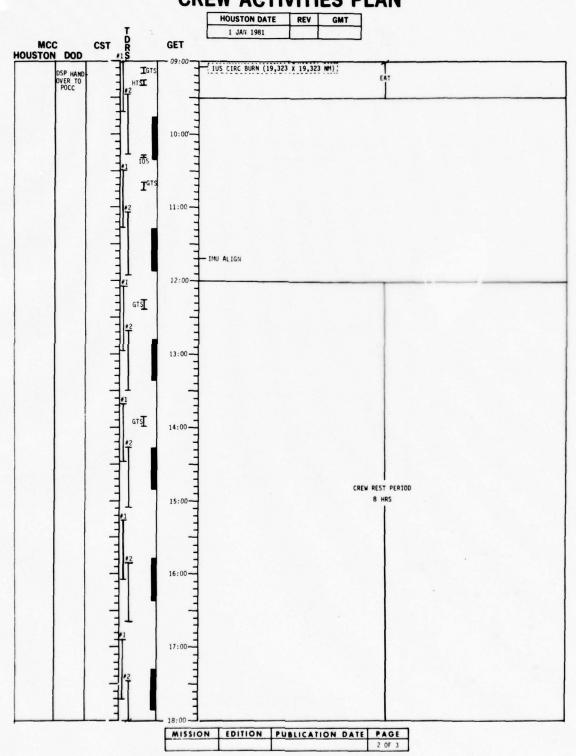


Figure 4-2. Summary DSP Timeline (Continued)

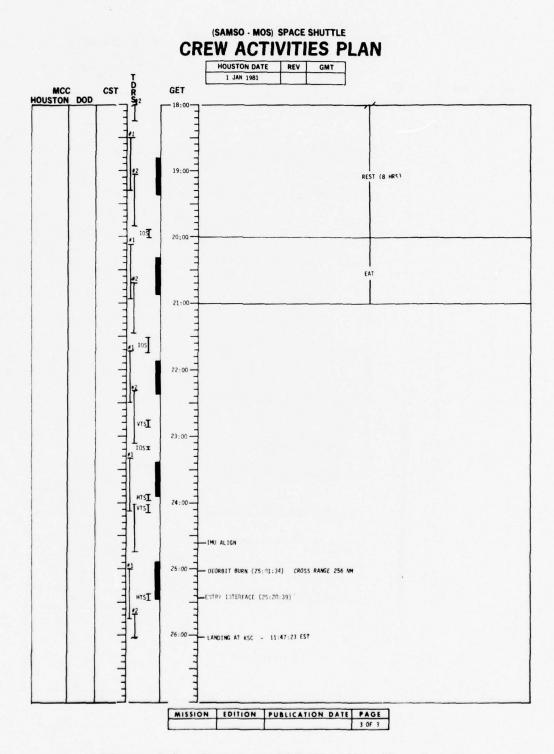


Figure 4-2. Summary DSP Timeline (Concluded)

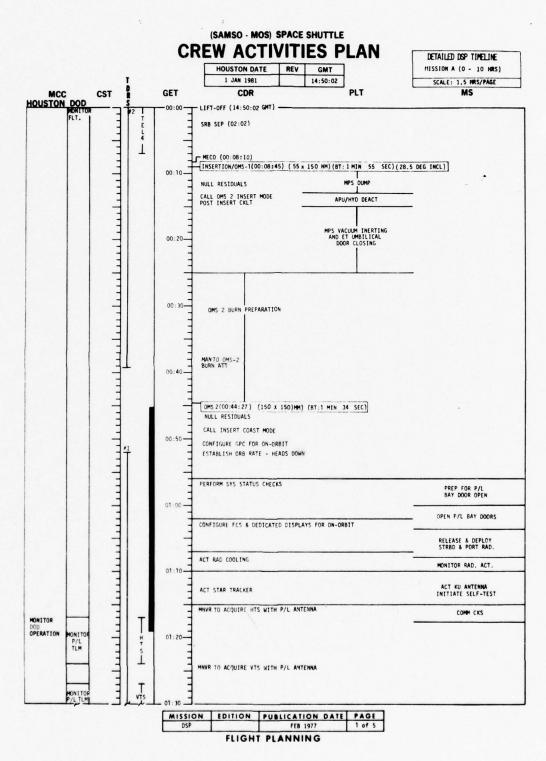


Figure 4-3. Detailed DSP Timeline

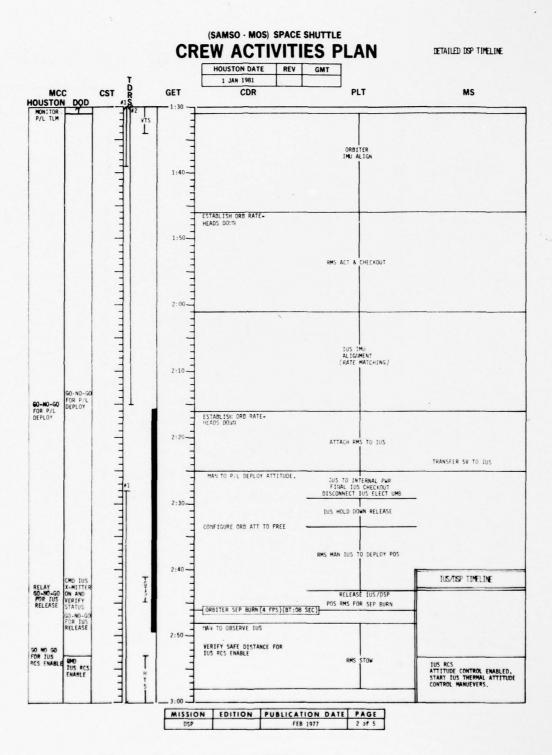


Figure 4-3. Detailed DSP Timeline (Continued)

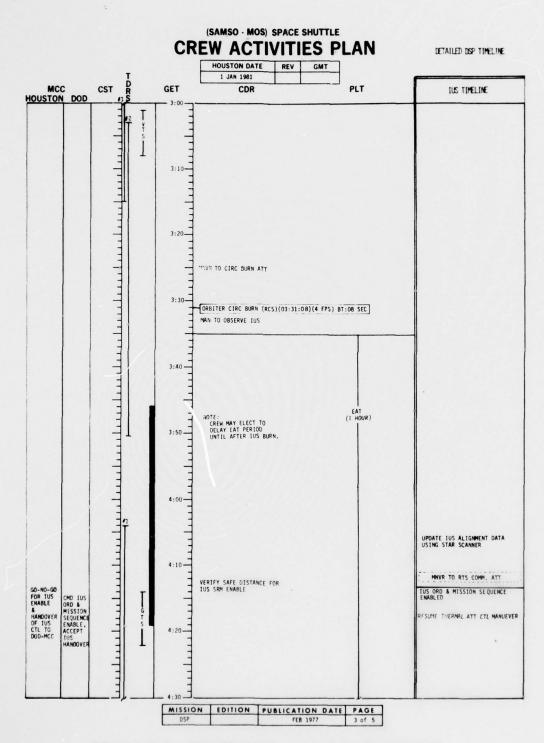


Figure 4-3. Detailed DSP Timeline (Continued)

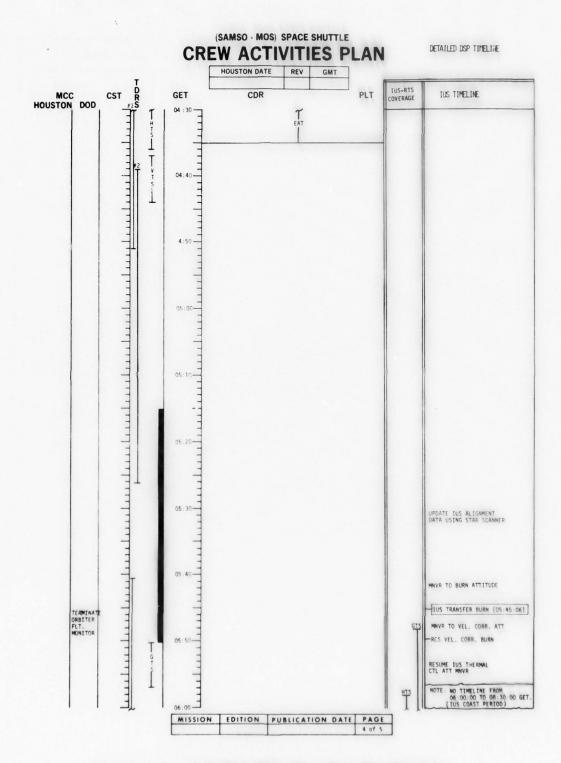


Figure 4-3. Detailed DSP Timeline (Continued)

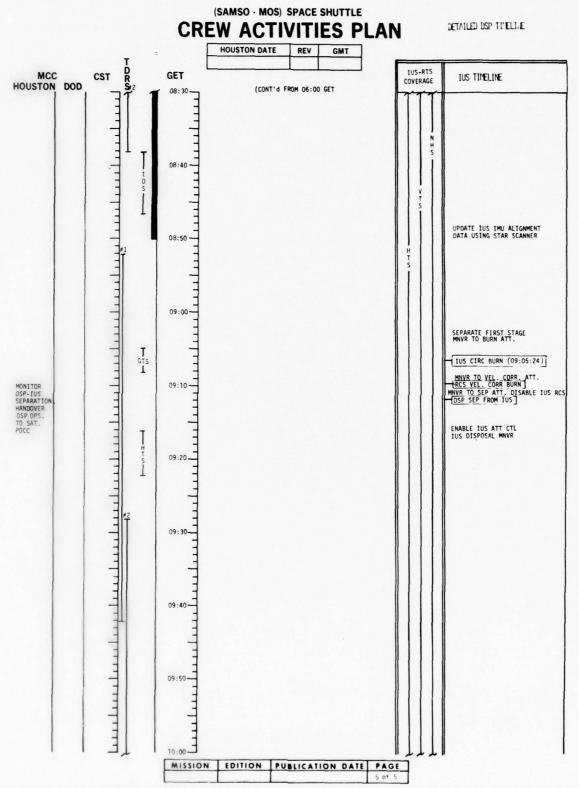


Figure 4-3. Detailed DSP Timeline (Concluded)

5. MISSION ASSESSMENT

The mission assessment activity consists of evaluating the mission design and crew activity plan to determine feasibility and adequacy.

5.1 GROUND TRACK, LIGHTING SCHEDULE AND TRACKING COVERAGE

This section describes in two parts the Orbiter and IUS trajectories as seen from the earth. The first is the projection of the orbits onto the earth map (Section 5.1.1); the second part contains tracking coverage timelines and daylight/darkness information (Section 5.1.2).

5.1.1 Ground Track Maps

The projection of the vehicle orbits onto the world map is shown in Figures 5-1 through 5-6. The coverage circles for each of the Remote Tracking Stations for an altitude of 150 n.mi. and an acquisition elevation angle of 2 deg are also shown. The ground tracks for the Orbiter and two IUS transfer burn opportunities are included. The "+" symbols on the ground track plots are spaced approximately 10 min apart.

5.1.2 Lighting and Tracking Coverage Timelines

This section presents lighting and tracking coverage parameters along a timeline (Figures 5-7 through 5-10). Each figure shows two time intervals of 2 hr 30 min. For each interval, the bottom line shows whether the vehicle is in sunlight (open) or darkness (black). Periods are also shown for remote tracking station coverage using an elevation angle of 2 deg above the horizon for the acquisition and loss of signal. In addition, the coverage from two TDRSS satellites is included with the Orbiter data. The remote tracking station facilities used in this analysis and anticipated TDRSS locations are described in Appendix A, (Section A.5).

Major events during the mission are indicated to aid in relating the schedules to the mission plan.

The data presented are for the basic mission and one alternative.

Figure	<u>Vehicle</u>	Transfer Node
5-7	Orbiter	
5-8	IUS	Fourth Ascending
5-9	IUS	Fifth Descending

5.2 ATTITUDE SCHEDULES

The Orbiter attitudes for the Mission A major events are summarized in Table 5-1. The gimbal angles for the boost phases are referenced to an inertially-fixed platform which is initially aligned such that the X-platform axis is parallel to the geodetic vertical and positive radially upward. The Z-platform axis is in the geodetic horizontal plane directed downrange along the launch azimuth.

Prior to payload deployment, the Orbiter is oriented to point the payload bay (-z axis) at the HTS and VTS for payload checkout. Table 5-1 shows the maneuver attitudes necessary for the RTS passes as the pitch, yaw, and roll Euler angles from the local horizontal (Appendix A, Figure A-3).

After payload release, the Orbiter performs two RCS -X (forward) translations to separate from the IUS and 45 min later recircularize the Orbiter orbit. Figure 5-11 shows the pitch attitudes during this coast period to continuously point the Orbiter -Z axis at the IUS. The pitch attitude for a -X translate is also shown.

Table 5-1 also shows the Orbiter attitudes during the OMS burns and at reentry interface for Mission A.

5.3 ORBITER CONSUMABLES ANALYSIS

An analysis of propulsive consumables required for Mission A has been performed yielding the results shown below.

	Allowance	RCS, 1b	OMS, 1b
•	Nominal	2233	13080
•	Dispersion and Contingency	635	1245
•	Reserves	4202	10267
•	Residuals	394	564
	Mission Total	7391	14889

Propellant reserves were determined by differencing the mission requirements and maximum internal tankage capability. The data show that sufficient RCS and OMS propellants can be carried on board to accomplish the mission. The dispersion and contingency allowances were developed from guidelines in Reference 10. Table 5-2 details the nominal OMS and RCS propellant required for each mission event. Tables 5-3 and 5-4 present a more detailed breakdown of the dispersion and contingency allowance as well as the allowances for residuals (i.e., trapped propellants).

5.4 ET DISPERSION ANALYSIS

The SRB and ET nominal impact points from Section 3.1 are SRB latitude, 28.6°N and longitude, 78.0°W; ET latitude, 28.6°S and longitude, 83.3°E.

NASA has conducted extensive analyses to determine the dispersion footprints of the external tank (Reference 7). The results superimposed on the nominal are shown in Figure 5-12.

5.5 CONTINGENCY/ABORT ANALYSES

5.5.1 Contingency Analysis

Analysis of the daylight/darkness and the RTS ground station coverage shows that it is possible from a mission planning viewpoint to delay the IUS/DSP deployment and release operation one earth revolution and satisfy the IUS/DSP operational constraints. For example, Figure 5-7 shows that the lighting/station pass requirements are satisfied on the revolution following the nominal deployment time. The requirements are not satisfied on subsequent revolutions. Thus, only one contingency deployment opportunity exists on the first day. This restriction could be removed by means of one or more of the following actions (Section 3. 2):

- provide a full shroud on the DSP satellite to eliminate reflections and protect the spacecraft from direct sunlight
- provide an Orbiter/IUS RF link, and/or
- redefine the standard deployment orbit to provide a daily repeating ground track so that contingency deployment opportunities occur at 24-hour intervals.

In general, the desired DSP deployment longitude is not accessible using contingency opportunities. Thus, a delayed transfer burn will usually require a satellite drift maneuver to establish the desired orbital station. The maximum drift maneuver required by a one-revolution delay of the transfer burn is approximately 23 deg. Contingency transfers initiated 24 hours later than nominal from a repeating ground track orbit would not require a drift maneuver.

5.5.2 Abort from Orbit Opportunities

The deorbit opportunities to the primary landing site (KSC) and two alternate landing sites (VAFB and EAFB) have been determined for Operations Design Mission A. Periods of up to 13 hr exist during which emergency deorbit to these sites cannot be accomplished. Table 5-5 gives the abort opportunities. The coordinates used for the landing sites are given in Appendix A. The maximum allowable crossrange distance used in determining these opportunities was 1000 n.mi.

5.6 ASCENT GRAPHICAL SUPPORT DATA

Ascent profile parameters versus time are presented in Figures 5-13 through 5-21.

5.7 RELATIVE MOTION ANALYSIS

Once the P/L has been released from the Orbiter and the RMS has been retracted, the Orbiter performs a -X (forward) RCS translation (4 ft/sec) to move clear of the payload (Appendix A, Figure A-3). After this maneuver, the Orbiter coasts for 45 min during which time the Orbiter moves above and behind the IUS. Figure 5-22 shows the downrange versus radial displacement during this 45-min coast for both a +X and -X translate (4 ft/sec). Figure 5-23 shows the range during this coast period. A half revolution later (45 min after separation burn), the Orbiter performs a second -X RCS translation maneuver (4 ft/sec) to recircularize the orbit at 153 n.mi. The IUS performs its first-stage burn at 05:45:46 GET (3 hr 00 min after the P/L separation burn).

The relative motion of the IUS with respect to the orbiter during the first IUS burn has been investigated. Analysis of the relative motion is required not only to ensure that there is no collision problem, but also to identify the potential for contamination of the Orbiter with IUS exhaust products.

Figures 5-24 and 5-25 show the radial and out-of-plane relative motion trajectories during the IUS burn with the Orbiter at the origin. Figures 5-24 and 5-25 show that the IUS crosses the orbital altitude

of the Orbiter at a range of 47 n.mi. and an out-of-plane displacement of 4 n.mi. Figure 5-26 shows total range between the Orbiter and IUS throughout the first burn and demonstrates that a negative separation rate exists for the +X translate during the first 90 sec of the IUS burn, whereas the -X translate has a positive separation rate at all times.

The problem of Orbiter contamination by IUS exhaust products is beyond the scope of this analysis. Figures 5-24 and 5-28, however, provide some insight into the orientation of the IUS plume with respect to the line-of-sight to the Orbiter. Figure 5-28 shows that the angle between the exhaust vector and the line-of-sight for both the -X and +X translates decreases with increasing range from the Orbiter. The implication of this behavior requires further analysis.

5.8 ORBITER Ku-BAND COMMUNICATION

After the payload bay doors are opened, the Ku-band antenna is deployed outboard of the Orbiter moldline. In order for communication data to be transmitted to a data relay satellite (TDRS), the Ku-band signal must not be obscured by the Orbiter. The Orbiter pitch and roll look angles to the TDRS were generated with the Orbiter aligned along its velocity vector and rolled 180 degrees. Figures 5-29 and 5-30 show the Orbiter pitch and roll look angles to TDRS-189 and TDRS-319 overlayed with the right antenna obscuration zone and the combined right and left antennas obscuration zone, respectively. The Orbiter pitch and roll look angles to the two data relay satellites were also generated for the Orbiter -Z axis (payload bay) pointed at each RTS during RTS passes prior to payload deployment. Figure 5-31 shows the Orbiter pitch and roll look angles for the RTS passes overlayed with the right antenna obscuration zone. The combined right and left antennas obscuration zone is shown in Figure 5-32 for the same RTS passes.

A summary of the Ku-band antenna obscuration is shown in Figure 5-33 for the time period from the opening of the payload bay doors to deployment of the IUS/DSP. The addition of the second Ku-band antenna (left side) would provide several minutes more transmission time for Mission A. Orbiter attitude maneuvers may be required to provide TDRS communications to support the crew activity plan (Figure 4-37). These maneuvers will not present any problem with respect to RCS propellant utilization since there is a large propellant pad.

Table 5-1. Mission A Major Events Attitude Timeline

Mission Event	hr:min:sec	Gimb	al Attit	Gimbal Attitude. Deg	LVLH	LVLH Attitude Dea	P. Ded
		Pitch	Yaw	Ro 11	Pitch	Yaw	Ro 11
ASCENT							
SRB Ignition	00:00:00	0	0.0	06			
Begin Gravity Turn	91:00:00	9.8-	0.0	159.8			
SRB Shutdown	00:01:56	-58.0	0.0	179.4			
Reduce ME to NPL	00:03:55	-82.8	0.1	179.3			
3-G Acceleration Limit	00:07:20	-104.1	0.0	179.4			
MECO	60:80:00	9.601-	0.5	175.5			
ET Separation (4 fps, -Z)	00:08:20	-109.6	0	179.5			
Begin OMS Insertion Burn	00:08:45	9.601-	0.5	179.5			
OMS Insertion (~55 x 150 n.mi.)	00:10:40	-113.7	0.0	179.5			
Begin OMS Circularization, Burn	00:44:27				12.7	0.0	180.0
OMS Circularization (150 x 150 n.mi.)	00:46:02				19.0	0.0	180.0
ON ORBIT							
HTS A0S	01:17:24				65.2	0.0	226.7
HTS LOS	01:25:12				0.79-	0.0	222.5
VTS A0S	01:27:12				55.9	0.0	239.0
VTS LOS	01:34:12				-59.4	0.0	235.8
Payload Release	02:43:00						
Payload Separation Maneuver (4 ft/sec, -X forward)	02:45:57				0.0	0.0	0.0 180.0
Begin Payload Tracking	02:46:10				-20.0	0.0	180.0
Orbiter Circularization	03:31:05				0.0	0.0	180.0
(4 ft/sec, -X forward) Tracking Attitude (IUS Ignition)	05:45:06				86.8	0.0	180.0
• DEORBIT							
Begin OMS Deorbit Burn	25:01:34				24.6	180.0	0.0
End OMS Deorbit Burn	35:03:46				15.8	180.0	0.0
Reentry Interface	25:26:29				38.6	0.0	0.0

Table 5-2. RCS/OMS Propellant Usage

Event	GET	Fore	Aft(L)	Aft(R)	Total This Event	OMS
MECO Through Insertion						
Attitude Hold After MECO	60:80:00	15	15	15	45	
ET Separation (4 ft/sec, -Z)	00:08:20	76	90	49	175	
OMS Insertion Burn (208 [†] ft/sec)	00:08:45	1	1	:		4391
Null Residuals/MPS Dump	00:10:50	2	2	2	9	
Circularization						
Manuever to Burn Actitude	00:42:00	16	17	10	43	
Inertial Hold	00:42:11	1	1	:		
OMS Circularization Burn (174 ft/sec)	00:44:27	1	:	1		3640
Inertial Hold	00:46:18	:	1	:		
Null Residuals (Max 5 ft/sec, +X)	00:46:20	12	70	75	157	
P/L Checkout/Deployment						
Establish Orbital Rate	00:53:00	1	1	1		
Maneuver to Acquire HTS	01:10:00	91	17	10	43	
Maintain Orbiter Attitude	90:11:10	-	-	-	3	
Maneuver to Acquire VTS	01:25:35	91	17	10	43	
Maintain Orbiter Attitude	01:26:38	-	-	-	3	
IMU Alignment	01:31:40	7	∞	4	19	
IUS IMU Alignment (Rate Matching)	02:01:00	91	17	10	43	
Maneuver to P,'L Deployment Attitude	02:25:00	16	17	10	43	

fincludes MPS dump.

Table 5-2. RCS/OMS Propellant Usage (Concluded)

Event	Li,	Fore	Aft(L)	Aft(R)	Total This Event	OMS
P/L Separation						
P/L Separation Burn (4 ft/sec, -X forward)	02:45:57	7	40	42	88	
Maintain Line-of-Sight	02:46:10					
Initial Rate, 015 deg/sec		7	8	4	19	
Final Rate, 0.1 deg/sec		9	7	3	16	
Maintain to RCS Burn Attitude	03:25:00	14	15	တ	37	
Orbiter Circularization (4 ft/sec, -X forward)	03:31:05	7	40	42	83	
Maneuver to IUS Line-of-Sight	05:44:00	14	15	80	37	
Maneuver to LVLH Attitude	05:48:00	14	15	00	37	
On Orbit						
INU Alignment	11:17:00	7	83	4	19	
Maneuver to LCLM Attitude	11:55:00	14	15	00	37	
Rest Period/Maintain Orbital Rate (6 hr)	12:00:00	4	2	2	ω	
Deorbit						
IMU Alignment	24:36:00	7	00	4	19	
Maneuver to Burn Attitude	24:57:00	14	15	80	37	
Inertial Hold	24:59:00	1	:	1		
Deorbit Burn (297 ft/sec)	25:01:34	1	!	1		5049
Maneuver to Entry Attitude	25:04:15	14	15	00	37	
Inertial Hold	25:06:10	-	-	-	3	
Reentry						
Initial Reentry Control (Entry Interface)	25:26:29	0	563	563	1126	
Nominal Subtotal		324	666	910	2233	13080

Table 5-3. Detailed Breakdown of OMS Propellant Allowances

	Item		Allowance (lbs)
• No	ominal		
•	Insertion (208 ft/sec)		4391
•	Circularization (174 ft/sec)		3640
•	Deorbit (296 ft/sec)		5049
	Nominal Total		13080
• Di	spersions and Contingencies		
•	Isp Variation (-3 sec)	126	
•	Mixture Ratio Variation (1.91%)	250	
•	Loading Accuracy (0.5%)	66	
	RSS Subtotal		287
•	One Failed OMS During Burn		30
•	Gaging Error (1.7% full load)		425
•	Velocity Errors (~ 24.2 ft/sec)		503
	Total Dispersions and Contingencies		(1245)
• Re	esiduals		
	Trapped in Lines		205
	Trapped in Tanks		309
•	Vapor at 80°F (0.2% full load)		50
	Total Residuals		(564)

Table 5-4. Detailed Breakdown of RCS Propellant Allowances

	Item	Fore, lb	Aft, 1b
Nominal T	otal	(324)	(1909)
Dispersion	ns and Contingencies		
•	Isp Variation (1.45% fore, 2.04% aft)	5	39
•	Mixture Ration Variation (2%)	6	38
•	Loading Accuracy (0.5%)	2	10
	RSS Subtotal	8	55
•	Flight Uncertainty (5%)	16	95
•	$+3\sigma$ Inflight Gaging Error (5.4% full load)	125	252
•	One Failed OMS During Burn	0	84
	Total Dispersion and Contingencies	(149)	(486)
Residuals			
	Trapped in Lines	57	186
•	Trapped in Tanks	45	91
•	Vapors at 80° F (0.2% full load)	5	10
	Total Residuals	(107)	(287)

Table 5-5. Abort-From-Orbit Opportunities

Time of Ignition hr:min:sec	Landing Site	Delta-V, ft/sec	Crossrange Distance, n.mi.	Local Landing Time, hr:min:sec
00:50:39	VAFB	293	418	8:35:08
00:51:13	EAFB	294	412	8:35:43
00:59:34	KSC	298	139	11:44:10
02:25:26	VAFB	596	374	10:10:02
02:26:01	EAFB	297	397	10:10:37
02:34:45	KSC	599	514	13:19:15
04:00:13	VAFB	300	699	11:45:15
04:00:49	EAFB	300	618	11:45:49
05:35:25	VAFB	562	876	13:20:11
18:41:30	KSC	300	783	05:26:11
20:16:29	KSC	298	307	07:01:13
21:51:27	KSC	298	38	8:36:29
23:17:57	VAFB	300	295	7:03:17
23:18:31	EAFB	300	539	7:03:52
23:26:52	KSC	300	19	10:12:01
24:53:09	VAFB	562	371	8:38:15
25:01:34	KSC	297	256	11:47:23

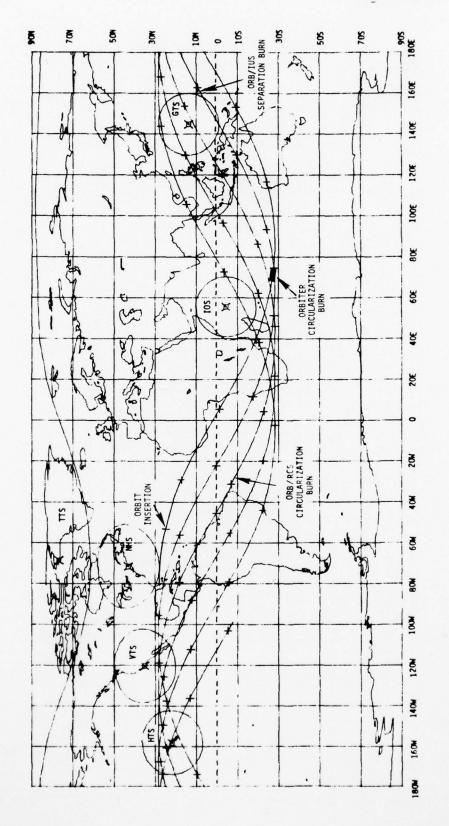


Figure 5-1. Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Orbit Insertion to Fifth Revolution

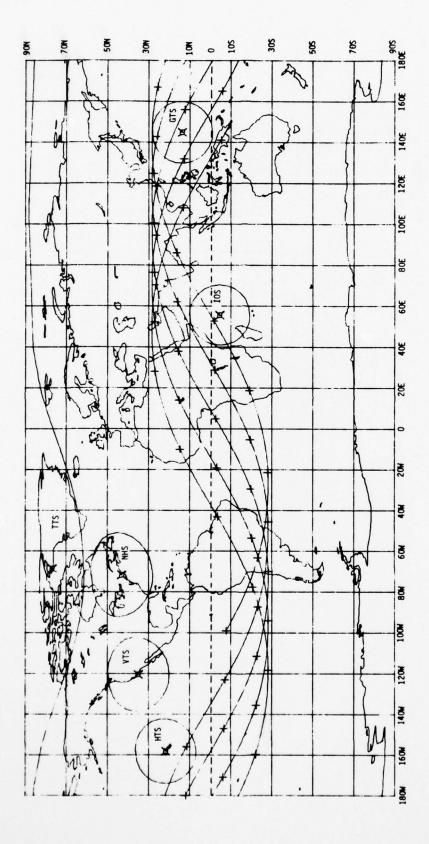


Figure 5-2. Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Sixth to Tenth Revolution

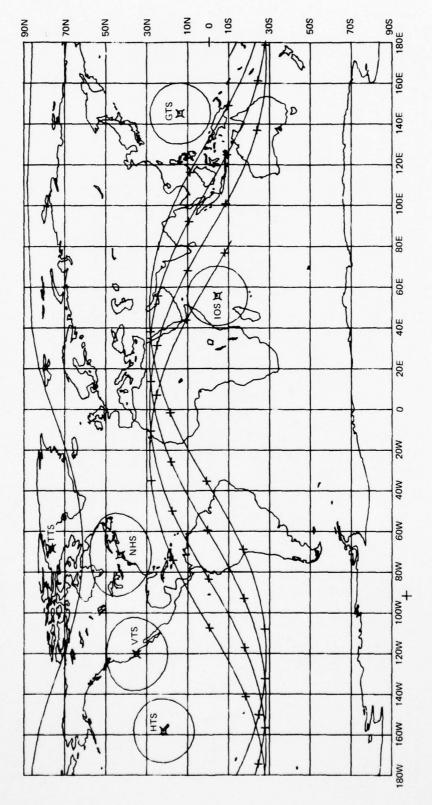


Figure 5-3. Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Eleventh to Fifteenth Revolution

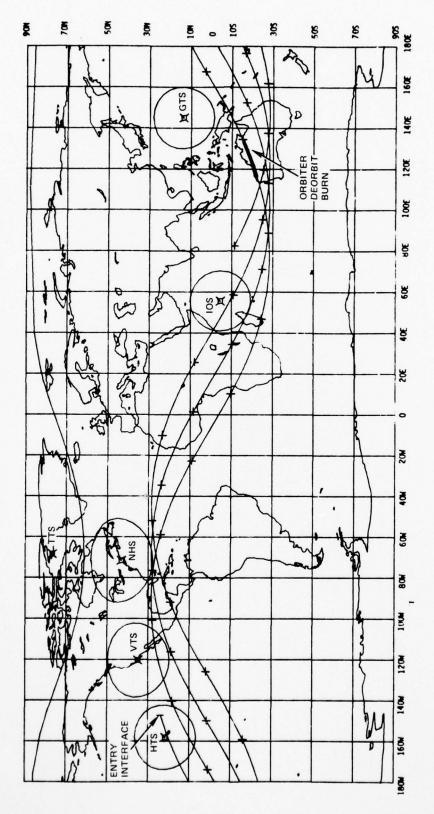


Figure 5-4. Orbiter Ground Track for Mission A, Sixteenth Revolution to Entry Interface

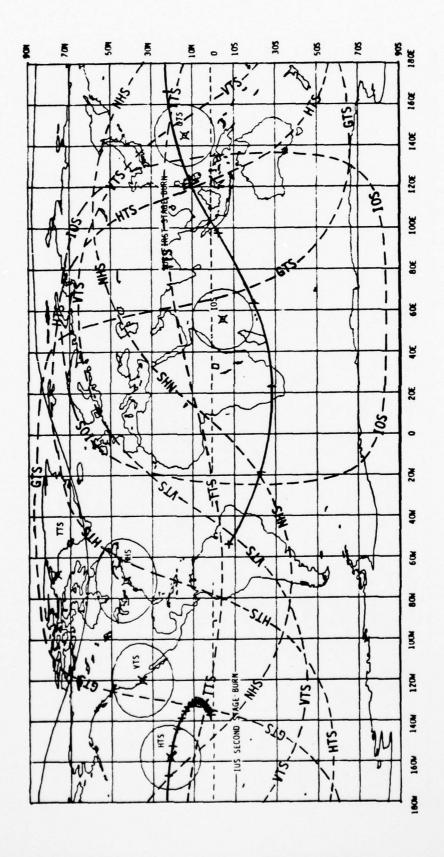


Figure 5-5 IUS Ground Track, Mission A, Fourth Ascending Node Transfer

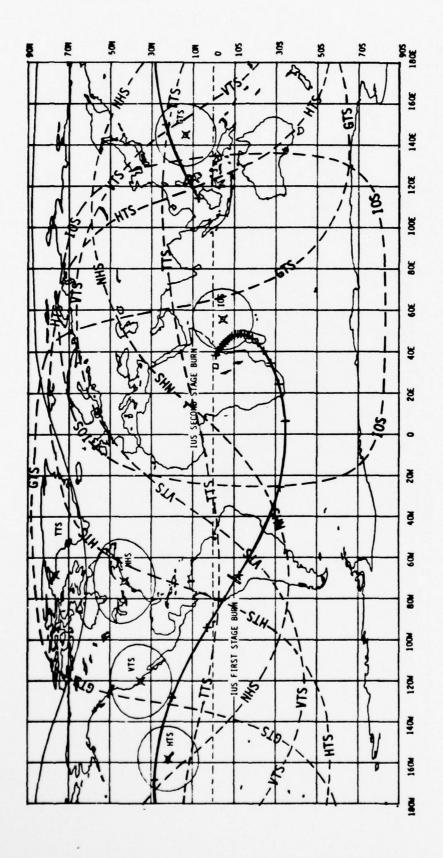


Figure 5-6 IUS Ground Track, Mission A, Fifth Descending Node Transfer

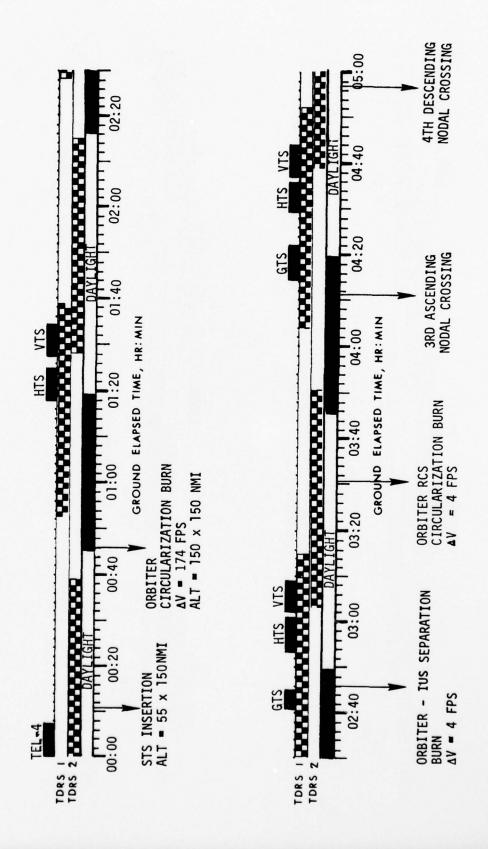


Figure 5-7. Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A

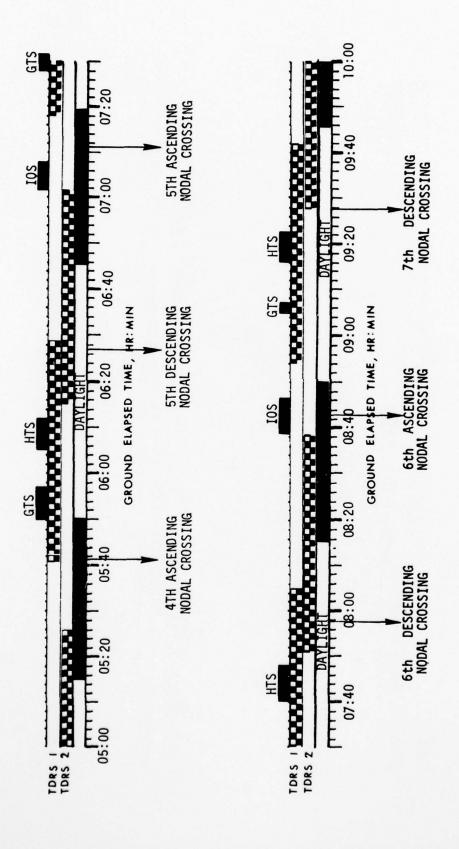


Figure 5-7. Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Continued)

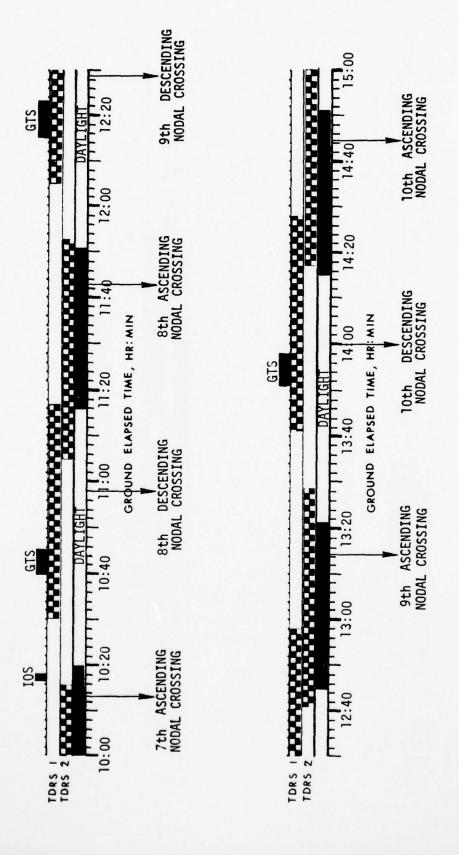


Figure 5-7. Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Continued)

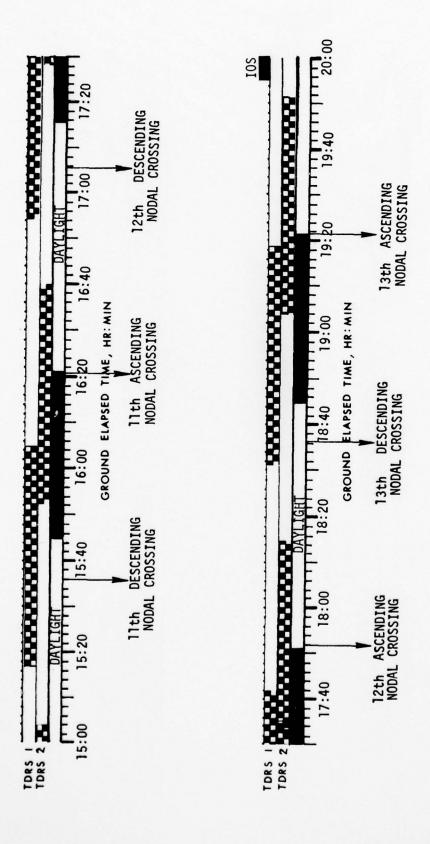
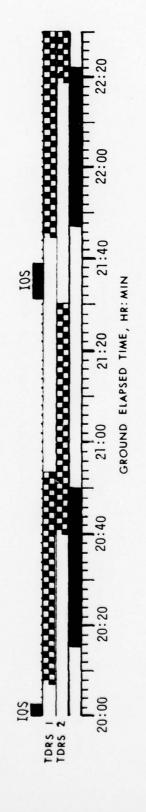


Figure 5-7. Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Continued)



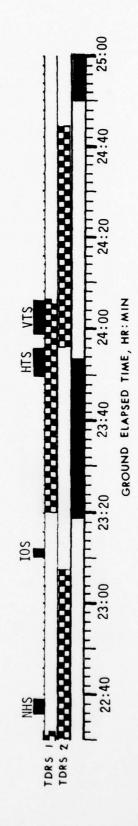


Figure 5-7. Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Continued)

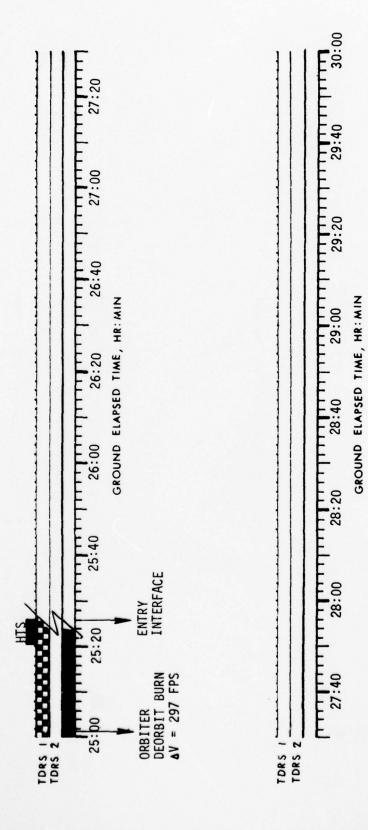


Figure 5-7. Orbiter Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Concluded)

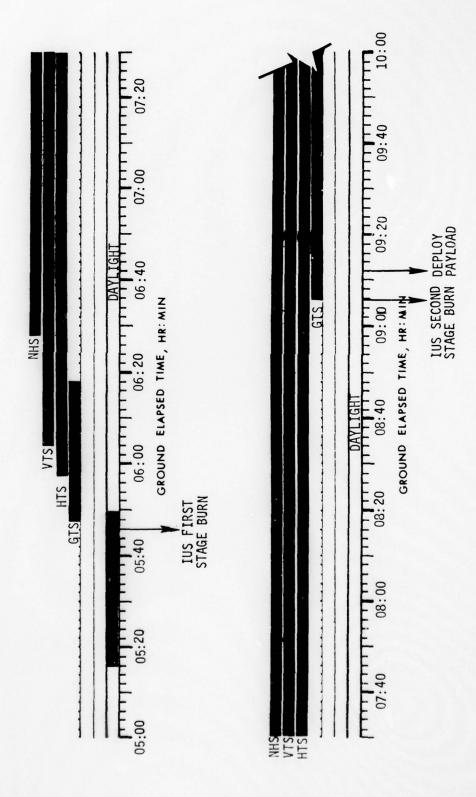
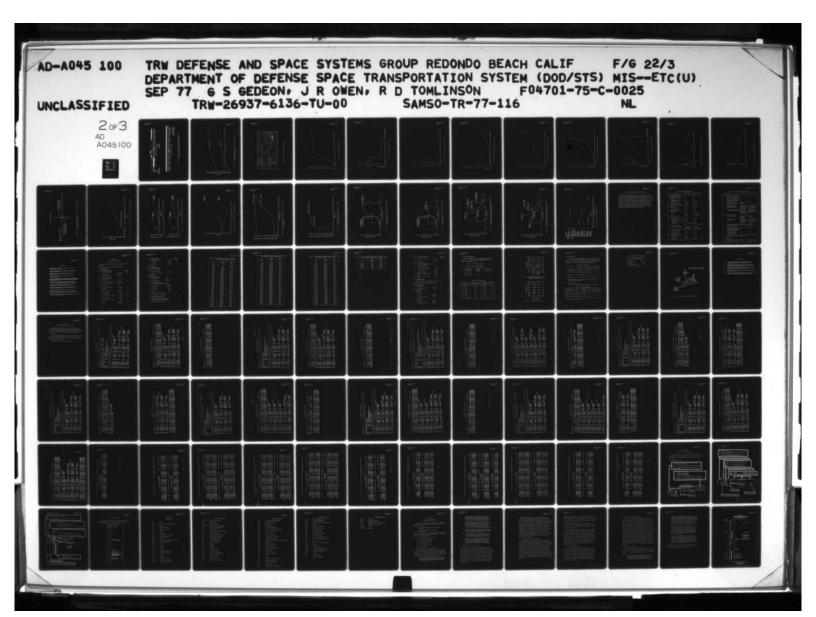


Figure 5-8. IUS Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Fourth Ascending Node Transfer)



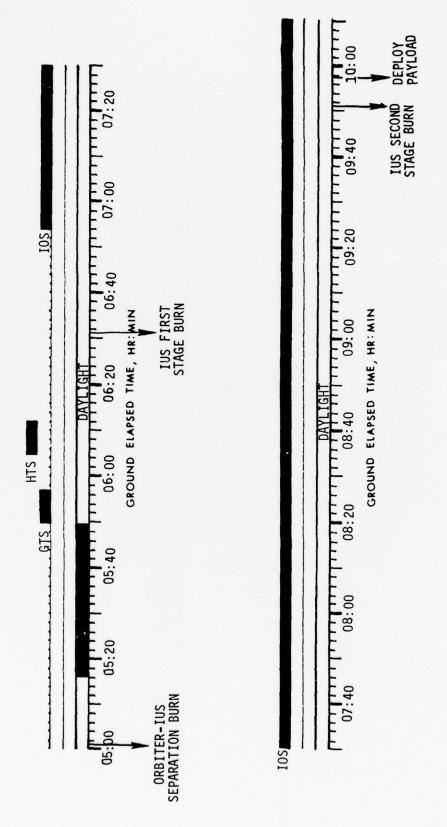


Figure 5- 9. IUS Tracking, Lighting, and Maneuver Events Summary for Mission A (Fifth Descending Node Transfer)

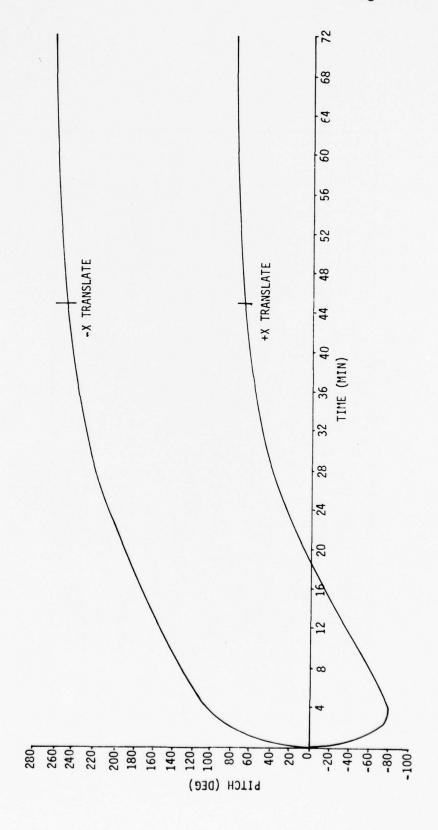


Figure 5-10. Pitch Attitudes Following IUS/Orbiter Separation (Points-Z Axis at IUS)

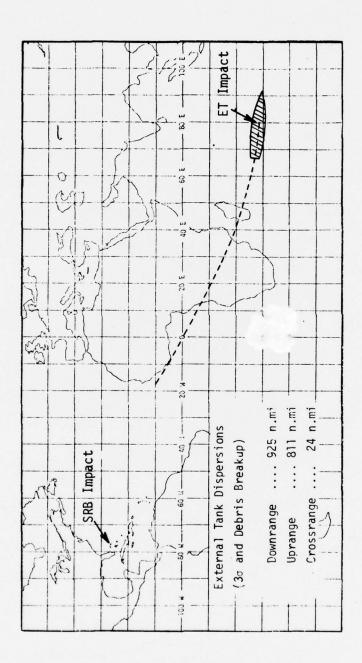


Figure 5-11. SRB and External Tank Impact Points

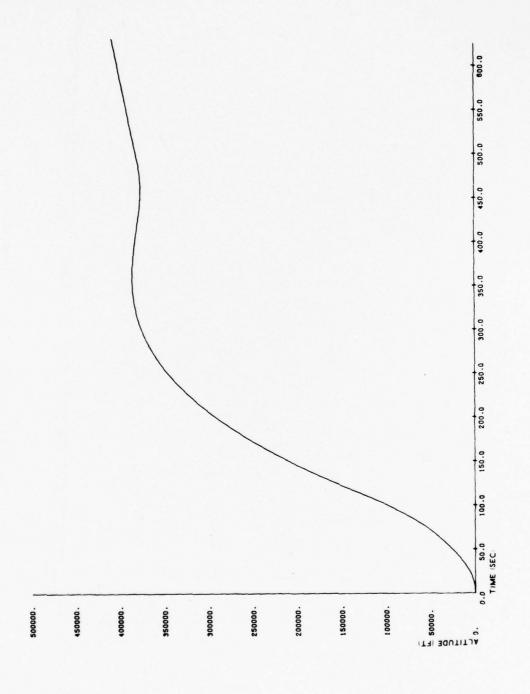


Figure 5-12. Ascent Phase Altitude Profile

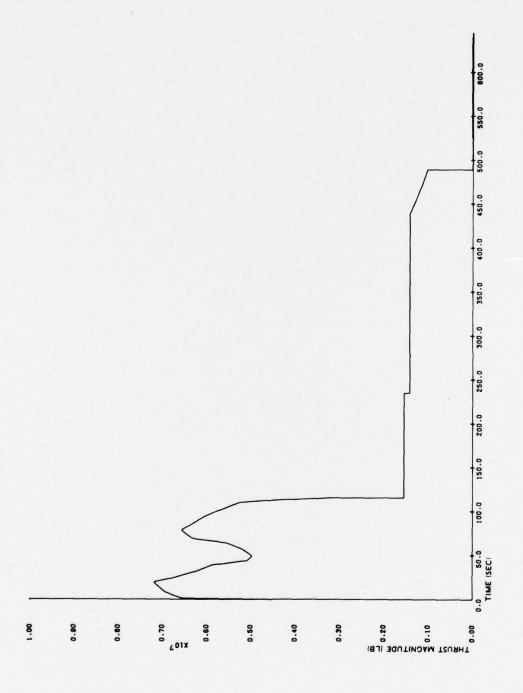


Figure 5-13. Ascent Phase Thrust vs. Time

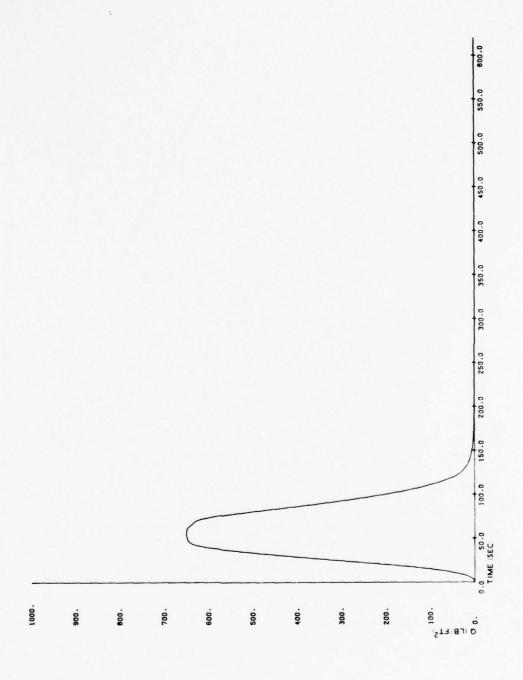


Figure 5-14. Ascent Phase Dynamic Pressure, Q, vs. Time

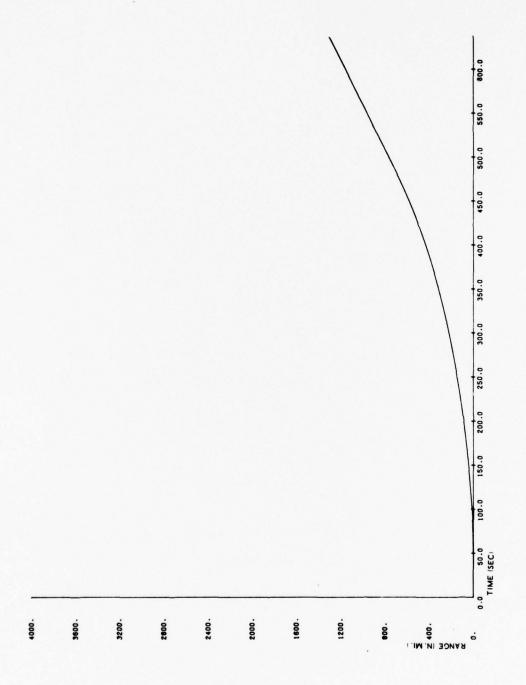
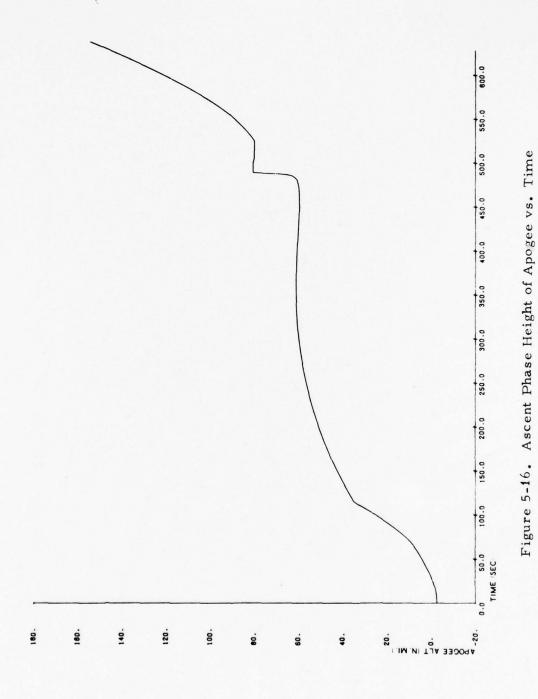


Figure 5-15. Ascent Phase Range from Launch vs. Time



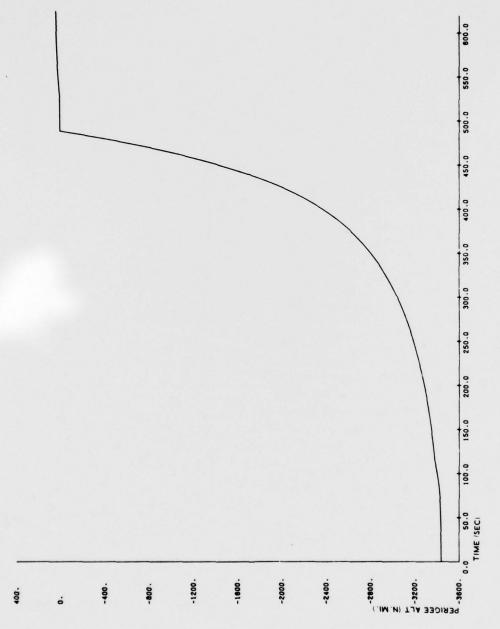


Figure 5-17. Ascent Phase Height of Perigee vs. Time

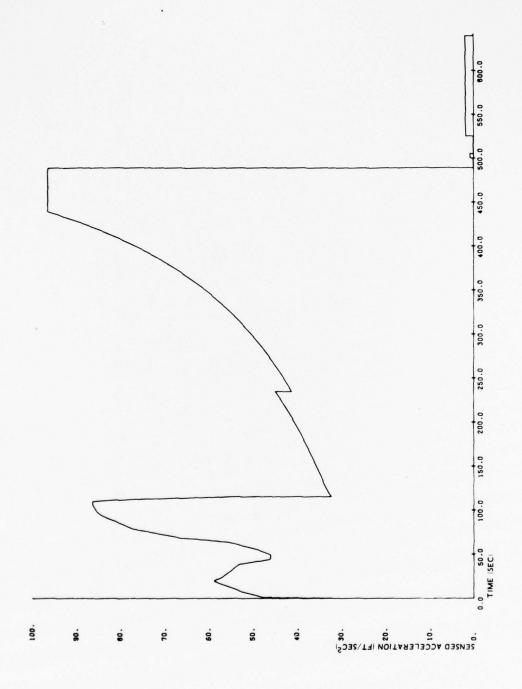


Figure 5-18. Ascent Phase Inertial Acceleration Profile

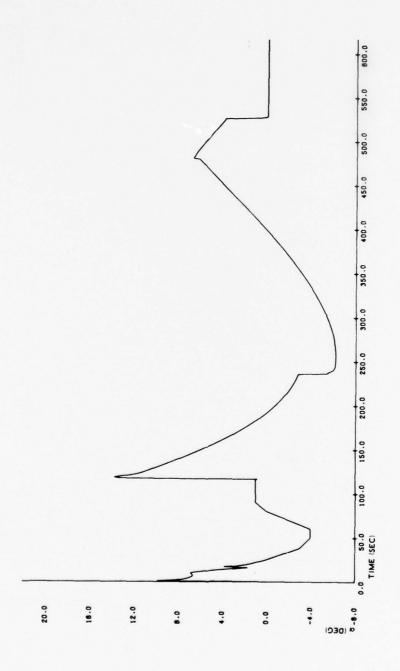


Figure 5-19. Ascent Phase Pitch Angle of Attack (α) vs. Time

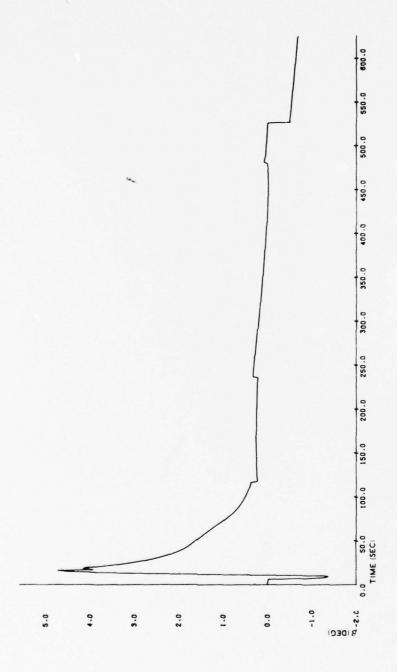


Figure 5-20. Ascent Phase Sideslip Angle (β) vs. Time

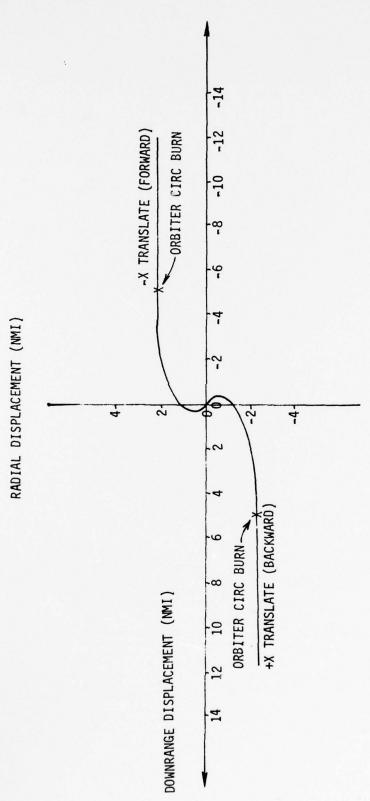


Figure 5-21. Orbiter Downrange vs. Radial Displacement from IUS Following P/L Separation Burn (4 fps)

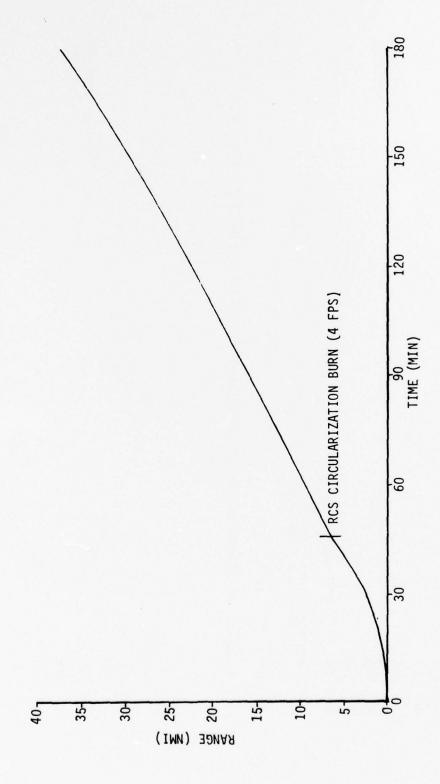


Figure 5-22. Orbiter Range from IUS Following P/L Separation Burn (4fps)

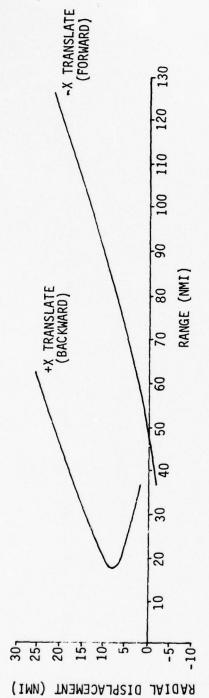


Figure 5-23. Radial Displacement Relative Motion During IUS First Stage Burn

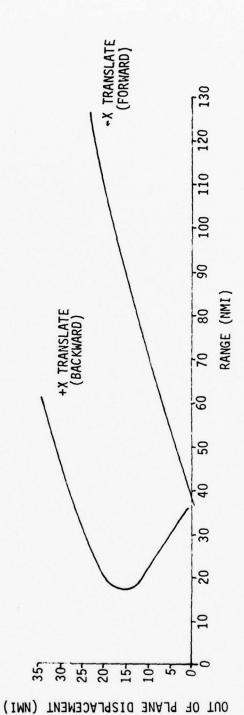


Figure 5-24. Out-of-Plane Relative Motion During IUS First Stage Burn

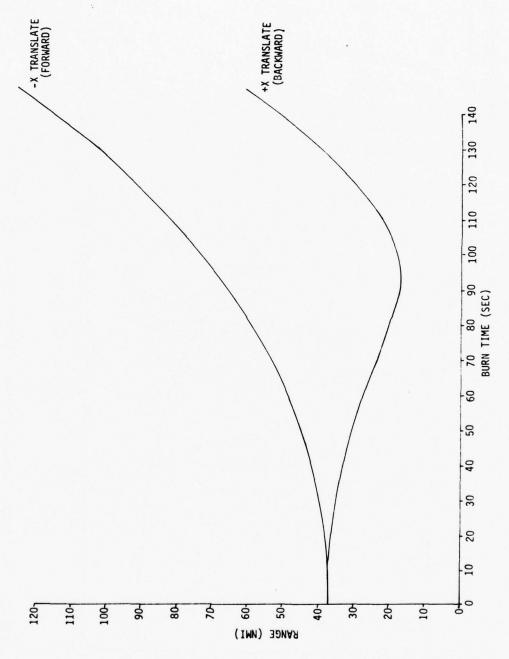


Figure 5-25. Orbiter/IUS Separation During IUS First Stage Burn

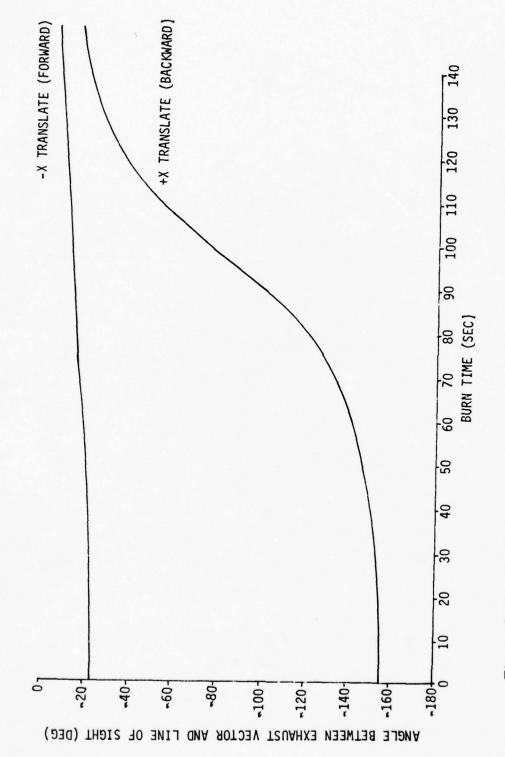


Figure 5-26. Angle Between Exhaust Vector and LOS vs. Burn Time for IUS First Stage Burn

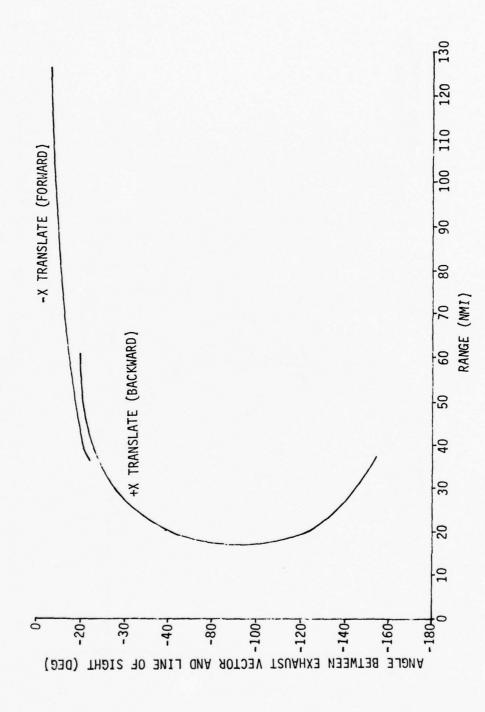


Figure 5-27. Angle Between Exhaust Vector and Line of Sight vs. Range for IUS First Stage Burn

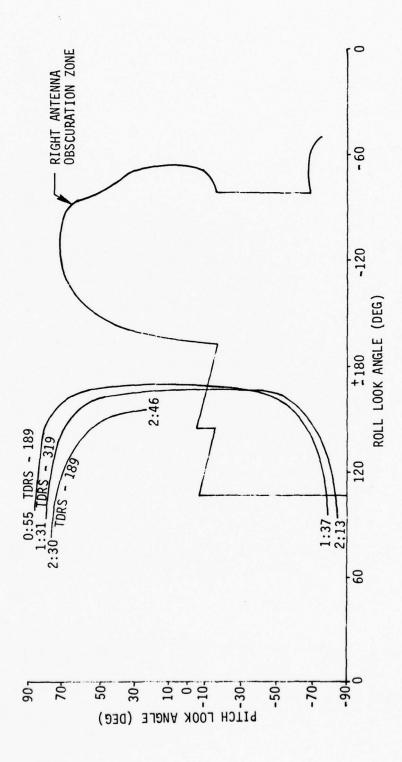


Figure 5-28. TDRS Look Angles Overlayed with Right Antenna Obscuration Zone

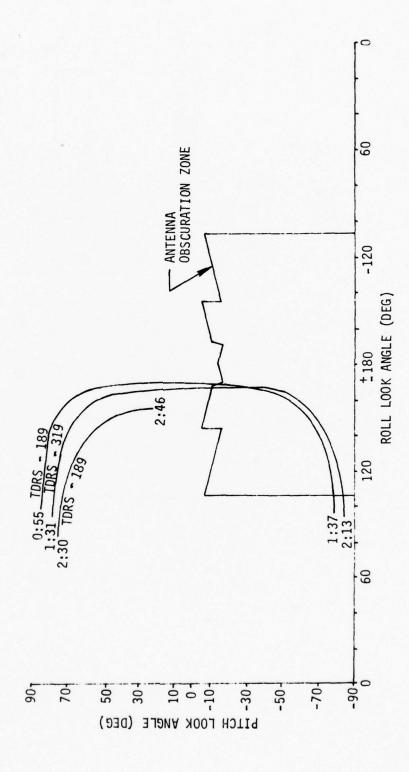
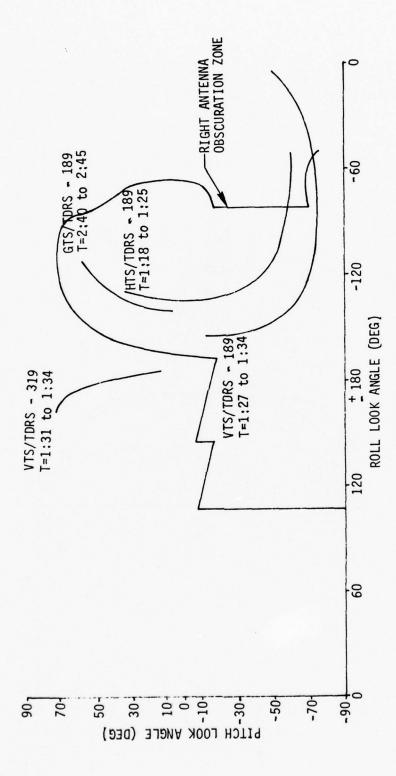
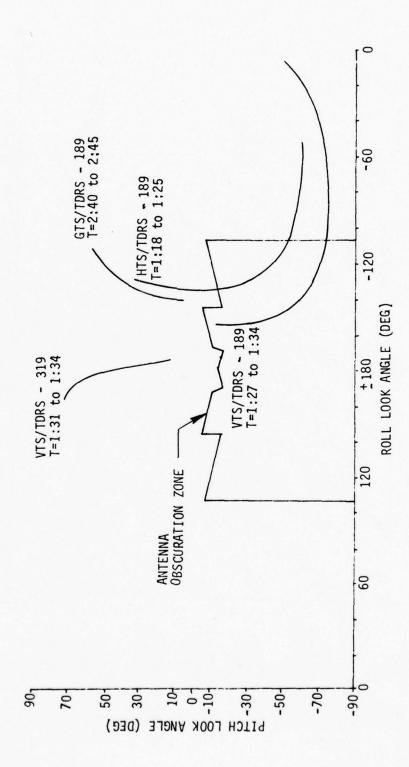


Figure 5-29. TDRS Look Angles Overlayed with Combined Antenna Obscuration Zone



TDRS Look Angles with Orbiter Payload Bay Oriented to RTS Overlayed with Right Antenna Obscuration Zone Figure 5-30.



TDRS Look Angles with Orbiter Payload Bay Oriented to RTS Overlayed with Combined Antenna Obscuration Zone Figure 5-31.

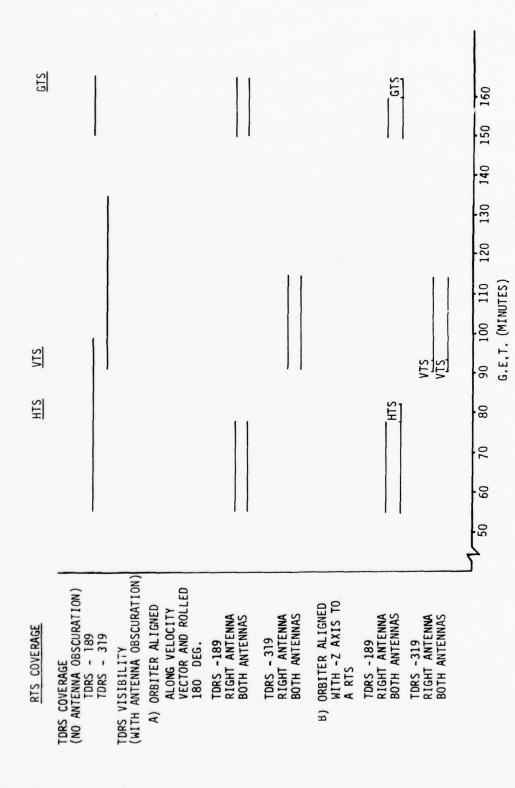


Figure 5-32. Mission A TDRS Coverage Summary

6. OTHER GEOSYNCHRONOUS PAYLOADS

Fleet Satellite Communications (FSC) is the only alternate payload for which data are available for Mission A planning purposes. Table 6-1 provides mission planning data which were used in assessing the differences between the FSC and DSP Missions. Analysis of the Orbiter Crew Activity timelines for each mission indicates that both missions may be flown in an almost identical manner. Both timelines show that the IUS transfer burn can occur at 05:45:06 GET. For the DSP and FSC missions, the RMS attachment and payload movement out of the payload bay is constrained to a nightpass. Additional DSP mission constraints (described in Section 3.2) impose a 45-minute launch window on the DSP mission.

Table 6-1. Mission Planning Data

Parameter	DSP	FSC
1. Launch Window Constraints (from KSC), min/day	45	None
2. Orbiter Earth Parking Orbit Objectives		
Apogee and Perigee Altitude, n.mi.	150	150
Inclination, deg	28.5	28.5
3. Total Payload Weight, 1b	37,193	36,611
4. Deployed Payload Weight, 1b	34,693	34,111
5. Payload Size		
Max. Length, in.	456	393.5
Max. Diameter, in.	116	116
6. Payload CG Position (In Payload Bay)		
X, in.	1112	1110 (Est.)
Y, in.	0.4	0.4 (Est.)
Z, in.	378.5	378.5 (Est.)
7. Satellite Orbit Design		
Apogee and Perigee, n.mi.	19,323	19,323
Inclination, deg	2.1	3
Right Ascension of Ascending Mode, deg	292	300
Longitude, deg	114 W(Typical)	TBD No Requirement
8. IUS Transfer Burn Data		
e Burn Position, Node	Fourth Ascending	Fourth Ascending
Burn Window, hr:min GET	05:35 to 05:54	05:35 to 05:54
9. IUS/Status at Launch		
• IUS Receiver	ON	ON
• IUS Transmitter	OFF	OFF
10. Satellite Status at Launch		
• Transmitter	ON	T BD
• Receiver	ON	T BD
• Systems	TBD	T BD

Table 6-1. Mission Planning Data (Continued)

Parameter	DSP	FSC	
	DSF	F 5C	
11. Thermal Control Requirements			
 Open P/L Bay Doors, after launch (IUS Constraint), hr 	0.5 to 1.5	0.5 to 1.5	
 Maximum Direct Solar Illumination on Payload (Payload in Bay), min 	20	30	
 IUS Thermal Control Maneuver Required after Release, min 	Within 20 (if in sunlight)	Within 5	
 Orientation During IUS coast periods (before IUS/SAT Separation) 	IUS longitudinal axis normal to solar vector within ±30 deg	IUS longitudinal axis normal to solar vector within ±30 deg	
Thermal Control Maneuver During IUS coast periods	Roll of >0.75 deg/sec with delays of up to 14 min (not to exceed 6 delays)	Roll of 3 to 6 deg/sec with delay not greater than 5 min.	
12. Deployment Constraints			
Payload Bay Sunlight	Attach RMS and deploy in darkness	Deploy in darkness	
Payload Telemetry Monitoring	3 minutes per RTS pass after P/L bay doors are opened	(TBD) minutes per RTS pass after P/L bay doors are opened	
IUS Transmitter Activation and Verification by RTS	After IUS is extended on RMS	After IUS is extended on RMS	
13. Post Release Requirements			
 IUS RCS Enable (after Release) by an RTS after achieving safe separation distance (~200 ft), min. 	Within 14	Within 5	
 IUS Separation Burn (Contamination) ΔV Constraint, ft/sec 	≤ 4	T BD	
 Orbiter Circularization Burn after P/L Release, min 	45 (after separation burn)	None Required	
14. Return to Earth			
Deorbit Burn, hr:min:sec	20:13:32	20:13:32 (est.)	
Landing at KSC, hr:min:sec	21:08:00	21:08:00 (est.)	

REFERENCES

- DOD Space Mission Model (U), (FY 1980-FY 1991), Rev. 6, 12 February 1976. (Secret).
- 2. <u>Interim Upper Stage (IUS) Flight Operations/Mission Analysis,</u> Boeing, October 1976.
- 3. IUS Baseline System and Interface Description, Boeing, September 1976.
- 4. Functional Flow Diagrams, Boeing Report D290-10070-1, 13 December 1977.
- Department of Defense Spacecraft-to-Space Transportation System Interface Requirements for the Defense Support Program (DSP), SAMSO, January 1977.
- Orbit Manual for Synchronous and Subsynchronous Satellites,
 G. S. Gedeon, TRW Report 99900-6310-RO-00, August 1967.
- 7. Space Shuttle System Baseline Reference Missions, Vol. I-Mission 1, Rev. 2, JSC-07896, 7 July 1975.
- 8. Ascent /Aborts Integrated Flight Procedures Handbook (Draft), JSC-10559, 31 October 1976.
- 9. Crew Activity Timeline (Draft), NASA/JSC, February 1977.
- 10. Orbiter Configuration Control OMS and RCS Propellant Budget-Rev. 1, JSC-09288 22 August 1975.
- 11. <u>Mission Assessment Report Operations Design Mission A.</u> SAMSO TR 75-261, 17 November 1975.

APPENDIX A:

CONFIGURATION SUMMARY

This Appendix summarizes the baseline configuration data used in this study.

A.1 ORBITER VEHICLE CHARACTERISTIC SUMMARY

A.1.1 Mass Properties

A.1.1.1	Solid Rocket Boosters		Reference
•	Dry Weight (Burnout)	345,398 lb	A-1
•	Propellant Weight	2,220,580 lb	A-2
•	Total Weight (liftoff)	2,565,978	
A.1.1.2	External Tank Weight		
•	Dry Weight	72,636 lb	A-1
•	Propellant Weight (Ascent)	1,571,062 lb	A-1
•	Total Weight (Liftoff)	1,643,698 lb	
A.1.1.3	Orbiter Vehicle		
•	Orbiter Inert (without payload)	132,054 lb	A-1
•	SSME (3) Inert	19,338 lb	A-1
•	OMS Propellant	15,000 lb	A - 1
•	RCS Propellant	7,391 lb	A - 1
•	Non-Impulsive Consumables	3,579 lb	A - 1
	Personnel (3)	1,983 lb	A-1
•	Cable Air and H ₂ O Press.	191 lb	
•	MPS	5,206 lb	A-1
•	Total	184,642 lb	

A.1.1.4	Mission Payload		Reference
•	DSP Satellite Weight	2,738 lb	A-3
•	IUS Weight	31,955 lb	A-4
•	Cradle Weight	2,500 lb	
A.1.2 <u>D</u>	Dimensions		
A.1.2.1	Overall Dimensions		
A.1.2.2	Orbiter Dimensions		
•	Length of Cargo Bay	60 ft	A - 1
•	Diameter of Cargo Bay	15 ft	A-1
A.1.3 <u>F</u>	Propulsion		
A.1.3.1	Solid Rocket Booster		
•	Vacuum Thrust	Table A-1	
•	Specific Impulse	Table A-1	
A.1.3.2	Main Propulsion System (3 engines, each as described)	below)	
•	Sea level thrust	375,000 lb	A-1
•	Vacuum thrust	470,000 lb	
•	Sea level ISP	363.2	
•	Vacuum ISP	455.2	
•	Mixture ratio (oxidizer/fuel)	6.0	
•	Throttleable from 50% to 109%)	
•	Gimballed Nozzle: +10.5 Pitc ±8.5 Yaw, Roll ±10.5 deg	h,	
•	Operates in parallel with Solid Boosters from launch to SRB		
•	Fixed nozzle area ratio of 77.	5:1	

Table A-1. SRM (Single Motor) Performance at Nominal Propellent Mean Temperature (PMT) = 70°F

Time (S)	Vacuum Thrust (1b)	Vacuum ISP (S)
0.000	0	000.00
0.099	99457	256.48
0.197	828129	259.40
0.295	1900000	260.77
0.296	1915049	260.79
0.297	1928243	260.85
0.394	2539191	261.32
0.493	2776670	261.48
0.591	2857859	261.50
0.690	2884246	261.53
0.788	2892365	261.48
0.887	2893455	261.52
0.985	2902514	261.51
1.971	2926743	261.48
3.941	2991623	261.46
5.911	3057621	261.43
7.881	3092754	261.37
9.851	3114487	261.33
11.822	3133986	261.28
13.792	3153994	261.24
15.762	3174001	261.20
17.732	3191165	261.16
19.702	3208330	261.13
21.673	3190366	261.07
23.643	3000722	260.93
25.613	2913516	260.83
27.983	283991,4	260.76
29.553	2771490	260.68
31.523	2710478	260.61
33.493	2652712	260.54
35.464	2596573	260.47

Table A-1. SRM (Single Motor) Performance at Nominal Propellent Mean Temperature (PMT) = 70°F (Continued)

Time (S)	Vacuum Thrust (1b)	Vacuum ISP (S)
37.434	2543782	260.40
39.404	2491499	260.33
41.374	2439825	260.26
43.344	2392923	260.20
45.314	2359118	260.14
47. 284	2334045	260.09
49.255	2297193	260.04
51.225	2314559	260.02
53.195	2329182	260.00
55.165	2314667	259.97
57.135	2333758	259.96
59.105	2363612	259.96
61.075	2393871	259.95
63.045	2424131	259.95
65.015	2450633	259.94
66. 985	2477746	259.94
68.956	2505773	259.93
70.926	2523341	259.91
72.896	2536849	259.90
74.866	2547108	259.88
76.836	2555640	259.86
78.806	2564173	259.84
80.776	2539403	259.80
82.746	2483463	259.73
84.716	2433716	259.68
86.686	2400824	259.62
88.656	2367017	259.55
90.626	2332804	259.47
92.596	2296967	259.39
94.566	2258185	259.31
96.536	2216357	259.22

Table A-1. SRM (Single Motor) Performance at Nominal Propellent Mean Temperature (PMT) = 70°F (Continued)

Time (S)	Vacuum Thrust (lb)	Vacuum ISP (S)
98.506	2163359	259.12
100.476	2110565	259.04
102.446	2061324	258.94
104.416	2013810	258.85
106.386	1961624	258.76
108.357	1908930	258.65
110.327	1854206	258.55
110.819	1812679	258.49
111.020	1793720	258.47
111.312	1766177	258.43
111.804	1694800	258.36
112. 297	1606568	258.24
112.789	1520061	258.14
113.282	1417004	258.00
113.774	1286432	257.80
114.267	1150378	257.57
114.759	1027624	257.32
115.252	917379	257.10
115.744	816992	256.91
116.237	724424	256.71
116.729	638922	256.50
117.222	559157	256.29
117.714	477869	256.03
118.207	403679	255.76
118.699	337508	255.47
119.192	278863	255.16
119.684	228035	254.83
120.177	182629	254.48
120.669	119069	253.81
120.886	100000	253.49
121.162	75776	253.09

Table A-1. SRM (Single Motor) Performance at Nominal Propellent Mean Temperature (PMT) = 70°F (Concluded)

Time (S)	Vacuum Thrust (1b)	Vacuum ISP (S)
121.654	50303	252.45
122.147	31868	251.74
122.639	10246	250.95
123.132	11102	250.12

A.1.3.3	OMS Engines (2 engines)		Reference
	Thrust (per engine)	6000 1ь	A-1
•	ISP	313.2 sec	
	Mixture ratio	1.65	
	RCS Engines (44 engines 6 of whi are vernier engines)	ch	
•	Thrust (per main engine)	870 lb	
•	Thrust (per vernier engine)	25 lb	
•	I _{SP} (main engine)	289 sec	
	I _{SP} (vernier engine)	228 sec	
•	Maximum duration of single firing	100 sec	
•	Minimum duration of single firing	0.03 sec	
A.1.4 Ae	rodynamic Data		
A11 .	Aerodynamic data were obtained	from Reference	A-5.
A.2 IUS	VEHICLE CHARACTERISTICS SU	MMARY	
A.2.1 Ma	ass Properties		
	First Stage Weight	24,030 lb	A-4
	Second Stage Weight	7,925 lb	
A.2.2 <u>Pr</u>	opulsion		
•	First Stage		A-4
	• Thrust	42,600	
	• ISP	290.28	
	• Propellant Weight	21,571 lb	
•	Second Stage		
	• Thrust	17430.	
	• ISP	294.55	
	• Propellant Weight	6,056 lb	

A.3 RADAR STATION DATA

The type and locations of the radar tracking stations are given in Table A-2. In addition, two TDRS satellites at the following geostationary locations were used:

TDRS1: Lat = 0° , Long = 189° E

TDRS2: Lat = 0° , Long = 319° E

A.4 MAIN ENGINE PROPELLANT DUMP MODEL

Time from OMS-1 Ignition, sec	Dump Rate,	Resultant Thrust	
0 - 165.48	29.7	270	
165.48 - 175.48	0.0	0	
175.48 - 219.59	6.6	120	

Table A-2. Tracking Stations

Name DOD SCF Network	Geodetic Latitude, deg North	Longitude, deg East	Altitude, ft
NHS (Dual)	42.95	288.37	692
VTS (Dual)	34.82	239.50	1001
HTS (Dual)	21.57	201.74	942
IOS (Single)	-4.67	55.48	1936
GTS (Single)	13.61	144.85	528
TTS (Single)	76.52	291.48	466
TEL-4 (Single)	28.35	279.31	48

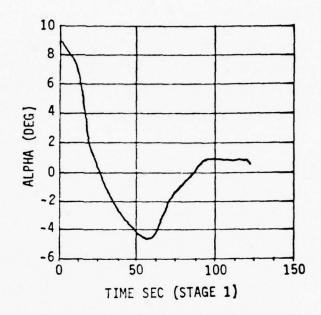


Figure A-1. Angle of Attack vs Time for Boost Phase for Propellant Mean Temperature = 70°F (Reference A-6)

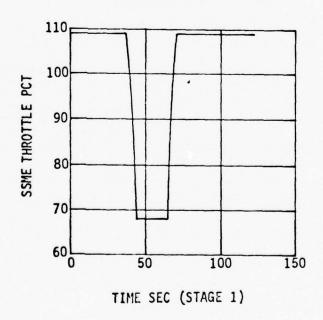


Figure A-2. First Stage SSME Throttle

A.5 LAUNCH SITES

Two launch sites have been designated to support the STS missions. The eastern site, at KSC, will support low and medium inclination orbit missions. The western site, at VAFB, will support polar and near-polar orbit missions. Table A-3 defines the launch site locations.

Tables A-3. Launch Sites

Site	Longitude, deg	Geod. Latitude, deg	Altitude*, ft
Eastern Pad 39A	80.60413 W	28.60842 N	47.6
(KSC) Pad 39B	80.621082 W	28.626880 N	52.6
Western Pad B (VAFB)	120.619694 W	34.565639 N	250

^{*}Altitude of lowest end of booster above the reference ellipsoid; add ~ 100 ft to IMU location.

A.6 LANDING SITES

The STS landing sites are identified and described in Table A-4.

Table A-4. STS Landing Sites

Landing Site (Start of Runway)	Longitude, deg	GEOC. Latitude, deg	Altitude*, ft	True Runway Bearing, deg
Eastern (KSC)	80.70639 W	28.47095 N	42	150
Western (VAFB)	120.5650 W	34.54173 N	256	316
Edwards (EAFB)	117.8629 W	34.73770 N	2300	235

^{*}Altitude above reference ellipsoid.

Table A-5. ETR MECO Target

MECO Target Condi	tions
Altitude, n.mi.	60
Velocity, ft/sec	25668
Flight Path Angle, deg	0.5

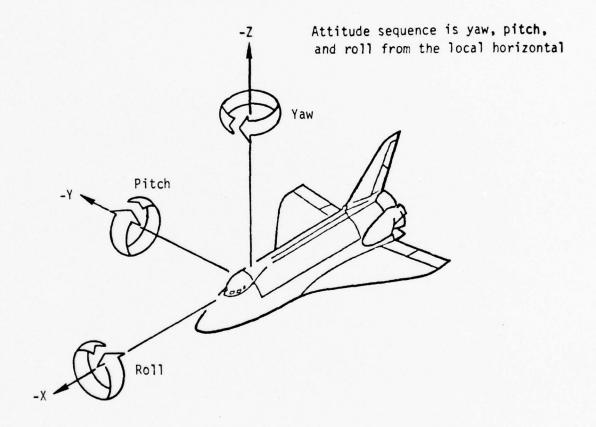


Figure A-3. Orbiter Coordinate System Definition

REFERENCES

- A-1. Shuttle Operational Data Book, Volume II Mission Mass Properties, JSC-08934 Rev. A, September 1975.
- A-2. Shuttle Operational Data Book, Volume I, Shuttle Systems Performance and Constraints Data, JSC-08934, June 1974.
- A-3. DSP/Space Transportation System Transition Study Final Briefing, 16439-21-003-001, October 1976.
- A-4. Interim Upper Stage (IUS) Flight Operations/Mission Analysis, Boeing, October 1976.
- A-5. Space Shuttle Program, Aerodynamic Design Data Book, Volume II, Mated Vehicle, SD72-SH-0060-2H, February 1975.

APPENDIX B

REFERENCE TRAJECTORY LISTING

This appendix presents reference trajectory printouts for the nominal Operations Design Mission A ascent and on-orbit operations. On-orbit reference trajectories are included for each of three consecutive IUS first-burn opportunities following the nominal (third ascending node) opportunity.

Vehicle and propellant weight data in these printouts reflects only propellant used for translational maneuvers. Accurate propellant usage data must be obtained from Section 5.3 and used to adjust the weights shown in the reference trajectories.

The print mnemonics are defined in Section B.4.

B.1 Nominal Ascent

				VEHICLE 1	
PAGE 1				1.2724950+02 2.8668420+01 2.8668420+01 2.846962+01 2.846962+01 0.0000000	2.700000+02 -2.0897790+07 1.8000000+02
			* * * * * 00	VEHICLE ALPHA BETA BANK O ALT LATD LATD LONG DRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA
	VEHICLE 1 *** .128000+02 .600000	ORITHM * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	00000000 0,0000000 0,0000000 0,0000000	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000	2,7000000+02 2,0999888+07 1,8000000+02
	.284084+02 .000000	HERE ALG	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	AET WACH LF CBAR VI VI VI CRG	A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
SVDS 2.3	E INPUT SI 6041+02 9000 9000	AERODYNAMICS SIMULATED FOR 3DOF 1963 PATRICK AFB SPLINE—FIT ATMOSPHERE ALGORITHM MAIN ENGINE MODEL IS EXECUTED VARIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2.663769405 0.0603063 0.0603063 0.0603060 0.0600000	AERODYNAMIC DATA FBZA 0.0000000 CD 1.030000001 TRAJECTORY FATA 77 9.9603214+06 ZID 0.6000000 CAME 0.0000000 RGET 0.0000000	2.8446962+01 2.8446962+01 2.7051443+04 -6.722969+08 4.5000003+02
15 1 1 1	ALINEWE ALINEWE	MICS SIMULAT RICK AFB SPL INE MODEL IS MASS MODEL * * * * *	ROTATIONAL .000 F?Z MRZ OWESZ OWESZ OWESZ MGA MGA	0 0	INCL RP ENERGY ARGLAT
	THISLIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: FUSITION (FLAMA, PHISHD) = -89 VELOCITY (VE, GANE, PSIE) = .99 ANG. VEL, (BOOY RATES) = .99 OPIENTALION - LAUNCH SITE ALINEMENT PCS ALINEWENT - LAUNCH SITE ALINEMENT FOR OCCUR DESCRIPTION	ARC356 AEROPYNAMICS SIMULATED FOH ATMSPL 1953 PATRICK AFB SPLINE-FIT NAENS MAIN ENGINE MODEL IS EXECUT VARMAS VARIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXEC * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.0200000 0.0300000 0.0300000 0.0300000 1.330669603 1.3306601401 0.03000000	9.9733505-01 2.0725741+07 2.6733251+10 9.60000000
	M: LAUGCH FOSITION (FL VELOCITY (VE ANG. VEL. (RO ANG. VEL. (RO ANG. ALINEWENT PCS ALINEWENT	ATMSPL ATMSPL MAENS VARMAS	GWT FBY WBY OWESY OWESY IGA	GMT MENYA CL CL SWT YID YID AZII RGE	RREF HMAG UESC N
PHASE 10	MULATION TATE INIT VEHICLE V VEHICLE A VEHICLE O VEHICLE O VEHICLE O VEHICLE O	1AEROF 3 1STAN 15 1NGFLG 3 MASVAR 1 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	0,000000 0,000000 0,000000 0,000000 0,000000	0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	0.000000 1.0468920+07 1.8000000+02 -1.5853750+04
CASE 1	TYPE OF S VEHICLE S 1. INPUT 2. INPUT 3. INPUT 5. INPUT FLAG(S)	IAEROF ISTAN INGFLG MASVAR * * * *	TIME TOWASE FRX NRBX OWEGXD OWEGXD OGAD	TIME FRAME F	TIVE TPHASE A MA HA PERIOD

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

:	10 1.3406696403 FD -5.4693765-01 IN -5.6693765-01 IN -1.505000 IN -1.50576768-16 HA -2.605919164-01 IN 0.000000 IN 0.0000000		VEHICLE 1
PAGE 2	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000		6,7083129+00 -4,3569746-01 3,999841+02 2,8606515401 2,8447059+01 0,0000000 6,0000000
-	XYZDDS 11. ICA 0. ICA 12. ICA 12. ICA 12. ICA 12. ICA 12. ICA 13. ICA 13. ICA 13. ICA 13. ICA 14. ICA 14. ICA 14. ICA 14. ICA 15. ICA	6 0 6 0	ALPHA BANK BANK ALT LATD LATD ORG ORG VEHICLE
	9.9603214+96 2.8468629-16 XYZ 1.5000000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 1.411565566 1.411565566	6.93454+06 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	8.9193111-02 1.1621923+01 0.0000000 1.942295+03 1.9234293+01 4.2109622+00 0.0000000 9.9422926+01 2.7109209+02 2.0910312+07
	XYZZI S SWST6 1 PRA 1 ORARR DORARR DORARR DORARR DETA 0 VGNX TA 1		MACH PAACH RAI CRG CRG CRG RAA RAA RAA
SVDS 2.3	VARIABLE OUTPUT ZNUS 1 0.0000000 G7 -1.553626401 S G8 -1.553626401 S F08 0.0000000 BNAS 4.4410172406 EFAA 0.9000000 UF 0.9000000 VE 0.90000000 AZII 9.0000001401	ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA 038 FFZ 2.6057737+05 FFZ 2.6057737+05 FFZ 0.000000 CWEGZ 0.0000000 WGA 0.0000000 MGA 0.0000000	FBZA -3,066436+02 CD 8,4483276-02 TFAJECTORY DATA ZI 9,9604825+06 ZI 9,9604825+05 ZIDD 1,0921531401 GAME 8,3130136+01 RGET 0,000000 ZDE RGET 0,000000 ZDE RGET 0,0000000 ZDE RGET 0,00000000000000000000000000000000000
51	VARIABL XYZNOS XYZNOS 6Z – POSR POSR FEWAR ALPHA C FEWAR ALPHA C AZII	PTATIONAL FRZ MAZ CWEGZ CWEGZD MGA MGAD AERODYI	FEZA WAZA CC TRAJEC ZIO ZIOD GAME RGET ZOE BITAL RP
	1,8345195407 1,3475696403 2,3545327-04 0,000600 -1,1102236-16 1,272455401 0,001000 0,0000000	• •	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 1.340.6334.63 1.340.6334.63 1.340.6334.63 1.340.633.84.63 1.340.633.84.63 1.340.633.84.63 1.340.633.84.63 0.000000 -5.2322388-02 2.0325741.607 2.8033318-10 9.1092093+01
:	XYZI VI OY POR 31J - ALT ALT ALT GA'E ENG4TM	GNT FEY MANY ONESYD IGAD IGAD	MANYA CL CL GMT VID VID AZII AZII AZII AZII AMAZI DESC NDE
PHASE 10	C. COCCCCO 0.0CCCCCO -2.83C125G+01 8.92C9G+101 4.7462G47-01 4.749126339+03 0.0000000	6.037664400 6.037663400 6.037663400 6.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 6.037604400 6.0376039900	6.037604-00 6.037604-00 6.037603-00 1.0385416-07 1.0385416-07 1.5832815-01 6.037604-00 6.037604-00 6.037604-00 6.037604-00 6.037604-00 1.0465132-07-11 1.5938005-00
CASE 1	ZINGO GRADING GRADING GRADING GRADING GRADING GRADING KYZIDS	M 0 M	FRXA FRXA LOO TIME TPHASE AZIE

SEZ MINISTER

SE AMINBIE COPY

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

1,3406354+03	1,5832815+01	0.0000000	0.0000000	BIJ -1,5062768-16	-2,5393690+00	LONG -8,0604129+01	0.00000000	XYZIDS 2,5140604+02	
YID	XYZIDD	MGA	B13	H13	H	LONG	VGNZ	XYZIDS	
8.0535748+01	2,6303444+01	0.0000000	8,7791263-01	-4.7882087-01	0,0000000	2.860F515+01	000000000	4.2770661+06	0.00000000
XID	XYZDDS	IGA	513	912	RANGE	LATD	VGNY	13	1160
9,9604825+06	-2,9525769-16	1.5000000+04	0.000000	1,1102230-16	1.1621023+01	-3.0152524-02	0.0000000	1.4428642+06	TA 1,7998871+02 TTG0 0,0000000
XYZI	XYZPDS	SWGT6	POR	PIC	ORAR	BETA	YNON	ENGSTM	TA
0UTPUT 943606+03	133296+01	391913+01	000000	00+0000000	324705+06	083128+00	1422924+01	000000	10+551161
B.0	t.t	-1.5.	0.0	1.0	6.8	6.7	6	0.0	8.0
VARIABLE OUTPUT XYZI 8.0943606+	AYZDES 4.4	62 -1.5	PGR 0.0	9IJ 1.0	FBYAG 6.8	ALPHA 6.7	VE 9.5	ENG9TM 0.0	AZII 8.9
1,8385416+07 XYZI 8.0	1.3442795+03 XYZDES 4.4	-1.2228982-02 62 -1.5.	0.0000000 PGR 0.0	-1,1102230-16 9IJ 1.0	3.9999#11+02 FB"AG 6.8	5.1377222+01 ALPHA 6.7	8.3130130+01 VE 9.5	2.6030123+Cb ENG9TM 0.0	1,5034735+02 AZII 8,9
VAMIABLE XYZI 1,8385416+07 XYZI 8,0	VI 1,3442795+03 XYZDDS 4,4133296+01	6Y -1.2228982-02 6Z -1.5.			ALT	ATSM62	GATE	ENG4TM 2.6030123+06 ENG9TM 0.0	XYZIOS 1,5034735+02 AZII 8,9491755+01
				RIJ 4,7982057-01 BIJ -1,1102230-16 9IJ 1.0	ALT	ATSM62	GA "E	FNGHTM	XYZIOS

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

																	105		VEHICLE		1+02	2+01	401	9+01	0			2+05	20+07	1+02
									•						1 :		-3.0152524-02	-4.3569746-01			3,9999841+02	2.860A51	2.844705	-8.060412	000000000		٦.	2.690732	-2.0897790+07	1.7998871+02
									VEHICLE						VEHICLE		ALPHA	BANK		æ	ALT	LATO	LATC	LONG	DRG		VEHICLE	ARGPER	d I	TA
VEHILLE 1 ***		OPEN 1000 STEEDING DERECRY TARIF 100KIIP ON STUBAL ANGLES		ALGORITHM					0 0 A C 03A	6.8298454+06	0.00000000	0.000000			•	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1.1621023+01	0.000000		0 0 6.038	2,0910160+97	1,3442705+03	1,9234293+01	4.2109622+00	0.00000000	9.9422928+01		2.7109209+02	2,0919312+07	1.7969111+02
INPUT SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE		OUKLIB			,				GET	FWAG	MANAG	OMEGA				1 2 2 2	SPAR.	5		736	2	٧١	ΙV	SAMI	500	V.F.		ASC N	V C	N L
		DERECON TARIE	ED FOR 300F	1963 PATRICK AFB SPLINE-FIT ATMOSPHERE FLYPACK AZIMUTH AND RANGE ARE COMPUTED	EXECUTED	IS EXECUTED		300000000000000000000000000000000000000	DIMMILS DAIR	2.6057737+05	0.00000.0	0.0000000	0.00000000	0.00000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA	. 00.121.00	0.0000000	8.4483276-02	TRAJECTORY DATA		9.9604825+06	5.7475964+01	1.0921531+01	8.3130130+01	0.0000000	5.7475984+01	ELEMENT DATA	2.8451220+01	2,7951385+64	-6.722HUU2+0R
	SE	PEDING	SIMULATE	NEB SPL	MODEL IS	S MODEL	T FOR TH		THAT TOWN	263	ZEW	OWEGZ	MGA	MGAD	AERODYN		4 4	8	TRAJECT		12	210	2100	GAME	RGET	ZDE	ORBITAL E	INCL		FIFDGY
	TION: LAUNCH INITIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: TIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE LUE MODEL	TS door Nado	AERODYNAMICS SIMULATED FOR 300F	1963 PATRICK	MAIN ENGINE	VARIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED	BET'IG EMPLOYE		0 0 6.03A	0.0000000	000000000	0.000,000	0.00000000	0.00000000	•	950.0 0 0 0	0.000000	000000000		0 0 6.038	8.0943606+03	1.3456334+03	-1.222non2-02	8.0491755+01	000000000	-5.2322388-02	C	9.9733011-01	2.0925741+07	2.8933218+10
	TION: LAUNCH INITIALIZATION FOR TIALIZATION INPUT LUE	04445	AR0356	ATMSPL	VAENG	VARMAS	PHERE IS		1.5			OMEGY		IGAD			MBYA					CIA	COLY		RAE	¥0£				H.AG
				15					0.000000	6.8248728+06	000000000	0,0000000	8,999999431	0,0000000	6.037604+00	0.0000000	0.00000000	0.0000000	6.037604+30	0.0000000	1.8345416+07	8,0535748401	1,5832815+01	14.2415707-01	0.0000000	8,11.5902+01	6.637604+00	1.6469132437	1.7936305+32	-1.5429500+04
	TYPE OF SIMULA VEHICLE STATE NO VEHICLE INI FLAG(S)	033131	AEROF	ISTAN	NGFLG	MASVAR			TOMOL			OMFGX		OGAD		ž	MEXA		TIME	ASE			XICO					A		AH

SE AMABIE CO

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

1,34n6334+03 1,5932615+01 0,000000 0,000000 -1,5062768-16 -2,5393690+00 -8,0604129+01 0,0000000			VEHICLE 1	
XYZIND MGA MGA BIJ BIJ BIJ HA CONG VGNZ XYZIDS		20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0		1+02 4+07 4+02
6.0535748+01 2.633744+01 0.040000 0.771263-01 4.7882087-01 5.729354-03 2.666515+01 0.000000 0.000000	-	1 1,6889829+00 4,7139359+00 1,2886954+02	2,439903+03 2,8469089+01 2,8447646+01 -8,06031+01 0,000000	1 2.6783041+02 -2.0895724+07 1,7996234+02
•	VEHICLE	VEHICLE 8 ALPHA BETA BANK	ATTO NG SATO	VEMICLE ARGPER HP TA
9.9664425+06 XTD -2.755769-16 XZDF5 1.57000004 B1J 0.000000 1.11020000 1.110200000 -3.0152594-02 LATD 1.442642+06 WIT 1.7998871+02 TG0	0 16.038 7.0856344+06 0.000030 0.000000 0.000000	2.9143303-01 2.9143303-01 1.1548039+02 0.0000000	0 16.038 2.0912200+07 1.4249581+03 2.5212629+01 1.2877225+01 0.0000000 3.2246540+02	2,7257814+02 2,0913771+07 1,7900604+02
XYZNZ XYZNZ SWGT6 -2. SWGT6 -2. POR 0. VGNZ -3. VGNZ -3. TA 1.4	GFT FVAG MWAG OMEGAD	GET MACH OPAR LF	GET RI VI A I GAMI CRG	ASC N FA
XXXI A.QRASO6+03 XXXI A.QRASO6+03 XXXI A.QRASO6+03 QZ -1.5AN1913+01 QZ -1.5AN1913+01 GZ -1.5AN1913+01 GZ -1.5AN1913+01 GZ -1.5AN1913+01 GZ -1.6AN1913+01 GY -1.6AN1913+01 GGTW 0.0000000 AZIL 8.9491755+01	ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA 038 FRZ 2.5402491+05 MRZ 0.0000000 0M6Z 0.0000000 0M6Z 2.1344341-07 MSAD 0.000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -9.2473512+62 MRZA 0.000000 CD 1.0094760-01	TRAUECTORY DATA ZI 9.9616424+06 ZID 1.7678056-02 ZID 1.234-7011401 GAME 7.9983450+01 RGET 0.0000000	ORBITAL ELEMENT DATA INCL. 2.8470606+01 RP. 3.0017910+04 ENERGY -6.7210706+08 ARGLAT 4,4779276+02
XYZYZ R XYZYZ R SZ 50 5 1 50 6 6 6 11 1 1 FR'AG 6 ALPIAG 6 ALPIAG 6 AZII 8	SE FRZ NARZ OMEGZ OMEGZ OWEGZD MGA MGA	AERODYN Sa FBZA MBZA CD	TRAJECT ZI ZIO ZIO ZIOO GAME RGET ZOE	INCL RP ENERGY ARGLAT
1,5345416+07 1,3442795+03 6,6206800 6,6206800 3,970841+02 5,137222+01 5,137222+01 6,137222+01 7,13722401 6,13722401 7,13722401 1,5034735+02	0 16.038 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	0 0 16.038 0.0000000 0.0000000	0 0 16.038 2.1644950+04 1.3691295+03 6.5063884+00 8.4078495+01 0.0000000	9.9713349-01 2.0025741+07 2.9049561+10 9.2578148+01
XYZI VI GY – POR DIU – ALT ALT ALT GAVE E1694TM	GMT FFRY ONEGY OWEGY 16A 16AD	GVT FRYA MBYA CL	GMT YI YID YIDD AZII RGE YDE	ECC AREF HMAS DESC Z
6.6376039+00 5.897603+00 8.999404+01 8.99940404 1.789267-01 8.7791267-01 -3.4393334-03 -2.6742466-03 -2.6742466-03	1,603763-61 1,0050006-401 7,0606437-06 6,000000 0,0000000 1,597500-62	1.602760+01 1.0000000+01 -3.1360929+04 0.0000000	1,603769+01 1,000000C+01 1,8387097+07 2,637678+402 2,80599+01 0,0000000	1.60376C+01 1.00200C+01 1.0071694+07 1.7801497+02 -1.197050C+04 1.7946134+03
ZIMEC ZIE ZIE GRIU GRIU GRAU FRXA XYZIOS	TIME TPHASE FAX MBX OMEGX OMEGXD OGA	TIME TPHASE FBXA MBXA LOD	TIME TPHASE XI XIO XIOD AZIE RGI XOE	TIME TPHASE A MA HA PERIOD

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

ST AVAILABLE COPY

:						:	:									VEHICLE 1									
PAGE 9		DESCRIPTION CPEN LOOP STEERING WITH GRAVITY TUPW IS EXECUTED, VEHICLE THRUSTS, ALONG THE	SCUMBLINE PLANE						-					-	1,6889829+00 4,7139359+00			2,4399903+03	2.8447645+01	0,000000		-	2.6783041+02	1,7996234+02	
:		THRUSTS	INTERED !			:	:		VEHICLE B					VEHICLE	ALPHA RETA	HANA	a	ALT	LATC	DRG		VEHICLE	ARGPER	4 A	
	FHICLE 1 ***	SCUTED, VEHICLE	JTO XZ EARTH-CE	4LGORITHM					0 16.038	38569	00000000	0.0000000			2.9143303-01 1.1548039+02	0.0000000	910.01	201	2,5212829+01	0.0000000	3,2248540+02		2,0913771+07	1,7900604+02	
:	AY FOR	'4 IS EXE	FCTED I			:			J J S	FVAG	OVEGA	ONEGAD			MACH	<u>.</u>	-1-0	A I	ΑI	CRG	VE		ASC N	E.A	
15 2.3	*** PHASE INPUT SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE	ITH GRAVITY TUR	ITY VECTOR PROLE	1963 PATRICK AFB SPLINE-FIT ATMOSPHERE	EXECUTED IS EXECUTED				DYNAMICS DATA	2.6402491+05	0.0000000	2.1344341-07	000000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA	0.0000000	1.0094760-01	TRAJECTORY DATA	9.9616424+06	1.2343011+01	0.0000000	1.7678053+02	ELEMENT DATA	3.0017910+04		4.4779276+02
Suns	# PHA	ERING W	E VELOCI	AFB SPL	ODEL IS		FOR TH		ROTATIONAL	F82	OVERZ	O'VEGZD MSA	MGAD	AERODYN	FAZA MAZA	ទ	TRAJECT	212	2100	GAME	3 0 2	ORBITAL E	INCL	ENEPGY	ARGLAT
	TYPE OF SIMULATION: LAUNCH VEHICLE STATE INITIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE	CPEN LOOP STE	EARTH RELATIVE VELOCITY VECTOR FARSODYNAMICS SIMPLATED FOR 300F	1963 PATRICK	VAIN ENGINE MODEL IS EXECUTED VAPIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED		HE 1963 PATRICK ATMOSPHERE IS DEING EMPLOYED FOR THIS CASE		4	0.030000	0.9039639	0.0396303 -8.599997+00	000000000		0 0 16.03e 0.0000000 0.0000000	0.00000000		2.1694953+04	6.5363694+03	0.0000003	4,8321304+01	0	9,9713349-01	2.9349561+10	9,2578148+01
	NCH ATION FO OH INPUT	MODEL	425096	ATWSPL	MAEING		HERE IS	*		F 6 4	WILL OFFICE	ONEGYD 16A	IGAD		G M T F P Y A M C Y A	ಕ		YI Y	YIC	AZ11 RGE	YDE		ECC	HMAG	DESC 11
PHASE 30	TYPE OF SIMULATION: LAUNCH VEHICLE STATE INITIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHA	VALUE	101		< <u> </u>		PATRICK ATMOSF		1,503750+01	7.0606837+06	00000000	1.5975000+02	0,0000000	1.603760+61	6.0000000 -3.13e0929+04	0,0000000	1,603760+01	1.8367007+07	2.6376784+02 2.10000089+01	5.8859412401	2,6534946+02	1,602760+01	1.0471394+07	-1.1970500+04	1,7946134+03
CASE 1 P	TYPE OF S VEHICLE S NO VEHICL	FLAG(S)	IGTURN	ISTAN	ITAR	MASVAH	THE 1963		TINE	TPHASE	X B X	OWEGXD	OGAD	3511	351	007	TIVE	TPHASE	C1 x	AZIE	XDE.	TIME	TPHASE	a d X I	PERIOD

B. 1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

		_	_		_	_	_	_			
:					1,4953534-01	-9.2764264-0	-1,9700909+00	-8.0603531+0	0,0000000	7.1761948+02	
9;		YID	XYZIDD	MGA	CIB	BIC	HA	LONG	VG11Z	XYZIDS	
PAGE 10		9.9616424+06 XID 2.6376784+02 YID	2,7722205+01	-8.5999997+00 MGA	8.6804170-01	-4.2563312-02	5,1139791-02	2.8b09089+01	0.0000000	4.0042846+06	0.0000000
:		XIO	XYZDDS	IGA	615	610	RANGE	CTAL	VGNY		1160
		9,9616424+06	6.5395427+00	1.50000000+04	0.0000000	7.9886774-01	1,1548039+02	4,7139359+00	0.0000000	1.4493701+06	1,7996234+02
:		XYZI	XYZDDS	SWGT6	POR	OIP	GRAK	RETA	XNBA	ENGSTA	TA T
SVDS 2,3	VARIABLE OUTPUT		4.9294878+01 X	-1.5379194+01	000000000	3,4222548-01	7,1169780+06	1,6889829+00	3,2248540+02	0.0000000	8.5903455+01
:	VARIA	XY2I	SOUZAX	29	POR	PIJ	FBMAG	ALPHA	u >	ENG9TM	AZII
SVDS 2,3		XYZI 1.8387097+07	1.4244581+03 XYZDDS	-3,3154366-02	000000000	-4.9466347-01	2,4399903+03	5.6932162+01	7,9993436+01	2.9507722+C6 ENG9TM	
:			1>	34	PUK		ALT	3 ATSM62 5.	6A''E	ENG4TH	2721Y
CASE 1 PHASE 30		TIMEC 1.6037604+31	1,7678352+02	-2.8294789+01	1,597,000+32	4.7343719-01	817 3.7102556-31	-3.428938+03	1,2877225+31	-3,1350929+04	XYZIDS 4.8722427+01
CASE		TIMEC	210	9×	067	719	BIC	2	SAMI	FOXA	XY2105

SEST AVAILABLE COPY

: : :				VEHICLE 1
PAGE 19	1 1,0041564+00 3,6411687-01 1,7892812+02	7	1,0041562+00 3,6807399-01 1,7892819+02	1,0041553+00 3,6807276-01 1,7892819+02 1,3371497+05 2,861555+01 2,845,096+01 0,000,000
	VEHICLE 68 ALPHA 8ETA 8ANK	VEHICLE	VEHICLE ALPHA BETA BANK VEHICLE 9	VEHICLE 79 ALPHA BETA BETA BANK 79 LATD LATC CATC
	0 1 55.568 3.2065204406 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.1678074401 6.9267764401 0.000000	0 1 55,578 3,2021677+06 0,0000000 0,0000000	0 1 55.579 6.9275091401 0.0000000 1 55.579 0 1 55.579 0.000000 0.0000000	0 1 55.579 6.92025490 6.92025490 6.000000 0 1 55.579 2.1043468+07 5.4465359476+01 2.5601569+01 0.000000 4.3134407+03
:	GET MANAG MANAG OVEGAD OVEGAD GET CF	GET FVAG VVAG OVEGA OVEGAD	GET MACH BRAR LF LF GET MMAG OWEGA OWEGA	GET MACH OBBAR LF GET VI VI OBMI CPG
05 2.3	FRZ 3.1863374+05 NHGZ 0.000000 OYEGZ 0.000000 OYEGZD 0.000000 NGA 3.2016512-07 MGAD 0.000000 AERNDYNAMIC DATA FRZA -7.4563019+02 FRZA 0.0000000	DYNAMICS DATA 3.1863459+05 0.000000 0.000000 0.1744341-07 0.00000	AEHODYNAWIC DATA FRZA -7.4494508+02 CD 0.0000000 CD 2.2822142-01 CD 2.2822142-01 FRZ 2.2822142-01 FRZ 3.1863462+05 MNGZ 0.0000005 OWEGZD 0.0000005 MNGA 3.2016512-07	### ##################################
SONS	ATIONAL FRZ WBZ ONEGZD ONEGZD MGAD MGAD AERODYN	STATIONAL STA FBZ MBZ OMEGZ OMEGZ OMEGZD II MGA	AERODYNA FRZA FRZA CD	62 62
	8011 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	805.576 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000
	GMT FEBY OWERY ONTERYD 1GAD IGAD GMT FBYA MBYA CL	GWT FBY WBY OFFGY OWESYD IGAD	GMT MBYA CL CL GMT PBY MRGY ONEGY	
PHASE 30	1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677 1.155677	1,155785-02 9,9540857+01 3,168753+06 6,065090 0,065080 0,055080 1,7956297+02	1,155765+02 9,9540855+01 -4,250104+04 0,0050600 1,155788+02 9,95412600 0,005000 0,005000 0,005000 0,005000 0,005000 1,7936257+02	
CASE 1	TIME PROPERTY OF STREET OF	TIME TOTALSE STORY OFFICE OSA OSA OSA OSA OSA	TREE TENASE NOT LOS TREE TENASE FPX MRX MRX OVEGE OSS	u u

								4.9668362+03	.8885369+00	5.2016512-07	8.4812730-01	-5.2975971-01	3.4875077+01	-8.0216934+01	0.00000000	5.2849308+03	
								YID 4.96		m	81J 8.46	BIJ -5.29	HA 3.46	LONG -A.02	VGF.Z 0.00		
PAGE 20	LE 1		ARGPER 2.7086360+02	-2.0535517+07	1.7894864+02			XID 2.0277968+03	1,6337646+01 XYZIND	-5.800F566+01	.6511151-01	.3920366-01	2,0435907+01	2,8615559+01		+06 XY	000000000
	VEHICLE		D2 ARGPE	1 HP	D2 TA			XID 2		IGA -5	BIJ 4	7 619	RANGE 2	LATD 2	VGNY	T LM	TT60 0
				2,1137646+07	1.7227361+02			1,0026578+07	4.3997565+01 XYZDDS	1.5000000+04	0.0000000	8.7334067-01	6.9202549+01	3.6H07276-01	0.0000000	1.5366436+06	1.7394864+02
:				AM S	EA			XYZI	CYZDDS	SW3T6	BOB	910	GAAR	RETA	XNU/	NG 31'4	4 A
SV05 2.3	ORBITAL ELEMENT DATA		2.8455263+01	3.9022404+05	ENERGY -6.5387123+08	ARGLAT 4.4981224+02	VARIABLE OUTPUT	XYZI 2.8094756+05	XYZDUS 2.9826317+01 XYZDDS	10+0660619.1	0.0000000	5.8949439-03	3,2443908+06	1,0041553+00	4.3134867+03	0.0000000	8.9898244+01
	DRHITAL		ITICL	a	EMERGY	ARGLAT	VARIAB	XYZ	XYZDDS	29	P.O.G	CIP	FBWAG	ALPHA	V.F.	ENG91W	A211
			9.6374709-01	2.0925741+07	1.0385958+11	9,1083652+01		1,8499690+07	_	-4.2406624-01	0.0000000	-4.8737426-91	1,3371497+05	5.5608574+01	3,3754235+01	8.5678532+05 ENG9TM	2,9203069+03
			ECC	REF	H. AG	DESC N		XYZI	11	64	FOR	_	ALT	ATS1.62	64VE	EN64TX	XYZIDS
CASE 1 PHASE 30	1,155788+02	9.954121+01	1,0763935+07		2.1190500+05	1,8702058+63		1,1557801+32	1,1496650+03	-2.79377F0+01	1,7936257+32	2,5367571-01	4,1564278-01	-	2,5901569+31		3,6445522+03
CASE	TINE	TPHASE	4	A	FI	PERIOD		TIMEC	210	×S	OGA	910	SIC	Q.	6 A . I	VXHA	XYZIUS

BEST AVAILABLE COP

					VEHICLE 1		
PAGE 22		*			1,0041553+00 3,6A07276-01 1,7892819+02	1,3371497+05 2,865559401 2,84555961 -8,026934+01 0,0000000	1 2.7086360+02 -2.0535517+07 1,7894864+02
				VEHICLE 9	VEHICLE 9 ALPHA RETA BANK	ALT LATD LATC LONG DRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA
	VEHICLE 1 ***	ALGORITHM * * * * * *	*	0 1 55.579 1.5059776+06 0.0000000 0.0000000	0 1 55.579 4.1681229+00 6.9202549+01 0.0000000	0 1 55.579 2.1043468+97 5.446539+93 5.448716379+91 2.5901569+01 0.0000000 4.3134807+03	2,7108365+02 2,1137646+07 1,7227361+02
	SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE			GET FYAG MWAG OMEGA OMEGAD	GET MACH GRAR LF	GET RI VI AI GAMI CRG	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
ins 2.3	INPUT	TMOSP COMP	:	579 FRZ 3.1881846+05 MPZ 0.0000000 OWEGZ 0.0000000 WGAD 3.2016512-07 MGA 0.000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -5.60729A2+02 MBZA 0.0000000 CN 1.7179169-01 TRAJECTORY DATA	1.0026578+07 1.1496650+03 1.349577+00 3.3754235+01 0.000000	ELEMENT DATA 2.8455263+01 3.902240+05 -6.5387183408 4.4981224+02
SVUS	*** PHASE	SIMULATI AFB SPL UTH AND UTH AND O RE THRE	YED FOR TH	TATIONAL P FRZ MBZ OWEGZ OWEGZD MGA MGAD	AERODYN FRZA WBZA CD TRAJECT	ZI ZIO ZIOD SAME RGET ZOE	ORBITAL E INCL RP ENERGY ARGLAT
	V: LAUNCH TIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: LIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE MUDEL DESCRIPTION	AEFORYHAMICS SIMULATED FOR 330F 1963 PARRICK AFB SPLINE—FIT ATM 1963 PARRICE AFB CONTROL SECUTED VEHICLE IS TO BE THROTTLED VARIABLE MASS WODEL IS EXECUTED	ATMOSPHERE IS BEING EMPLOYED FOR THIS CASE	807. 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	0 1 55.579 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	2.8004756405 4.9648562403 2.964852403 8.964852401 8.00000000 3.6178613403	9,6374709-01 2,0725741+07 1,0385958+11 9,1083652+01
	UNCH ZATION F ION INPU	ARO356 ATMSPL AZTTAR MAENG THROTL VARMAS	PHERE IS	GMT FBY CHEST ONESTD IGA	GMT FBYA MBYA CL	GN.T YI YIL YILD AZII RGE YDE	ECC KREP HMAG DESC R
PHASE 40	VALUE		THE 1963 PATRICK ATMOS	1,155788+02 0,000000 1,4718436+06 0,000000 0,000000 1,7936257+02	1,155788+02 0,0000000 -3,1991231+04 0,0000000	1.8499090-07 2.027796#-03 -0.27796#-03 -0.27996#-03 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000	1.15578402 0.60000 1.0763935407 1.6484988402 2.1190500405 1.8702068+03
CASE	TYPE OF SIN VEHICLE STAND VEHICLE FLAG(S)	IAEPOF ISTAN ITAP INGFLG KTHROT MASVAR	THE 1963	TIME TPHASE FRX MRX OWEGX OWEGX OGA	TIME TPHASE FRXA MGXA LOD	SE	TIVE TPHASE A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

B. 1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

	YID 4.9668362+03	-8.2938313+00	3.2016512-07	8,4812730-01	-5.2975971-01	3,4875077+01	LONG -8.0216934+01	2,1649577+04	000000000									
	YID	COIZAX	MGA	BIO	019	H	LONG	VGNZ	XYZIDS									
	XID 2.0277968+03	1.0800216+01	-5.800A566+01	4.6511151-01	7.3920866-01	2,0435907+01	2.8615559+01	5.4059278+01	1.5072326+06	3.8569260+02	VEHICLE 1							
	XID	XYZDDS	IGA	BIJ	BIJ	RANGE	LATD	VGNY	TX.	1160	VEH	0000	90					
	XYZI 1.0026578+07	.3041636+01	1.5000000+04	POR . 0.30030C0	3.7334667-01	3.9202549+01	3.6807276-01	3.7844972+03	3.1204303+05	1.7894864+02		0 3 55,000	-	0.0000000	0.000000	_		
	XYZI 1	ZUUZ	SWGT6 1	POR . 0	BIJ B	A HAPO	RETA 3	VGNX 3	ENG3TM 5	TA 1		GET	FMAG	MMAG	OWEGA	OMEGAD		
VARIABLE OUTPUT	XYZI 2,8094756+05	5.4866739+03 XYZDDS 1.9643949+01 XYZDDS 2.3041636+01 XYZDDS 1.0800216+01 XYZDD -8.2938313+00	1,5190990+01 5	000000000	5. 89404 to-63	1,5373751+06	1,0041553+00	4,3134807+03	0.000000.	8,9898244+01	ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA		3.1953968+05	0.000000.0	0.0000000	0	8.6348914-02	0.0000000
VARIAB	XYZI	KYZDDS	67 -	70R	PIL	FB.AG	ALPHA		ENGOTM	AZII	DIATIONAL	00	4	NAZ	OWEGZ	OVEGZD	MGA	MSAD
	70+0606048.1 IZXX	5.466 139+03	4.2406624-01	000000000	4.8777426-01	1,3371497+05	3,2147260+01	3,3754235+01		0.00000000	à	0 3 55,000	0.0000000	000000000	0.000000	00000000	-8.2937902+01	0.000000
	XYZI	1/	. Ye	POR	- C18	ALT	ATSM62	SAME.	ENG4TM	SOIZAX		GMI	FRY	MBY	OMEGY	OTTE GYD	IGA	IGAD
	1,1557681+02	1,1496656+03	-2 7937780+31	1,7936257+02	2.5767571-01	4.1564278-01	-3,3797115+03			0.0000000	2.350606402	-	1,5042015+06	0.00000.0	000000000	000000000	1.7932833+02	000000000
	TIVEC	717	×	OGA	PIC.	615	T. O.I.	EMME	FBXA	SUIZAX	INE	THASE	FBX	XEM	ONEGX	OMEGXD	OGA	OGAD

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

: :	VEHICLE 1		YID 8,9628032+03 MGA 883834-01 MGA 9,9219645-01 BIJ 9,9219645-01 BIJ -1,2463350-01 NG 5,8220867-01 GNZ 1,7146561+04 LDS 1,6957247+03
PAGE 33	-2,7850631+00 2,144418-01 1,7916534+02 3,3226795+05 2,8591105+01 2,8432255+01 7,8226867+01 0,0000000	LE 1 R 2,7319496+02 -1,9567607+07 1,7914655+02	4,2447798+02 YID 7,0802469+00 XYZDD 6,2838902+01 MGA 1,1016172-01 BIJ 8,553762-01 BIJ 1,2577629+02 HA 1,2577629+02 HA 2,8591105+01 VGNZ 1,1037047+01 VGNZ 1,1037047+06 XYZIDS
	VEHICLE 0 3 55,000 8.0254070+00 ALPHA 2.4115461-02 RETA 0.0000000 BANK 0 3 55,000 2.1242045+07 ALT 8.9775210+03 LATD 4.335817+01 LATC 6.2230675+00 LONG 9.0000000 7.6252123+03	VEHI +02 ARGP +07 HP +02 TA	XYZDDS 164 164 164 BIJ RANGE LATD VGNY WT
	GET 0 3 59 MACH 8.0264070 OBAR 2.4115461 LF 0.0000000 GET 0 3 59 R1 2.1242045 VI 8.975210 VI 8.975210 VI 8.975210 VI 6.2836817 GGMI 6.2836817 CR6 0.0000000 VE 7.6252123	ASC N 2,707 RA 2,125 EA 1,766	XYZDDS 4,2345879401 SWC76 1,2345879401 SWC76 1,50400000 PDR 0,0000000 PLJ 8,7237215-01 ONAR 2,4115461-02 FETA 2,1444418-01 VANX 1,1813176+03 FEG 5,1229942405 TA 1,7914655+02
Svos 2.3	AERODYNAMIC DATA PPZA 5.7412280-01 MNZA 0.0000000 CD 1.8205159-01 TRAJECTONY DATA ZI 2.8950123402 ZIDD 7.810501240 GANE 7.332305340 GANE 7.3323053402 ZOE 2.8959123402	BITAL ELEMENT DATA 1 258458150+01 20 1 3581347+06 EVERGY -6.2237210+08 AFGLAT 4.5234151+02	1.0964789+06 1.2891516+01 XY 1.4895548+01 SY 0.000000 2.9563530-03 1.537786+06 7.6252123+03 0.000000 9.1268564+01
\S	0 0	ORBITAL I INCL PRO REGGY REGENERATION VARIATE	XYZI XYZDDS 6Z POR 81J FBWAG ALPHA -
	0 3 55.000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000		1.8647641+07 8.9775210+03 -1.6097025+00 0.0000000 -4.86*3340-01 3.3226*75+05 4.45275+05 7.3323053400 9.0005000
	GMT CL YA CL YA CL YA CL YA YICO YICO YICO YICO YICO YICO YICO YICO	ECC RREF HMAG DESC N	XYZI VI 6Y POR BIJ BIJ ALT ALT GAME ENGHTM
CASE 1 PHASE 40	2.350000+02 1.342119-02 -1.5000000 0.0000000 2.342119-02 1.342119-02 1.42447044-07 4.24477941-07 4.24470404-07 4.24470404-07 6.00000005	2,350009+02 1,194212+02 1,13642123-07 1,7355511492 3,3356900+05 2,0139716+03	2.3500000402 2.895123402 2.775989401 3.752533402 5.8564942-02 4.8554564-03 6.2200535400 7.220053540 4.1107611533
CASE 1	TIME FERRA SE TIPHASE XXIII XX	TIME TPHASE A A MA HA PERIOD	ZID ZID ZID OGA 0 GA 0 GA EIU EIU EIU ZG CA III



		1 1		1				:	PAGE 35	
17 PF 0F	STWILL ATTOMIC LA	HORION		d ***	PHASE INPUT SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE	HARY FOR	VEHICLE 1 ***			
VEHICLE NO VEHI FLAG(S)	VEHICLE STATE INITIALIZATI NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATI FLAG(S) VALUE	IZATION F TION INPU	VEHICLE STATE INITIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE FLAG(S)	SE						
IACROF		AR0356	AERODYNAMICS	SIMULA	SIMULATED FOR 350F					
TSTAN	15	ATMSPL	1963 PATRICK	AFB SPL	1963 PATRICK AFB SPLINE-FIT ATMOSPHERE		ALGORITHM			
TUSFLS	• 10	MAELG	MAIN ENGINE MODEL IS EXECUTED	WODEL IS	EXECUTED	010				
KTHROT	3 -4	THROTL	VEHICLE IS TO BE THROTTLED VAPIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED	S MODEL	STATED IS EXECUTED					
:	•			* * * * *		* * *		•	•	:
THE 196.	S PATRICK	SPHERE IS	ATMOSPHERE IS BEING EMPLOYED FOR THIS CASE	YED FOR TH	IS CASE					
TIME	2,350		ROJ	POTATIONAL	DYNAMICS DATA			VEHICLE		
TPHASE	0.0000	GMT	0 3 55,000	0		GET	0 3 55,000	0		
X S X X X	1.3800747+36	FBY	0.0000000	ZH4	2,9315571+05	FWAG	1,4108673+06			
ONEGX	0.0000	OMEGY	0.00000000	OWEGZ	0.00000.0		0.0000000			
OVE GXD	0.0000		0.0000000	OWEGZD	0.0000000	OWEGAD	0.00000000			
0640	0.000000000	IGAD	0.00000000	MGAD	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000					
TIME				AERODYNAMIC	NAMIC DATA			VEHICLE	-	
TPHASE	000000	GMT	0 3 55,000	0		GET	0 3 55,000			
AXAX.	-1.1801652+01	FBYA	0.0000000	FBZA	5.7412280-01	MACH	8.0264070+00		-2,7850631+00	
100	00000000	5	0.00000000	200	1.8205159-01	LF	0.00000000	BANK	1.7918534+02	
TIME	2.350			TRAJECT	TRAJECTORY DATA					VEHICLE 1
TPHASE	000000	GMT	0 3 55,000	0		GET	0 3 55,000	0		
XX		, , ,	1.0964789+06	212	1,0113738+07	12	2,1242045+07	ALT	3,3226795+05	
XIX	-1.5552584+01	YIDD	3.7241848+01	2100	-8-4007834+00	1	4.1223916401	LATD	2,8591105+01	
AZIE	9,1497020+31	1174	9,1268564+01	GAME	7,3323053+00	GAMI	6.2230635+00		-7.8220867+01	
HG1	0.00000000	146F	0,0000000	RGET	0.00000000	CRG	0.00000000		000000000	
ACE.	5.64444402	YLE	7,6029958+03	302	2.8059123+02	VE	7,6252123+03			
TIME	2,350000+02		40	ORBITAL E	ELEMENT DATA			VEHICLE	1	
TPHASE	0.00000									
۸:	1,130,4723+07	ECC PPF F	8.7990379-01	INCL	2.8458150+01	ASC N	2,7070221+02	PER	2,7319496+02	
1 4			1.8957719+11	ENERGY	-6.2237216+08	1 4 Y	1.7662429+02	T A	1.7914655+02	
PERIOD			9.070221++01	ARGLAT	4.5234151+02	1				

	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
: :	8,9628032+03 8,585E04+01 8,585E04+01 9,9219645-01 1,2463350-01 7,8220865+01 1,7263311+04	
36	XXZIDD NGA NGA BIJ BIJ HA LONG VGNZ	
PAGE	4,2447798+02 6,428764701 1,1016172-01 8,6559362-01 8,6559362-01 8,6559362-01 1,6559362-01 1,6591105+01 5,6597452-01 1,6597452-01 1,6597452-01 1,6597452-01 1,6597452-01	VEHICLE 1
	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	10
	1.0113738+07 3.304000+04 0.306000+04 0.306060 8.71546-01 2.115461-01 1.564173-33 1.5641-01 1.564173-33	0 8 9.110 1.0134994+06 0.0000000 0.0000000
		CA GET SET WAS OMEGAD OMEGAD
SVDS 2.3	VARIABLE OUTPUT XXZI 1.0564749406 GZ -1.449654401 FUR G.CCCCCO FUR Z -554350-C3 FUNA 1.4106774706 FUNA -2.785C6314C0 FU	POTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA 110 FP 2 2.1061945+05 MP.Z 0.0000000 0.026 0.0000000 0.066ZD 0.0000000 2 MGA 4.9515657-01 MGAD 0.0000000
	VARIABI XYZCOS XYZCOS GZ GZ PGR BIJ FBVAG ALPHA VE FNG9TM	OTATIONAL 10 FPZ MPZ O''EGZ CWEGZD MGA MGAD
	1.8647641+07 P. C775510+03 1.6007025+00 1.6007025+00 1.6007025+00 1.3226745-01 1.3226745-01 1.322675+05 1.322675+05 1.32267000 0.000000	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
!	XYZI VII POR HIU ALT ALT ALT GA''E ENGTIM	GWT FRY VRRY OWEGY OWEGYD IGA
CASE 1 PHASE 50	2.35000000000000000000000000000000000000	4,691153462 2,5411033492 9,9176197465 0,0000000 0,0000000 1,7948231402 0,0000000
CASE 1	TIMEC ZIE ZIE GAN OGA BIU BIU BIU BIU RAN XYZIUS	TIVE TOHASE FEX ONESX ONESX OGA OGA

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

:	VEHICLE 1		2,49A3Q26+04 -3,421A5+01 4,9515657-01 3,586153-01 8,0555112+01 -6,707Q266401 -6,707Q266401 2,66A7Q2-02
PAGE 58	1 6.3827568+00 4.3359452-02 1.7932875+02 3.7963583+05 2.7765611+01 2.7616106+01 0.0000000	3,5132711+02 9,0466750+04 1,1243995+02	-5.1763406+03 YID -6.675324-00 XYZICD -1.0962130+02 KGA -2.905557-C1 BIJ 8.2255171-01 BIJ 7.1799130+02 PA 7.2756511+01 LONG 7.9170391-03 VGNZ 3.3896477+05 XYZIDS 0.0000000
1 1	VEHICLE 10 ALPHA HETA BANK 10 ALT LATD LATC LATC LATC PRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA	XID -5.1 16A -1.0 11A -2.9 81J -2.9 81J -2.9 RANGE 7.1 VGNT 7.9
	0 9,110 2,625,014-02 0,000000 0,000000 0 8 9,110 2,566007-04 9,7924312-01 4,975611-01 0,0000000 2,4304331-04	2,6999893+02 2,1415205+07 1,1194107+02	9.8670161+06 9.5363279+01 XY 1.5000000+04 0.0000000 8.7237012-01 2.6225114-02 R 2.825714-02 R 3.3767630+03 3.3767630+03
1	SET WACH GRAR LF GET VI VI ORNI VE	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	XYZ11 XYZ00S SWGT6 POR BOOR OBADA RETA VGNX -
SVDS 2.3	AERODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -1.0983382+00 FRZA 1.3997805-01 CO 1.3997805-01 TRAJECTORY DATA ZID -2.8107915+05 ZID -2.8107915+05 SAME 5.2770915-01 SAME 5.2770915-01 ZOME 2.8107916+03	ELEMENT DATA 2.8500117+01 2.1016208+07 -3.3174639+08 4.6374706+02	VARIABLE OUTDUT XYZI 5.06620R4.06 GYZDDS -1.041562401 GZ -1.4415620401 GZ -1.4415620401 GZ -1.44156266 GZ -1.441664560 GZ -1.441664560 VE -1.441640000 VE -1.4416400000 AZII 9.736242R401
1 2	9	ORBITAL INCL RP ENERGY APGLAT	VARIAB XYZI XYZDDS - GZ - GZ - GZ - BJJ FBWAA ALPHA ALPHA ALPHA ALPHA
	0.000000000000000000000000000000000000	9,4033575-03 2,0925741+07 5,4645752+11 8,99959+01	1,617279C+07 2,566,207404 -7,2666,20400 0,00,3020 4,860,522-01 3,796,382-01 3,796,382-01 5,62,7872-01 5,2770-01 0,000000
	SMT FRYA MRYA CL CL CL YIUD YIUD AZII RGE YDE	PRCC ESTER	XYZI VII POR POR PLO ALL ALL SAGE ENGYTM
PHASE 50	4,891103402 -9,411033402 -0,600000 0,0000000 4,8911035402 2,5411035402 2,5411035401 -3,7422185401 9,778644611 9,77864961 -0,000000	4,891103+02 2,541103+02 2,1215707+07 1,1144132+02 4,8946400055 5,1751063+03	4.8911033402 -2.6504504+01 1.74-6214-01 1.6876977-01 4.9675417-01 4.9675611-01 2.1148621+04
CASE 1	TIME FEXA FEXA MBXA LOD TIME TIME XID XID XID XID XID XID XID XID XID XID	TIME TPHASE A MA HA PERIOD	TIMEC SID SX COA BILL BILL HD GAMI

BEST AVAILABLE COV

ntinued)
(Co
Ascent
Nominal
-

				-	
				VEHICLE	
PAGE 60			1 6,3827568+00 4,3359452=02 1,7932875+02	3,7963583+05 2,7765611+01 2,771064-01 -6,707026+01 0,000000	1 3,5132711+02 9,0466750+04 1,1243995+02
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	VEHICLE D ALPHA BETA BANK	LATO LATO LATO CRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA
	OR VEHICLE 1	0 8 9.110 9.8798207+00 0.0000000	0 8 9.110 2.1132540+01 2.6225014~02 0.0000000	0 8 9.110 2.568007+04 3.1072125+01 4.9975411-01 0.0000000 2.430431+04	2.6999893+02 2.1415205+07 1,1194107+02
: :	TERE ALG	GET **	GET MACH 094R	GET VI VI AI GAMI CRG	A S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
Svos 2.3	*** PHASE INPUT SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE FOR THIS PHASE DESCRIPTION AEROTYNATICS SIMULATED FOR 3DOF 1963 PATMICK AFB SPLINE-FIT ATWOSPHERE ALGORITHM MAIN ENGLES ARE COMPUTED WATHLE 15 TO GE THROTTEED VEHITLE 15 TO GE THROTTEED		MGA 4.951565-01 MGAN 0.000000 ĀFRODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -1.09833A2+00 KRZA G.000000 CD 1.3997605-01	TRAJECTORY DATA ZI 9,8670161+06 ZIO -2,8107910+03 ZIO 1,4455812+01 GANE 5,2779915-01 KGET 0,000000 ZNE -2,8107910+03	2.9500117+01 2.9500117+01 2.1016208+07 -3.3174639+08 4.6376706+02
101	SE SIMULAT AFB SPL UTH AND CODEL IS ON SE THE	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	MGA MGAD AERODYI FBZA MRZA	TRAJECTO ZIDO GAME RGET ZOE	INCL RP ENERGY APGLAT
	*** PHASE INPUT STORE THIS PHASE DESCRIPTION AERODYNAMICS SIMULATED FOR 3DOF 1963 PATHICK AFB SPLINE—FIT ATM FLYBACK AZIMUTH AND RANSE ARE COMMINE NOINE NOPEL IS EXECUTED VEHICLE IS TO 9E THROTILED VARIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED	HERE IS BEING EMPLOYED FOR THIS CASE ROTATIONAL DYNAMI GMT	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	5.0662088406 2.4060268404 -2.406026404 9.7365428401 0.605000 2.3657845401	9,4033575-03 2,0925741+07 5,4645752+11 8,9998929+01
: :	UNCH 12ATION F 12ATION F 1	GMT 6 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	IGA IGAD IGAD GRT FBYA MEYA CL	97.7 710 710 7100 7100 706	ECC RRLF HMA3 DESC R
PHASE 65	TYPE OF SIMULATION: LAUNCH NO VEHICLE STATE INITIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INDUT FOR THIS PHASE: NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INDUT FOR THIS PHASE: NOUTL DESCRIPTION TARNOT SAMOUSE ARROWNING IS ARROSE 1963 PATRICE ISTAN 15 ARROSE ATRICE INTRA INTR	THE 1963 PATRICK ATMOSP TIME TPMASE 0.000000 MY 0.000000 MY 0.000000 MY 0.0000000 MY 0.0000000	4.7948211402 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	4.891103402 0.0050000 1.8178790407 -5.178749040 -2.607431941 0.000000 -4.6069069403	4,891103-02 0,000000 2,1215707+67 1,1144132+02 4,6946+005+03 5,1751063+03
CASE 1	TYPE OF VO WHICLE SOURCE SOURC	TIME 1963 TIME TRANSE FAX OFFECT OF 1963		TITE TAY TO TAY TO TO TAY TO TO T	TIVE TPHASE A NA HA HA PERIOD

CASE	1 PHASE 65			1 1	SVDS 2.3				PAGE	61	
TIMEC ZID ZID SID SID SID FRXA XYZIOS	4,8911033+02 -2,8504504+0.1 -2,6504504+0.1 -1,6836977-01 -1,683677-01 -9,9875-01 -9,9875-01 -9,8875-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01 -9,8886-01	XYZI YZI PDP PDP ATSH92 64°E ENG4TM	1, E172793+07 2, 566007+04 XY -7, 346829+00 9, 060000 -4, 846,829-01 3, 796343+65 5, 277845-64 5, 2779415-01 0,000000 1, 5738985+03	VARIABLE XYZI 55 XYZOS 1.6 67 -1.6 POR 50.6 POR 60.6 ALPHA 6.3 ENG9TM 6.3 AZII 9.1	0UTPUT 562008+06 512774-04 443592+01 000000 007665-03 007600 882568+00 330431+04	XYZI 9, XYZDDS -9, SWGT6 1, POR 0 BIJ 0 BIJ 0 BETA 4, VGNX -1,	9,4670161+06 -9,1283044-04 11,50200000 0,0020000 0,737-12-01 2,6285014-02 4,338455-02 -1,7407089-03 0,0000000	XYZDAS 1. 16A -1. 16A -1. 16J -2. 16J -2. 16ATD 2. VGNY 7.	-5.1753406+03 1.0907138-04 -1.0967130+02 -2.065557-01 7.1842428+02 2.7765611+01 7.9170391-03 0.0000000	YID XYZIDD MGA BIJ BIJ HA LONG VGNZ XYZIDS	2,4983026+04 -2,6514319+01 4,9515657-01 9,4109753-01 3,356153-01 8,0555412+01 2,6687622-02 2,9646587+03
TIME TPHASE FRY MBX OVEGX OVEGX OGA OGA	4,941103+02 5,0600000000000000000000000000000000000	SMT FIY MSY OMESY OVEGYD IGA	6 14. 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000000	FPZ WPZ OWEGZ OWEGZ MGA	110 FPZ -1.0021233+00 MAZ 0.0000000 OWEGZ 0.0000000 OWEGZ 0.0000000 WAAD 0.000000	SET FMAG MMAG OMEGA	0	VEHICLE 14.110 5+00 0	ч		
TIME TPHASE FPX MPX ONEGX ONEGX OGA	4,991103-02 1,0000000-01 -9,157192-00 0,000000 0,000000 1,7940231-02 0,0000000	GWT FEY WOYEGY OYEGYD 16A IGAD	R0110 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	ROTATIONAL 110 F92 M32 0.4652 0.4650 2 M6A M6AD	-9.1177349-01 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	PRAG MMAG ONEGAD	0 8 10.1 9.1980503+00 0.000000 0.0000000	VEHICLE 3+00 0	5		
TIVE TPHASE FRX WEX OFFGX OFFGX OGA	5.001103.02 1.1000000.01 -0.0858.878.00 0.000000 0.0000000 1.794.821.02	6MT FBY 6ME 6YD ONE 6YD 16A	8 20.110 0.930039 0.0300030 0.0300030 0.0300030 -1.0962130402	ROTATIONAL 110 FRZ RRZ 0.EGZ OWEGZD Z MGA MGAD	-8.943661-01 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 4.9515657-01	SET FMAG WAG OMEGA	9 20.1 9.1334822+00 0.0071000 0.0070000	VEHICLE 20.110 7.400	1 1		
TIVE TPHASE FEXA MEXA LOO	5.001163+02 1.1000000+01 -9.0495878+00 0.0000000	GNT FBYA MBYA CL	0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	AERODYN FRZA MPZA CD	AERODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -8.943661-01 MPZA 0.000000 CD 1.4254765-01	GET VACH PPAR	0 8 20.1 2.0886082401 2.3806904-02	VEHICLE 20.110 12+01 ALPHA 14-02 PETA 10 BANK	5.6195086+00 2.8723516-02 1.7933511+02	000	
TIME TPHASE XI XID XID XID AZIE RGI KGI	5.001103402 1.1000002401 1.4114244404 5.6410115401 9.6194696401 0.0000000	GWT YI YID YIDD AZII RSE YDE	5.34C.5659-06 2.4340553-04 2.4340553-04 -7.7470114-00 9.7756467+01 0.0000000 2.3578642+04	TRAJECT ZI ZIO GAME RGET ZDE	TRAJECTORY DATA ZI 9,835255406 ZIO -2,9693044543 ZIOD -1,4384466+01 GAME 5,2447419-01 RRET 0,0000000 ZDE -2,9693046+03	GET VI VI VI VE GAMI	2.1592705+97 2.5645087+94 3.1065175+01 4.9641399-01 0.0000000	20.110 15+97 ALT 77+94 LATD 55+01 LATC 90-C1 LONG	3,6199032+05 2,756566+01 2,7510157+01 0,626695+01 0,000000		VEHICLE 1

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

			YID 2,4899553+04 LIDD -2,6410115+01 MGA 4,9515657-01 BIJ 3,556153-01 BIJ 3,556153-01 HA 8,0540148+01 ONG -6,666695+01 GNZ 2,6687622-02 IDS 2,9646604+03
62		+05	YIC 2 MGA 4 BIJ 9, BIJ 3, BIJ 3, CONG 6
PAGE	1	3.5133404+02 9.0724000+04 1.1319449+02	XID -5,4673740+03 10630603-04 1164 -1.0630603-04 BIJ -2.906557-01 BIJ -2.255171-01 NGE 7,5767950+02 ATD 2,766566+01 GAT 2,766566+01 WT 3,3896477-05
:	VEHICLE 1	ARGPER HP TA	XID -5.4 2005 1.0 16A -1.0 81J -2.9 81J -2.9 ANGE 7.55 WY 3.99 TTGO 0.00
		2,6999695+92 2,1415113+07 1,1269877+02	5.34¢\$669+66
:		ASC RA EA	PASSON SANT
:			X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
5005 2.3	OPBITAL ELEMENT DATA	INCL 2.8500354+61 RP 2.1016465+07 ENERGY -3.3174519+08 ARGLAT 4.6452853+02	XXZI 5.34°5669-66 XXZI 5.34°5669-66 XDS 1.60°4103-04 GZ -1.43°452-31 PQR 0.000000 PIJ 5.1076685-03 BNAG 0.000000 VF 2.4901327-64 GGTW 0.000000
SV0S 2.3	OPBITAL E		VARIA XYZI XYZIJS GZ GZ PQR PIJ FBWAG ALPHA ALPHA AZII
		9,3956653-03 2,072=741+07 5,4645862+11 8,9096953+01	XXZI 1.6114249+07 Y 2.5655847404 GY 2.7841703+00 POR 0.0000000 BIJ -4.66867822-01 ALT 3.61349032405 SANE 5.2448419-01 SANE 5.2448419-01 SANE 5.2448419-01
		ECC RAEF HMAS DESC N	X X
CASE I FHASE BS	5.001103+02	2.1215769+07 1.1226217+62 4.8937125+05 5.1751364+03	5,0011033+35 2,9693C4+51 2,641023C4+51 1,7948231+32 1,6835977-01 4,5861796-01 4,9661399-01 9,0895878+00
1	TINE	NA HA PERIOD	TIMEC ZIII 2 ZIII 0 GAN BILU BILU BILU FRAN FRAN

BEST AVAILABIE CODY

PAGE 64	•	GET 0 8 20,110 FMAG 5,3620331+03 MWAG 0,0000000 OMEGAD C,0000000	VEHICLE I GET 0 8 20.110 GRAR 2.0886002+01 ALPHA 5.6195086+00 GRAR 2.3806904-02 RETA 2.8723516-02 LF 0.0000000 BANK 1.7933511+02 RI 2.1292705+07 ALT 3.8199032+05 VI 2.5665087+04 LATD 2.7565268+01 AI 3.1839411+01 LATC 2.7510157+01 GANI 4.9661399-01 LONG -6.6266695+01 CPG 0.0000000 ORG 0.0000000 VE 2.4301327+04 VEHICLE 1	ASC N 2.6990695+02 ARGPER 3.513404+02 RA 2.1415113-07 HP 9.0724000+04 EA 1.1269877+02 TA 1.1319449+02
SVDS 2.3	R THIS PHASE: DESCRIPTION AERODYNAMICS SIMULATED FOR 3DOF 1953 PARRICK AFB SPLINN-FIT ATMOSPHERE ALGORITHM FLYBACK AZIMUTH AND RANGE ARE COMPUTED MAIT: ENGINE WODEL IS EXECUTED VEHICLE IS TO RE THROITLED VARIABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED	BEING EMPLOYEC FOR THIS CASE ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA 0.0000000 FRZ -5.3620320+03 0.0000000 WEGZ 0.000000 0.0000000 OWEGZ 0.0000000 1.0962130+02 MGAD 0.0000000 1.0962130+02 MGAD 0.0000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA 0 8 20.110 0.0000000	9.3950655-03 INCL 2.8500354+01 2.0725741+07 RP 2.1016465+07 5.4645862+11 ENERGY -3.3174510+08
CASE 1 PHASE 70	TYPE OF SIMULATION: LAUNCH VENICLE STATE INITIALIZATION FOR THIS PHASE: NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE NO VEHICLE INITIALIZATION INPUT FOR THIS PHASE INCOME. I ARONS ARROYAMINES I AZTAR FLYBACK AZIMUT INGELG 3 MARIS MAIN ENGINE MO KTHROT 4 THROTL VEHICLE IS TO WASVAR I VARMAS VARIABLE NASS	1963 PATRICK ATMOSPHERE IS 5.001103+02 6MT -3.5070892+00 FBY 0.0000000 0.000000 5XD 0.0000000 0.00000 5XD 0.0000000 0.000000 5XD 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.00000000 0.00000000	5.001103+02 6.0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 1.0114249407 YI 1.0114249407 YI 1.0114249407 YI 1.0114249407 YI 1.0114249407 YI 1.0114249407 YI 1.011424907 YI 1.011424907 YI 1.011424907 YI 1.011424907 YI 1.011424907 YI 1.011424007 YI 1.011424	70-HASE 0.000000 2.212-H67-H67 ECC WA 1.12-00217-62 HPEF FA 4.6027125-35 HWAG

: :	2,4899553+04 -2,7049547+01 4,9515657-01 9,4169753-01 3,356153-01 8,0540144+01 2,6687622-02 2,6687622-02				VEHICLE 1	
PAGE 65	-5,4673740+03 YID -1,0962430-01 XYZIDD -2,096557-01 MGA -2,096557-01 BJJ 8,255171-01 BJJ 7,6160463+02 HA 2,765268+01 LONG 7,917391-03 VGNZ 2,2193500+05 XYZIDS			1 5.2528090+00 2.1869301-02 1.7933812+02	VI 3,8307533+05 2,7616517401 2,7461597401 6,5691101+01 0,000000	1 3,5080661+02 9,3024000+04 1,1407851+02
	XYZDOS -3.4673740 XYZDOS -3.5649304 IGA -1.09621304 BIJ -2.9065577 BIJ -2.9065577 BANG 7.6160463 LATO 7.6160463 VGNY 7.9170391 VTCO 0.0000000	VEHICLE 1	VEHICLE 1	VEHICLE 60 ALPHA BETA BANK	ALT LATD LATC LONG ORG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA
	9,8352252+06 15,505000+04 0,0050300 17,5050000+04 0,0050300 17,5050000000000000000000000000000000000	0 8 25.110 5.3619977+03 0.0000000 0.0000000	0 8 25.260 5.3619967+03 0.0000000 0.0000000	2.0774539+01 2.2785390-02 0.0000000	2.1293839407 2.1293839407 2.5653355904 3.1837586401 4.8670617-01 0.000000	2,6999583+02 2,1411660+07 1,1359321+02
	XYZI XYZDDS - 2 SWGT6 1.9 PCR 0.0 91.0 B.CR 2 VORX - 1.2 VORX - 1.2 TA IN 0.1	FRAG WWAG OVEGA	GET FMAG MKAG OMEGAD	GET MACH OPAR LF	GET RI VI AI GAMI CPG	RAP NA
5 2.3	0UTPUT 405669406 9925207-01 X 9925207-01 X 9925207-01 X 900000 10760869403 10760869403 1195086400 1301327404 9000000	DYNAMICS DATA -5.3619967403 0.0000000 0.0000000 4.9515657-01 0.000000	-5.3619957+03 9.0000000 9.0000000 9.0000000 4.9515657-01	AERODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -3.0878270-01 MBZA 0.0000000 CD 5.5000000-02	TRAJECTORY DATA ZI	ELEMENT DATA 2.8500494+01 2.1018765+07 -3.3175411+08 4.6488512+02
SVDS	XYZI 5.3 XYZEDS - 5.3 82 - 1.4 82 - 1.4 POR 0.6 RIU 5.1 FBMAG 5.4 ALPHA 5.6 AZII 9.1	FBZ MBZ OVESZ OVESZ OVESZ MGAD MGAD	ROTATIONAL 260 FRZ MRZ OWEGZ OWEGZD 2 MGA MGA	AERODYN 50 FRZA MGZA CD	9	INCL RP ENERGY APGLAT
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,8114249407 2,565567404 x 7,746170240 0,0000070 4,636722-01 3,713712-01 5,244714-01 5,244714-01 1,5738995403	85.110 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	801 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	0 8 25.860 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	0 A 25.260 5.4646870+05 2.4957631+04 -8.23499400 9.7047294+01 0.0060000 2.3538799+04	9,2597596-03 2,0025741+07 5,4645189+11 8,9995436+01
	XYZI I VI V VI POR GY -1 BIU -6 BIU -6 ATSMGZ ALT ATSMGZ ATSMGZ A	GMT FBY MBY OMEGY OWEGYD IGA	SMT FBY NBY OWEGY ONEGYD IGA	GMT FBYA SBYA CL	GMT YIU YIUD YIUD AZII RGE	ECC RREF HTAG DESC N
PHASE 70	5,0011033+02 -2,96530+6+03 -1,7948-21+02 -1,6836977-01 1,49312-90+01 4,9661399-01 -3,967039-01 -3,146-55-00	5.051103-02 5.0000000400 5.000000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.000000	5,052601+02 5,1497+98+00 0,000000 0,000000 0,000000 0,000000	5.052601+02 5.1497398+00 -3.358559+00 0.000050	5,652501+02 5,1497994-00 1,806.5734-07 -5,606.580+03 -2,7604473+01 0,600000 -5,2077751+03	5,052601+02 5,149800+00 2,1215213+07 1,1310701+02 4,8591h75+05 5,1749250+03
CASE 1 F	A A SOLD		TIME TPHASE FBX MEX ONEGX ONEGX OGA	Si Si	TIME TPHASE XID XID XIDD AZIE RGI XOE	TIME TPHASE A HA HA PERIOD

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

				2,4857631+04	2.7004470+01	4,9515657-01	9,4189753-01	3,3586153-01	7,9971930+01	-6.5891101+01	2.6687622-02		
	99	•		YIO	- QQIZAX	MGA	619	UIS	HA	LONG		XYZIDS	
	SVDS 2.3			XYZI 5.4686870+06 XYZI 9.8197387+06 XID -5.6065580+03 YID 2.4857631+04	-3.5696012-01	-1,0962130+02	IJ -2.9065557-01	8.2255171-01		2,7616517+01	7.9170391-03		0,0000000
,		•		XIO	XYZDDS	IGA	UI0	BIJ	RANGE	LATD	VGNY	1.3	1160
				XYZI 9.8197387+06	-2,6176221-01	1.5000000+04	0.00000000	8.7237012-01	2.2765390-02	2.1869301-02	-1.7407089-93	0.00000.0	1.1407851+02
	1			XYZI	XYZDDS	SWGT6	POR	CIP	GBAR	RETA	V XNDA	ENGSTM	4 A
	5005 2.3		VARIABLE OUTPUT	XYZI 5.4686870+06	-6.39P1073-01	-1,4359726+01	000000000	5,1076695-03	5.3616869+03	5.2528090+09	2,4290566+04	0,0000000	9,7940296+01
1	1		VARIA	XYZI	SOUZAX	29	POR	Cla	FBMAG	ALPHA	البا البا	ENGGTM	AZII
						-7,9717376+00	0.0000000	-4.68PU322-01	3.8337533+05	7.7300883-01	5.1349473-01		1,5720621+03 AZII
	,			XYZI	I >	45	P D R	B10	ALT	ATSI-52	SAME	ENCHIN	XYZIDS
	CASE 1 PHASE 70			TIMEC 5.0526013+02	-3,0451562+03	-2.67.04060+01	1,704 4231+02	-1.6836977-51	4.5691798-01	1,5309761+01	4.8620617-01	-3,35H6509+00	2,1147271+04
	CASE 1			TIMEC	212	6.8	790	213	G10		GA I	FBXA	XYZIDS

BEST AVAILABLE C

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

CASE 1	PMASE 75 SIMULATION: STATE INITIAL!	, , ,	THIS PHASE;	SVOS 2.3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	VEHICLE 1 ***		PAGE 68	
FLAG(S) ISTROF ISTROF INCFLG VTURCT MASVAR	2 22 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	AZTTAN AZTTAN AZTTAN TARDIS VARMAS	DESCRIPTION AERODYNANICS SIMULATED FOR 3DO 1963 PATRICK AFB SPLINE-FLT A FLYBACK AZIMUTH AND RANGE ARE NAIN ENGINE NOMEL IS EXECUTED VEHICLE IS TO ME THROTTLED VARTABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED	DESCRIPTION ARRONNIATED FOR 3DOF ARRONNIAMICS SIMULATED FOR 3DOF 1963 PATRICK AFB SPLINE—FIT ATMOSPHERE FLYBACK AZIMUTH AND RANGE ARE COMPUTED MAIN ENSITE NOPEL IS EXECUTED VEHICLE IS TO PE THROTTLED VARTABLE MASS MODEL IS EXECUTED		ALGORITHM			*
THE 1963	THE 1963 PATRICK ATMOS	PHERE IS	MOSPHERE IS BEING EMPLOYED FOR	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
TIME TPHASE FBX SCTESX CVESXD 06AD	5.052601.02 0.0000000 -3.356569.00 0.500000 0.500000 1.7948231.02	GMT FBY MBY OMESY OMESYD IGA	ROTATION 0 8 25.260 0.00000000 FRZ 0.0000000 OWEG 0.00000000 OWEG -1.0962130+02 MGA 0.0000000 MGAD	260 FRZ -3.0878270-01 MRZ 0.000000 OWEGZ 0.000000 OWEGZ 4.9915657-01 MSAD 0.000000	GET FWAG WWAG ONEGA ONEGAD	0 8 25,260 3,3728152400 6,0000000 0,0000000 0,0000000	VEHICLE	ч	
TINE TOHASE FOXA MEXA LOG	5.052601.02 0.0000000 -3.356.6509+00 0.0000000	GMT FRYA MBYA CL	0 8 25.260 0.0000000 F92A 0.0000000 MBZA 0.0000000 CD	AERODYNAMIC DATA F92a -3.0878270-01 MBZA 0.000000 CD 5.5000000-02	GET MACH GBAR LF	2.0774539+01 2.2775390-02 0.0000000	VEHICLE ALPHA BETA BANK	1 5,2528090+00 2,1869301-02 1,7933812+02	
TIVE TPHASE XI XIO XIO AZIE RGI	5.05001402 0.000000 1.0CF5734-07 -5.005580-03 -2.0555610 0.000000 -5.2C7751+03	941 710 7100 7100 7100 7100 700	184JE 5.4666870+06 ZI 2.465731+04 ZID -7.9722116+00 ZID 9.794050-00 GAME 0.0000000 RGET 2.3538799+04 ZOE	TRAJECTORY DATA ZI 9,8197387+06 ZIO -3,0451562+03 GAME 5,1349473-01 RGCT 0,0000000	GET RI VI AII GAMI CRG	2.1293839+07 2.5653365+04 2.5663365+04 3.1061968+01 4.8620617-01 0.000000	ALT LATD PRG	3,8307533+05 2,7415577401 2,7461597+01 6,5891101+01 0,0000000	VEHICLE 1
TIME TPHASE A HA HA PERIOD	5.052601+02 0.000000 2.1215213+07 1.1310701+02 4.8591075+65 5.1749256+03	ECC PRET HRAG DESC N	ORBITAL 9.2597596-03 INCL 5.9925741+07 RP 5.4645189+11 EVERG 8.9995135+01 ARGLA	INCL 2.8500494401 RP 2.101875+07 EYERS 3.315411+08 ARGLAT 4.6648512+02	S A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	2,6999583+02 2,1411660+07 1,1359321+02	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA	1 3,5080661+02 9,3024000+04 1,1407851+02	

9811111111 98111111111 11 + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		69			
2,4657631 4,9515557 9,4187553 3,3586153 3,5971939 6,5891101 2,6687622 2,9613672					
YIDD MGA					97+00 50-03 93+02
5065580+03 1691897-09 19651897-09 1965557-09 2255171-09 318166217-09 3170391-09 2174188+08	-	55		.	3,4757297+00 -4,5619860-03 1,7934993+02
50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	VEHICLE				VEHICLE ALPHA RETA BANK
×	8 30.260 9506+00 0000 0000	\$ 35.260 9601+00 10000 10000	A 40.260 349A5+00 10000 10000	8 45.110	0 8 45,110 2,0396750+01 1,9419365-02 0,0000000
819738 740623 500000 000000 723701 186930 746708 140785	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0000	0.0000 0.0000	2.974 0.000 0.000 0.000	2.039 1.941 0.009
	GET FVAG MVAG OMEGA	GET FNAG WMAG ONEGA ONEGAD	GET FWAG WWAG OWEGA	GET FRAG WYAG ONEGA OMEGAD	GET MACH OPAR LF
0017PUT 468670+36 4470197-34 4350726+01 000000 1076685-03 525000000 229566404 0000000	-2.7673787-01 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000			•	AERODYNAMIC DATA FRZA -1.9429906-01 MPZA 0.000000 CD 5.5000000-02
E	SO FRE NATE ON ALL NATE ON ALEGE ON ALGE ON AL	DTATIONAL SO FRZ WRZ OWEGZ OWEGZD WGA MGAD	SOTATIONAL SOFES OWEGZ OWEGZ MGA MGAD	DTATIONAL 10 FRZ MAZ OWEGZ OWEGZ MAGA MGA	AERODYI 10 FRZA MRZA CD
	0 8 30.20 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 -1.0962130+02	8.000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 8 40.2 0.670.000 0.670.000 0.670.000 0.670.0000 -1.046.2130.000	0	0.0300000 0.0300000 0.0300000 0.0000000
XYZI VI CY - PJR BIJ - ALZ ALZ GAME ENGWTM	GMT FPY MBY OMEGY OMEGYD IGA	GMT FBY EANY OWEGYD IGA IGAD	GMT FBY ONEGY OWEGYD IGAD	GWT FPY MBY OWEGY OWEGYD 16AD	GMT FRYA MBYA CL
	5,102601-02 5,000000-00 0,0000000 0,0000000 0,0000000 1,7948231-02	5.152601+02 1.000000+01 -3.0971294+00 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	5.202601+32 1.5000000+01 -2.977434300 0.0000000 0.0000000 1.7946231+02	5.251103+62 1.9850199+01 -2.8679841+00 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 1.794821+02	5.251103+02 1.9850199+01 -2.8679841+00 0.0000000
71%FC 21D 2 SECUTION	TIME TPHASE FPX OWEGX OWEGXD OGA	TIME TPHASE FDX MDX OMEGX OMEGXD OGA	TIME TPHASE FINA ONTGX OWEGXO OGA	TIVE TPHASE FBX WBX OFFGX OWEGX OGA	TIME TPHASE FRYA MBXA LOD
	\$,0526613+32	VARIABLE OUTPUT XYZI 5.4468670+36 XYZI 9.8197387+06 XID -5.6065580+03 YID -6.5056613+02 YID -6.5056580+03 YID -6.5056613+02 YID -6.5056580+03 YID -6.5056613+02 YID -6.5056580+03 YID -6.5056614-04 YID -6.505610+04 YID -6.505610+02 YID -6.505610+04 YID -6.505610+02 YID -6.505610	State	Control Cont	F. S. C.S. C. C. L. L. L. C.

;;	VEHICLE 1	2,4692308+04 -2,6179523+01 4,9515657-01 3,358653-01 7,9946306+01 -6,447725+01 2,9613684+03
PAGE 70	VEHI 3,8717407+05 2,7418085+01 2,7263946+01 0,0000000 1 1 3,5082347+02 9,3538750+04 1,1543513+02	XYZIDD - MGA MGA BIJ BIJ HA LONG VGNZ XYZIDS
	10 LATD LATC LONG - DRG VEHICLE ARGPER HP	XYZDOS 5.7126732-05 IGA -1.0962130+02 FIJ -2.906557-01 BIJ 8.2255.711-01 BIJ 8.2255.711-01 CATA 2.7413085+01 VG4Y 2.217418+05 WT 2.217418+05 TTGO 0.0000000
	2.1298136+07 2.565827+04 3.1049860+01 4.8019318-01 0.000000 2.4294349+04 2.6999232+02 2.6999232+02	9,7564696+06 -4,0142562-04 XY 1,5000000+04 0,0050000 8,7237912-01 1,9419365-02 1,9419365-03 1,7407689-03 0,0000000 1,1543513+02
	9ET 003 VI 013 VI 01 GAMI 03 VE 03 VE 04 ASC N 06 EA	XYZD SWGT6 POR RTC COAR RETA VGEXX ENGSTM
Svos 2.3	TRAJECTORY DATA 10 21 21 3.3292107+03 210 -3.3292107+03 2100 -1.4258829+01 86EF 5.0030000 20E -3.3292107+03 REF -3.3175131+08 REF -3.3175131+08 REF -3.3175131+08 REF -3.3175131+08 REF -3.3175131+08	XYZI 5,9604982406 ZOUS 9,7762563-C5 GZ -1,4258686401 PU 5,0000000 BLM 5,107665-03 EMAG 0,000000 UFHA 3,8757297400 VZ 2,429434404 G97M 0,0000000 AZII 9,8643576461
1 1	TRAJEC. 110 110 110 121 10 Z1DD 10 Z1DD 11 GAME 14 ZDE 0RBJTAL 0RBJTAL 17 ZDE 18 ZDE 0RBJTAL 18 ZDE 11 ARGLAT	VARIAN XYZOUS XYZOUS 6Z 6Z PER RIJ FEMAG ALPHAG A ALPHAG ALPHAG A ALPHAG A ALPHAG A ALPHAG A ALPHAG
	0 8 45,110 5,960498-106 2,469298-104 -3,654914-0 9,664916-0 2,3381969+04 0R 9,2438614-03 2,0925741-03 5,4645428-11	1,7959262+07 2,565627+04 -8,6830166+00 0,003000 -4,8890322-01 3,8717467+05 4,1756933-04 5,3715,77-01 0,0000000
	Y Y I I Y Y I I Y Y I I Y Y I I Y Y I I Y Y Y I I Y Y Y I I Y	XYZI VI 9Y POR BIJ ALT ALT ALT ATSWG2 GAME ENG4TM
CASE 1 PHASE 75	5,251103402 1,9450199401 1,945019401 2,617523401 9,913235401 9,913235401 9,913235401 1,9550103402 1,955010340 1,9550103402 1,9550103402 1,9550103402 1,9550103402 1,955010340	NEC 5.2511033+02 510 -3.329217+03 6X -2.6179621+03 614 1.6936977-01 810 4.56977-01 PP 1.5394498+01 RX 1 -2.667941+04 135 2.1147271+04
CASE 1	TIME TPHASE XIO XIO XIO XIO XIO XIO YOU HASE HA HA HA HA HA HA HA HA HA HA HA HA HA	ZIMEC ZIMEC OGEN CONTROL OF CONTR

B.1 Nominal Ascent (Continued)

Company Comp						VEHICLE 1	
### PHASE A0 ### PHASE 11PUT SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE 1 *** ### PHASE 1 *** ### P	PAGE 72	3			3,8757297+00 -4,5619860-03 1,7934993+02	3,8717407+05 2,7418085+01 2,7263946+01 -6,4447125+01 0,0000000	
*** PHASE 80 *** PHASE INPUT SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE 1 *** AND SAN AND SHALL SUMMARY FOR VEHICLE 1 *** AND SAN AND S	: :	0	: :	VEHICLE	VEHICLI ALPHA BETA BANK	ALT LATD LATC LONG DRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA
PHASE A0		-		6 9 45.11 1.2267132+04 0.000000 0.0000000	0 8 45.11 2.0396760+01 1.9419365-02 0.0060000	0 8 45.11 2.1298136407 2.5658277%% 3.1010318-01 0.0000000 2.4294349404	2,6999232+02 2,1411504+07 1,1495587+02
PHASE A0		ARY FOR V			GET MACH ORAR LF	SET VII VE COPE VI	
PHASE	05 2.3	ASE IMPUT SUMM ED FOR 3DOF THE-FIT ATMOSP PANNE ARE COMP EXTLED IS EXECUTED	: :		AMIC DATA -1.9429906-01 0.0000000 5.5000000-02	9,7564696406 9,7564696406 -3,32921077403 -1,455454401 5,0716277-01 0,0000000 -3,3292107403	2.850962+01 2.850962+01 2.1019287+07 -3.3175131+08 4.6625851+02
PHASE	NS	SE SIMULAT AFB SPL UTH AND WODEL IS O RE THR	. FOR T	TATIONAL O FRZ MRZ OWEGZ OWEGZD MGA	AFRODYN O FRZA MRZA CD	TRAJECT 0 21 21D 21DD 6AME RGET 2DE	W
PHASE RO I PHASE RO STATE INITIALITY HICLE INITIALITY 1			BEING EMPLOYE		0 6 45.11(0.0000000 0.0000000	0 8 45,111 5,9604992+06 2,469230400 -7,071219+00 9,643875+01 0,000000 2,3381969+04	9.2434614-03 2.0725741+07 5.4645428+11 8.9992318+01
PHASE RO I PHASE RO STATE INITIALITY HICLE INITIALITY 1		UNCH ZATION F ION THPU MODEL ANDEL ATMSPL ATMSPL ATMSPL ATMSPL ATMSPL THROTL	PHERE 15	GMT FBY MBY OMEGY OMEGYD IGA	GMT FBYA MBYA CL	GMT YIU YIUU AZIII RGE YDE	ECC RPEF HNAG DESC N
TYPE OF VEHICLE NO VEH	181		PATRICK ATMOS	5,251103402 0,0000000 1,2267132404 0,0000000 0,0000000 1,7946231402	5.251103+02 0.0000000 -2.8679841+00 0.0000000	5.251103+02 0.0000000 1.7269262+07 -6.1260872+03 2.669696+01 0.000000 -5.6934409+03	5.251103402 0.0C00C0 2.1215392407 1.1447569452 4.8575300465 5.1749912403
		VEHICLE NO VEHICLE FLAG(S) FLAG(S) INFROT INFROT INFROT MASVAR	THE 1963	TIVE TPHASE FBX MPX OVEGX ONEGXD OGAD	SE		TIME TPHASE A MA HA HA PERIOD

	2,4692308+04 0 -2,66988+01 1 9,4189755-01 2,958152-01 0 3,558152-01 0 3,558152-01 0 6,4447125+01 2 1,9591858+02 2 2,961368+02			VEHICLE 1	
PAGE 73	-6.1280872+03 YID -2.996993-01 XYZICO -1.0967130+02 MGA -2.965557-01 BIJ 8.5970576+02 BIJ 8.5970576+02 PIJ 2.74,8085+01 LONG -1.2542571-01 VGNZ -2.2174,88+05 XYZIDS 1.3763812+02		2,1019571-02 -7,1345482-01 1,7937202+02	4,10545455 2,5949719401 2,5801527401 -5,6208145401 0,3000000	7,5599663+01 7,5599663+01 3,3181200+05 3,8609606+01
	XXZDS - 2.9 IGA - 2.9 BIJ - 2.9 BIJ - 2.9 RANGE 8:5 VGNT - 1.2 WT - 1.2	VEHICLE	VEHICLE 24 ALPHA BETA BANK	24 ALT LATD LATC LONG DRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA
	9.7564696+06 1.67649490 X1 1.5000000+04 0.000000 8.7237912-01 1.7419365-02 1.5619760-03 -0.561103+01 0.0000000	0 10 39.724 1.2264819404 0.0000000 0.0000000	0 10 39,724 1.7621969+01 7.9761731-03 0.0000000	2.1322943+07 2.1322943+07 2.58356943+04 3.1019941+01 5.0313016-01 0.0000000 2.4472479+04	2.6997307+02 2.1871240+07 3.8103659+01
	XYZI 9. XYZOUS 1. SWGT6 1. BUG 8. BIG 8. RETA -4. VGNX -7.	GET FNAG MMAG OMEGA OMEGAD	GFT MACH OBAR LF	GET VI VI GAMI	EA ASC
SV05 2.3	VARIABLE OUTPUT XYZI 5.664942406 5.7136756-01 KG -1,476884641 FUR 0.0000000 RIJ 5.107648-03 RIJ 5.107648-03 VERMA 3.8757297400 VE 2,4794149-04 VE 2,4794149-04 AZII 9.8643876401	724 FTZ -4.3314352-04 MTZ 0.0000000 0WEGZ 0.0000000 0WEGZ 0.0000000 0WEGZ 0.0000000 2 MCA -3.0902552-02 HGAD 0.000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA F9ZA -4.3314352-04 MBZA 0.000000 CD 5.5000000-02	TRAJECTORY DATA 21 9.2809197+06 210 -4.9572426+01 5.311R257-04 164ME 0.0000000 ZDE -4.9572426+03	ELEMENT DATA 2.8504335+01 2.1257553+07 -3.2638215+08 1.1420927+02
1 0	VARIABL XYZI XYZEDS - PGR PGR PGR PGR ALU FBWAS ALUPHA ALU	FPZ PPZ PPZ OMEGZ OWEGZD MGA MGAD	AERODY	TRAJECT ZI ZID ZIDD GAME RGET ZOE	INCL RP EMERGY ARGLAT
	1,796962+07 2,56427+64 2,56427+64 0,007600 0,007600 1,779222+0 1,779222+0 5,5777-0 1,572062403	R01 C 10 39,724 0.006/3003 0.006/0003 0.006/000 -1.136A329+02 0.000000	0 10 39,72 0,0000000 0,0000000	0 1C 39,724 R.775P785+06 Z.3651908+04 -1.009157+01 1.0254457+02 0.0000000 Z.2414558+04	1,4229155-02 2,9925741+67 5,5029844+11 8,9973071+01
	XYZI VII 6N - 6N - 6N - 6N - 6N - 6N - 6N - 6N -	GWT FRY OWESY ONESYD I GA	GNT FBYA MRYA CL	9MT YI YID YICO AZII RGE YOE	ECC RPEF HMAG DESC N
PHASE A0	5.2511033+02 -3.26179+01 1.794+6211+02 -1.6816777-01 4.561797-01 4.5617317-01 4.6617317-01 2.14777+04 2.14777+04	6,397239+02 1,146,359+02 1,2266419+04 0,000000 0,000000 1,7946594+02 0,000000	6,397239+02 1,1461359+02 -1,1806757+00 0,0000000	6,397239402 1,1461359462 1,7094352407 -9,1173380463 -2,5473299401 0,0060060	6.397239+02 1.145136+62 2.1564297+67 3.760557+01 9.4549825+05
CASE 1	TIMEC ZIO ZIO BIO BIO BIO BIO APPICA YZIOSA	TIVE FDY MPX MPX OWEGX OWEGX OOA	TIME TRHASE FBXA MBXA LOD	TIME XID XID XIDD AZIE XOE	TINE TPHASE A MA HA HERIOD

E.1 Nominal Ascent (Concluded)

	3415555	65				241511155
: :	2.3661098+04 -3.0902552-02 -3.157769-01 4.0165858-01 1.5560900+02 -5.6208145-04 2.8995833+03			VEHICLE 1		2.0478474+04 -3.8818957-02 7.878439-01 6.162065-01 1.577849-01 1.577849-01 1.57789-02 2.2795796-01 2.8984504+03
8.	XYZIDD XYZIDD MGA MGA BILL BILL KGNZ XYZIDS		050 050 050 050		5 + 0 1 5 + 0 5 6 + 0 1	YID XYZIDDD MGA BIJ BIJ BIJ KONS XYZIDS
PAGE	-9.1173380+03 -3.587626-01 -1.136826-01 7.994784-01 1.388355+03 2.594719+01 2.2886683-05 2.1594665+05	Laborat Control	6.6910029-01 -1.0771156+00 -1.7998742+02	4,5858677+05 2,2195295+01 2,2067875+01 -4,243644+01 0,0000000	LE 1 7,7171876+01 3,3670675+05 5,0915616+01	-1.3756530+04 1.4203409-05 -1.8203465+02 5.4129963-01 2.09483-03 2.2194295+03 2.2194295+03 2.2194295+03 2.2123577+05
		VEHICLE	VEHICLE ALPHA BETA BANK	ALT LATO LATO DRG	VEHICLE ARGPER HP TA	YXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	× × ×	59.724 0-01 0	59.724 2+01 9-03	59.724 5404 9404 6401 0-01	+04	X X X
	9,2809197+06 1,6886393+00 1,688639+00 0,0200000 8,7389054-01 7,751731-03 7,13454A2-01 1,5547343-04 0,000000 3,8609606+01	3.2286990000000000000000000000000000000000	0 13 59.7; 1.3759942+01 2.1811799-03	2,1374383407 2,1374383407 3,0838416401 6,3355404 0,0000000 2,4414967404	2,6994556+02 2,1882667+07 5,0279151+01	8.0304564+06 -3.6608699+09 1.06086090 6.0000000 8.7671533-01 2.1811799-03 1.9547343-04 0.000000 5.0915616+01
:	0440@rr40u	GET FWAG WWAG OWEGA OWEGAD	GET MACH OBAR LF	REI VI VI GAMI	R A S C A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
1	XYZUXX XYZDDS SWGT6 PGR PGR PBTA VGNX TA					XYZDES SWEDES SWEDES POR BIU ORAR RETA VGNX ENGSTM
SVNS 2.3	0UTPUT 7358785+06 5510809-01 3518748+01 000000 2362354-03 2270000+34 1019571-02 44724774-04 7000000+24	ROTATIONAL DYNAMICS DATA 724 FBZ -3.7703900-03 MRZ 0.0000000 0WEGZD 0.0000000 0 WEGZD 0.0000000 2 MGA -3.8818957-02 MGAD 0.0000000	AERODYNAMIC DATA FBZA -3,7703900-03 MBZA 0,0000000 CD 5,500000-02	TRAJECTORY DATA ZI 8.0304564+06 ZIO -7.483663+03 ZIDD -1.1617378+01 GAME 6.689R298-01 ROME 0.0000700 ZIE -7.4836063+03	ELEMENT DATA 2.8512219+01 2.1262448+07 73,2625868+08	0UTFUT 3171037+07 1617392+01 1617392+01 0000000 5351664-04 6910020-01 4414967+04 0000000
	VARIABLE XYZI 8- XYZDJS -6- GZ -1- FG G 0- BIU -4- FBMAG 1- AZHA 2- VK 2- KNG9TM 2- AZHI 1-	PEST FBZ MRZ OWEGZ OWEGZ MGA MGA	AEROD FBZA MBZA CD	2.	ORBITAL INCL RP ENERGY ARGLAT	XYZIABLE XYZDDS 2 6Z 1 6Z 1 PDR 0 BIU 4 FBMA6 0 ALPHA 6 ALTI 1
	1,7094352+07 2,583643404 -1,2684796+01 0,000000 -4,6610429-01 4,165458405 1,845282+06 5,311828-06 5,311828-06 1,5384530+03	0 13 59, 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 -1.2803965+0	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000	0 13 59,724 1,3171037407 2,0478474+04 -1,8994542+01 1,035,5011+02 0,0000000 1,939587+04	1,4375193-02 2,0925741+07 5,5100152+11 8,9945561+01	1,4795263+07 2,5740169+04 -1,8994503+01 0,0000000 -4,7734598-01 4,6968767+05 6,6698298-01 0,000000
	XYZI VII GY POR BIJ ALT ALT GAVE ENG4TW XYZIDS	GMT FBY MRY CMEGY OMEGYD IGA	GMT FRYA MBYA CL	GMT YID YIDD AZII RGEE YDE	ECC RREF HMAG DESC N	XYZI VI OY BOOK BIJ BIJ ALT ALT ALT ALT ALT SMG2 ENG47WE
PHASE 90	6.3972392+02 -4.9572426+03 -2.462221+61 1.7046594+02 -1.918593-01 4.465593-01 5.031016-01 5.031016-01 -1.1806757+00	8,397239402 2,0000000402 -3,2284769-01 0,000000 0,0000000 -1,799022402	8,397239+02 2,0000000+02 -3,2264789-01 0,000000	8,397239+02 2,000000+02 1,4795263+07 -1,3756630+04 -2,1337209+01 1,0960320+02 0,000000 -1,2756183+04	8,397239+02 2,000009+02 2,1572558+07 4,9645636+01 9,5692556+05 5,306227+03	8,3972392+02 -2,1837023+03 -2,183723+01 -1,7990822+02 -2,9445769-01 3,757945-01 6,3358479-01 -2,226479-01 2,1345028+04
CASE 1	ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC ZEC	TIVE TPHASE FBX MBX OVEGX OVEGXD OGA	TIME TPHASE FBXA MBXA LOD	TIME TPHASE XI XID XIDD AZIE RGI XDE	TIME TPHASE A MA WA WA PERIOD	TIMEC ZID ZIO GANI BIU BIU BIU RD RD RD RD RD RD RD RD RD RD RD RD RD

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer

	GETSFC A.3972375+02	2048 A 6.2230000+03 D2 -7.485035+03 A2 1.0852011+02 A2 1.0852011+02 MA 4040535+01 A(170 7.385491201 A(170 7.385491201 A(170 7.385491201
	GETSFC	COAKFA DZ AZOE AZOE ALTFO
	GETHRS 2.3325660m01	\$.258333mn2 CDAKFA 6.2230nnn+n3 2.942ushc+n3
	GETHRS	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
		WPMAN 1.0608690404 UX 2.447819404 V 2.5781168404 VE 2.441496604 RAN 1.5302092402 ECC 1.4374784202
	SECS	2
END ASCENT	GET C DAYS: 0 HRS: 13 MINS: 54-724 SECS	#PRCS 7.2447000+03 2 1.2210431+13 RA =7.524851+13 LON =4.245451 INC 2.A51221441 AM 3.555792413 OTRISE =3.6230407=01
	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
	1 JAN 1981.	GWT 7.1213577405 V w3.1550035403 DEC 2.2057876401 LAT 2.2195911401 MAPU 1.5704217402 HAPUN 1.5906507402
	000	LIMPED C
		DAM ACTIVE STATE X
		O A I J A L A L A L A L A L A L A L A L A L A

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer (Continued)

	2.6668272+05	-3 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	9.5010468+01	6.2230000 6.25125000 6.251250 6.2
	GETSEC	CDARFA PZZ AZZ AZZ AZZ AZZ AZZ AZZ TZ TZ AZZ TZ Z AZZ	OTSEC GETSEC	60466 72 72 72 72 74 74 74
5.	7,4078535-01	1. 72 X 8 X 3 X 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2.6391797-02	1.5554500 1.555400 1.5
9 5 4 d	GETHRS	2 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4	0 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
26 408 77		1,0000869900 2,522167+04 2,82318400 1,529167+04 1,529167+04 1,275204640 1,275204640 1,275204640	DHPMAN = 3,6402461+03 RC BURN SEC8 SEC8	MAN 6 99 HELS 20 +0 10 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
RC BURN	SECS	# 0 # 0 0 0 0 0 0 # 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 P 1 A N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	E 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
PEGIN ONR CIRC	0 MRS: 44 MINS: 24.627 SECS 15 MRS: 34 MINS: 24.227 SECS	7.248700003 4.17572401 2.17572401 2.85087601 2.85087801 1.550878001 1.550878001 1.579810400 5.498118000	DEFRCS 0.0000000 DEFENN - END ORR CIRC BURN O MRS. 46 MINS. 1.838 SECS IS HRS. 3.6 MINS. 4.238 SECS	7.2487000+03 -1.4789240-03 -4.87820270-03 7.95830-03 2.85004270-01 2.85004270-01 5.856940403 5.856940403
	15 HRS.	######################################	O I I ROS.	LOA LOA INC DTRIBE
	0 0475.	2,1213577+05 2,135826863 2,465727-01 2,70724-01 1,50724-02 1,50727-02 1,50727-02 1,31719-6-0 1,31719-6-0 1,31719-6-0 1,31719-6-0	1.9 TERROLSONS 0 DAYS: 1 JAN 1981:	2.0044552405 2.37426462401 -2.37453401 1.2021310401 1.5021310400
	2.2 E 1.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DVIDEL GET GMT	TAN TERMINATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
		ACTIVE STATE 2 3923799+03 3 5944310+03 1 5325244+02 5 921487+01 6 5 5 5 7 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 6 0 8	ACTIVE STATE 2.0954351+03 3.5946444-04.04 1.59469454-02 1.53229954-02 1.53239954-02 1.53239954-02
		1114 6 6 7 11 1 4 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0	0 4 1 7 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer (Continued) • PAGE 26 APR 77

### ### ### ### ### ### ### #### #### ####	### ### ### ### ### ### ### #### ######	GETHP9 2.7058966+00 GETSFC 9.9572275+03	5.856445140 9.004445140 7.1054451401 1.5067931401 1.50495440 1.50495440 1.50495440 1.50495440 1.50495440 1.50495440 1.5049640 1.5049640 1.5049640 1.5049640 1.5049640 1.50496401 1.5049640	DELNO 0.0000000 DELDZ 0.000000 DELVOOT =1.6179302+02 DA7UOT 2.9275398+05 DTHRS 2.2991598=03 DTSFC 8.2769752+00 GETHRS 2.7081957+00 DETSFC 9.9055045+03	TRMAN S. MESO120002 CDAREA 6.2230000403 BOY 22.245454604 AZ A.252304610 BANTE 2.1755914002 BENT 15074401400 ATEN 5.7714314600 PEN 15054401400 ATEN 15135175402 PEN 1505490400 TA 15725016402 THY 88.832442801	######################################
17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 Jan 1941: 17 HRS:	048/IUS SEP 57.224 SECS 54.627 SECS	PRAN B 9888829+03 V 2 5 5 5 9 4 5 2 4 + 0 3 V 2 5 5 5 9 4 5 2 5 4 + 0 3 VE 2 1 1 4 9 7 9 4 5 1 5 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1	DELOX 0.0000000 RRATE 0.0000000 ONDHAN 0.0000000 IUS SECS	40 A 40 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	# 00 # 7
	בארים בארים בארים או הארים בארים	2 HRS. 45	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

26 APR 77 PAGE 20		GETSEC 1.2005505+04	COARFA	74		3.79	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	# TFU	AL TFU AL TFU TA TUZ	ALTER TOTAL	ALTEN ALTEN TO Z	ALTEGO COAMEA COAMEA DOZ	ALTERA ALTERA CODAKFA AZAFA AZAFA	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 de 1 de	00 A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	C	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.00 M F T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 4 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	00 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CO A P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	COARFA COARFA COARFA COARFA COARFA COARFA COAFFA CO	COAMPA ALTER ALTER OF COAMPA ALTER OF COAMPA ALTER OF COAMPA ALTER	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	CO A F F C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CO A F F C CO A F C CO A F C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	CDAMPA AZON CO	COARFA AZAR AZAR AZAR AZAR AZAR AZAR AZAR	COAMPA ALTERA AL	CO WE A LTEN A L
02		3.5181957+00	5.8650129=02	9.000 \$58 t+01	50-5347 145-02	1.5074753+00	1.5053782+00	8. R 276 P 9 1 - 0 1	-2.1 Suu3u2-07	7.0000000 0.0000000																										
PAGE		GE TH 88	4 5		100	•				Œ		E 6 4	- 3	- 3	- 3	- 3 6	- 3		- 3 01 0		ב מ מ מ			1 3 3 1 3	1 3 1 5			2	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
26 APR 77	2		6.9684529+03	2.53AHU2A+04	70+40040000	9.6529767-04	2.4741105-01	1.1940404-01		2.7627000+04	2.9475765403 2.9475765403	2.7627000+04 2.9475765+03 2.5400510+04	2.9475700000 2.9475705403 2.5400510404 2.4011935402 1.5204253402	2.9475765403 2.9475765403 2.5400510+04 2.4011935+04 1.5204253+03	2.9475765403 2.9475765403 2.9475765403 2.94011935941 1.5504253402 1.24066750=03	2,767000+04 2,9475765+03 2,5400510+04 2,4011935+04 1,5704253+02 1,5704253+02 1,5704253+02 1,5704253+03	2,9475765403 2,5400510404 2,50111935404 1,5011535404 1,520704 1,520704 1,520704 1,520704 1,520704 1,520704 1,520705 1,530705 1,530705	2 407570000 2 4075705403 2 40110517404 1 57504253402 1 626770311603 1 57627621103 2 57627401 2 57627401 2 57627401 2 57627401 2 57627401 2 57627401 2 57627401	2.40700000000000000000000000000000000000	2 4 4 5 7 7 6 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2. 4.25.70 co. 2. 4.2	2. 40 27 37 40 37	2. 40.77.70.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	20.00000000000000000000000000000000000	2.92.75.95.03 2.92.75.76.03 2.82.10.95.96.04 1.52.02.70.33.03 1.62.02.70.33.03 1.82.02.70.33.03 2.52.02.70.70.33.03 2.52.02.70.70.03 2.52.02.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.70.	2. 40.27.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.40.	2. 2.2.7.3.7.0.2.0.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	2 4047570000 2 40110510000 2 40110510000 1 520025403 1 6200253400 1 5200253400 2 550256400 2 550256400 2 550256400 1 5200256400 1 5200256400 1 5200256400 1 5200256400 1 5200256400 1 5200256400 1 5200256400	2.44570000 2.44110434-04 2.44110434-04 1.5704253+02 1.5704253+02 1.5704253+02 2.5427628-01 2.5427628-01 2.5427628-02 1.5704254-02 1.	2. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.	20	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	20.000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	2. 444747010 2. 444747010 2. 444747010 3. 444747010 4.
	IRC BURN	5 SECS	1 4 0			0	DISET	# 1 5 0 6 4		1	1 4 0 1 d	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 × > w 2	2 × > w 2 U	1 1 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	# CO & CO	# 00% # 0	# 00 # 0 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1	# 00 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 #	# 000 # 000 # 000 # 000 # 000 # 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	X	T 000 T 000 T 0 000 T	2 X > W 2 U F X W 2 X S W 3 X Y S W	2	# 006 # 000 # 000	2	######################################	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	2	# 000 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 #	# 000 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 # 0 #	2	2	2
	MEGIN ONN CIRC	31 #178. 5.505 21 #178. 7.904	7.1719900+03	-1.2065630+01	- C. MONES & C. O.	1.6040145+03	-7.0065784-01	-3.2512111+04 6.2527139-05		2.3400000+02	2.3400000+02 -5.1181356+02	2. \$4000000+02 =5. \$1 \$1 \$56+02 =1. 1948209+01	2. 3400000+02 =5. 3141356+02 =1.1948259+11 =2.8585181+01 2.8581071+01	2.3400000+02 =5.3141366+02 =1.1498264-01 =2.8585181+01 2.8531071+01 3.602849+03	2.3400000+02 =5.11A1366+02 =1.1986264-01 =2.8585181+01 2.8581671+01 3.60547456-03 -7.0064745-03	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	HHCS 2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.14000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2. 34.00000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2.34000000000000000000000000000000000000	2. 34.00000000000000000000000000000000000	# 5. 41 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1
1 1101		3 FRS.	PRCS	4	2 2	4	DIRISE	10264		I PKCS	I PKCS	2 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	F C P E S I S I S I S I S I S I S I S I S I S	A C DIA	A C D I S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S	I PRO CO L L A L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L	PRCS INC DELSE	TO DELOS OF TO DEL	TPHCS T A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN THE COLU	TPHCS TON TON TON THE AM THE AM	THE COLOR OF THE C	THESE	THE CS	THESE TO THE THESE TO THE THESE THES	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	THE CS TH	THE CS TH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1
[:		0 0478.	1.737277405	-A.4071245+01)	004145025.04	1.6315124.02	4.2430025+01	-3.7252903-09		3.4693060+04	3.46930co+04	W. 46 9 W C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	14. 40 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3.46930C0+04 7.3455451+02 67.5C07370+00 1.4.5C07374+00 1.4.35572+02	3.4693070400 87.3853451+02 88.5057570+00 87.5067570+00 1.8003054+02 1.8003054+02 1.803564-02 4.225647+01	1. 404 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1. 445 1471 1471 1471 1471 1471 1471 1471	3. 445 547 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1. ************************************	3.46931000000000000000000000000000000000000	3. 445 545 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3. 466 3.0 C. + 0.0 C	2. 466 9 9 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3.4693000+00 -1.5001300000 -1.50013000000 -1.50013000000 -1.50013000000 -2.50013000000 -2.50013000000 -3.500130000000 -3.50013000000000000000000000000000000000	2. 466 9.0 C. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.	2. 466 9 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	3.4693000000000000000000000000000000000000	2. 24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2. 24 4 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3. 4669300000000000000000000000000000000000	2. 24 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4	2. 24 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5	2. 34 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54	2. 24 6 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2
	3	8 3 3	3	DEC	1	HUDAH	NO.6 . 1 J	TUYLVH		3																										
	177		ACTIVE STATE	3.4974095.03	204040275	1.4682593.02	. 1203341+01	10-000000000		PASTVE STATE	ASTVE STATE 3, 4740333+03	ASIVE STATE 3.4776333+03 3.5451719+03	ASIVE STATE 3.6746333+03 3.5451119+03 1.5145162+02 1.4119590+02	A91VE STATE 3.47A6333+03 3.5451319+03 1.5145162+02 1.5119590+02 1.5456061+02	ASIVE STATE 3.4746.33340.3 3.545131940.3 1.5314510240.2 1.481459040.0 7.332401240.1	1VE STATE 1776/33403 545/314003 5145/10200 5145/0000 5132401200 55/32401200 55/32401200	91YE 8141E *1746333*03 *1451314*03 *1145162*02 *1145162*02 *11516111 *11516112*01	14/6 64/6	14/6 14/6	14/6 14/6	3	######################################	1. 40 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.67786 3134+03 1.878613134+03 1.878613134+03 1.8786131314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.87861314+03 1.8787314+03 1.8787314+03	3. 40 4 7 6 3 3 3 4 4 6 7 8 3 3 4 4 6 7 8 3 3 4 4 6 7 8 3 3 4 4 6 7 8 3 3 4 4 6 7 8 3 3 4 6 7 8 3 4 7 8 3 4 7 8 3 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	3. 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4	1. 45 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	######################################	######################################	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1. ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	3. 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1.8 M	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	34.8	3 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
			ORU ACT			Idi	CTP. IM 7.	~ 0		Evd Sol	a	a	a	a	a		a •	a • Œ	a • a	a • a	4 . 4	4 4	4 4	4 4	4 . 4	Δ . α .	Δ . α .	Δ	Δ . α .	4 1 4 4	α ι α	a . a .	α . α	Δ		4 4 4 4

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer (Continued) 26 APR 77

Jan 1941. 20 HRS. 47 HINS. 35.200 SECS Jan 1941. 20 HRS. 47 HINS. 35.200 SECS Jan 1941. 20 HRS. 37 H	10	3.4313611403 3.4313611403 1.51272422 1.51272422 1.51272422 1.5127242 1.5127242 1.5127242 1.5127242 1.512525 1.51252 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.512525 1.51252 1.512525	LIABLE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	1 JAN 1941: 20 H88: 3,4494500+04 4,4524462+02 1,03544600 1,03544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035544600 1,035546600 1,035546600 1,03546600 1,03546600 1,03546600 1,03546600 1,03546600 1,03546600 1,057460000 1,057460000 1,0574600000000000000000000000000000000000	20 HRSs HRSs HRCS LLCOTT TUZLO	25 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	# 91 AGE BURN # 9ECS # 9ECS # 7 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5.7517465.00 0.000000 -2.14651470 1.741704671 1.741704671 1.5047139400 2.3486414701 2.3486414701 2.3486414701 3.86812600 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401 1.7681035401	COARFA ALTEDA ALTEDA ALTEDA ALTEDA ALTEDA ALTEDA OFLOZ OFLOZ OFLOZ OFLOZ OFLOZ OFLOZ OFLOZ	2.0706267*04 1.17552044*04 5.220344*01 5.22044*01 1.1752044*01 1.1752044*01 1.17514*02 1.17514*
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##			2.5	JAN 1941.	NO THE STATE OF TH	37 11	O SECS		5 4 1	5.7925723+00	GETSEC	2.0853260+04
3.5.5.2444.6.3. 3.5.5.245.6.3. 3.5.5.245.6.3		ACTIVE STATE		1,1124022+04		2.3400000+02	24 2 0 2		1	4.0425784-02	COAREA	0000000
1		-3.56A9436+05	> 1	1.5520789+02	7	7.0495972+02	×c	•	*0	-3.1375A65+04	0.2	1.189883404
	* .	3.617130A+05	086	10-4010151-1	40		>	3.3725707+04	RETA	R. S147417+01	¥ 3	6.9671042.01
		1.7365244+02	LAT	1.159.00.5.01	NOJ		>	3.2254259+04	GAMO	C. 0000157+00	3024	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
1.5751134002 HAPDIN 2.5331340004 AN 1.6168152404 ECC 7.7752400011 BERN 1.4257213711 ALTER 7.2197191114 BERN 1.4257213711 ALTER 7.2197191171 BERN 1.4257213711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.7557213711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.7557213711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.7557213711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.7557213711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.757313711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.757313711 ALTER 7.21971911701 BERN 1.757313711 ALTER 7.2197191701 BRN 1.757313711 BERN 1.757313711 BERN 1.757313711 ALTER 7.757313711 ALTE	a I	1.4361784+02	Dagi	2.5220414+04	2		44	1.4506167403	404	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	3074	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
7.2197191-01 LIMSUM #1.130573+00 DTDIRE 9.9499990-00-09 DTSET 9.999999-01 DTDIRE 9.9499990-00-09 DTSET 9.999999-01 DTDIRE 9.9499990-00-09 DTSET 9.99999-01 DTDIRE 9.949999-01-00-09 DTSET 9.99999-01 DTDIRE 9.99999-01-09 DTDIRE 9.99999-01 DTDIRE 9.99999-01 DTDIRE 9.99999-01 DTDIRE 9.99999-01 DTSET 9.99999-01	1 0 1	1.5750134+02	HAPON	2.5331140+04		1. F. R. 15.2+0.0			1	10+7670107	4	N.7031035-01
### ##################################	CTALIM	7.2197191101	2 51	-1.1305473000	OTOTOR	0040000000	1000	0-07-2-11-1	2 1 1	10432071401	ALTEG	1.7320889+02
9.307902001 TUYLVH 2.0201705012 TUYLVH 2.02017	THRMA	4.260000+04	9	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	100	70+0+0+1	1810	0+0000000	4	1.4247812+01	4 +	1.1096517+01
### ### ##############################	TUXLYH	0.2307002-01	TUYLVA	2.9401767-01	10767	-2.4454967-01	- 0	1,4453824+01		1.7546704401	201	9.1074148-02
### ### #### #########################												
\$		PASTVE STATE	611	1.73657,5405	SONEX	7.0992312+03	IPIA		A N	5.9650129-02	FDARFA	1000000101
\$\$40.5444615 DEC 10047778401 PA 1.7220112402 V 2.8391711404 BETA 9.00104222401 AZ 1.5345116402 LAT 1.0564414010 LON 1.214511640 CAND 2.4001479644 CAND 2.7753136402 1.5345116402 HAD 1.A114744402 IVE 2.42516402 AN 1.5313476402 AN 3.60747412401 RAN 1.5313476402 AN 3.60747412401 RAN 1.5313476402 AN 3.60747412401 RAN 1.5073416401 PER 1.50774440400 ITA 7.3204141561 LIMSIN MS.ASON MRISE 3.502994HAD DISFI MS.2261662-01 PER 1.50774440400 ITA 2.906141561 PER 1.5027173402 PELZ 9.429784403261 BELDA 2.74445261 BELDA 3.057741		-3.4992#22+05	>	4.7553902+02	2	6.85hb187+02	×C	•		-2.20042UR+04		1019191
1.538414512 LAT 1.1050444101 LON 1.2145516+02 VE 2.401479+04 GAMDE 2.7411754-02 AZEE 1.538414510-02 AZEE 1.538414510-02 AZEE 1.53841540-02 AZEE 1.	*	3.407 5941.03	0.50	1.0987778401	4	1.7226112+112	>		RETA	0.0000000	7.4	10.04130.01
1.5345161+02 HAPO 1.41H4444402 INC 2.5524812401 RAV 1.513476402 ADE 2.77531540 LAV 1.513476402 ADE 2.77531540 LAV 1.513476402 ADE 2.77531540 LAV 1.513476402 ADE 2.77531540 LAV 1.513476402 ADE 2.775315402 LAV 1.50794440400 LAV 1.507944440400 LAV 1.5079444400 LAV 1.50794444040 LAV 1.50794444040 LAV 1.5079446400 LAV 1.5079496401 L	ALT	1.5380105.02	147	1.1050441+01	20	1.21451400	> 3	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1010	111000000000000000000000000000000000000	7	1047/50065.4
1.500012902 MADON 1.450105602 AN 3.000140741 ECC 11591007003 ERM 1.507944040 ATEU 7.3204415401 LINGUA 65.511040640 DTRIRE 3.507944040 DTRIRE 3.507944040 DTRIRE 3.507944040 DTRIRE 3.507944040 DTRIRE 3.507944040 DTRIRE 3.50799450 DELON 2.5051405501 DELON 3.507949040 DTRIRE 3.50799450 DELON 3.50799450 DELON 3.507999500 DELON 3.507999999999999999999999999999999999999	9	1.5345161+02	4	CO. 400 P. W. P.		20 401 1001 1001			2 .	2.7411739-02		6.1830B70+01
7.3204145401 LIMBIN =5.8510440400 DTRISE 3.6029948402 DTSFT =5.226164201 PER 1.5034444400 TA 2.9061415401 DELD 2.9061415401 DELD 3.051445400 DELD 3.051445400 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.051445400 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.05144545401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.051445401 DELD 3.0514455401 DELD 3.051445401 DELD	I	1.5000129+02	20041	1.4501054.7	7 4	1 400 1447.01	7 .		Y O V	2.7753135+01		4.2227744400
2.9001415401 DELY 1.202713402 DELZ -2.4297942401 DELDA 2.526198261 DELY 3.5206472400 TA	CTALIA	7.3204145+01	7 5 × 1	5. A 51 0 4 0 0 0 0 0	0	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		1.15-0607-03	7	1.5079442+00	ALTED	1.5340355002
1-2023574-02 ELV -0.0870102-0-0 DATE -1. ACTIONALO DESTE A COLUMN CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF CONT	DELX	2.9061415.01	PELY	1.2027173.02	7 140	-2 -02484200	200		1	0040700000		1.576741+02
	RANGE	1.2023574+02	FLV	-0.9879302+00	UAZ	-1.0911404-0-	PRATE		6, 4007	# \$2006172403		50+0355767.7

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer (Continued) 22 PAGE 26 APR 77

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer (Continued)

2
PAGE
•
R 77
Se APR

SECTAVALABLE COPY

B.2 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fourth Ascending Node Transfer (Concluded)

PAGE

9.0093880+04	6.7230000+0.5 6.997041+0.5 6.805238+0.1 6.8051140+0.0 1.52501140+0.0 1.52501140+0.0 1.52501140+0.0 1.52501140+0.0 1.5250130+0.0 1.5250130+0.0 1.5250130+0.0 1.5250130+0.0	1.3178701+02	6.723000+03 1.0011074+04 6.559485+01 6.10789428+01 1.4780344+02 1.4780344+02 1.478034+02 1.4780101004+02 1.4780101004+02	9.1589480+04	6.225000000 7.3477145+03 7.3477145+03 7.30545+01 6.354201+01 6.354201+01
GETSEC	CDAREA DZ AZDE MACOE MACOE TA TOZ	DTSEC	CDAREA PZ AZDE AZDE AA ALTEG TUZ	GE 78EC	COAREA 22 22 22 22 22 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24
2,5026078+01	5. PLSD 101 = 0.2 5. PLSD 101 = 0.2 5. CO 40 C P C P C P C P C P C P C P C P C P C	3.6607504 607504	9.5063604602 -7.2566151703 -0.0047447601 1.4449744602 1.4564450400 2.8429461600 2.8429461600 2.84299999999999990	2.5441522+01	43.50.00 43.50.
71 11 12 13		0 0 1	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S I I I I	
	-2 3430011+04 -2 3430011+04 -3 430011+04 -3 4000000000000000000000000000000000000	DMPHAN =5.0493301+03 RHIT BURN	1.919122403 -2.194055404 2.509647904 2.370682004 1.452469602 1.4522469602 1.160041140 6.7016899601 5.0960274602	•	2.9191224 2.5735473 2.5735473 2.4373615 1.4573615 2.33776676 3.33776676 3.0116846
BEES SECS SECS	# 5 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	NA THA	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	MERIC FLT SECS SECS	2 x > w 2 U F
HEGIN ONM DORBIT BURN 1 MINS, 35,880 SECS 51 MINS, 36,279 SECS	7.0993445+03 1.1514001+03 1.0075445002 2.8518437+01 3.844640001 3.444640001 1.3793104+05	O.OOOOOOO DEPEAN	7.092445+03 -7.092445+03 -9.4942654+02 1.1513750+02 1.514750+02 2.45212+01 3.5215745+03 3.5215745+03 1.379104+05 -1.379104+05	BEGIN ATHOSPHERIC HRS. Zb Hlns. 29.480 SECS HRS. 16 Hlns. 31.880 SECS	7.0449445403 1.4210A71+03 1.9015405402 11.4050620+02 2.8507706+03 1.5160706+03
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	8 U	TELECT TELECT	I I BOS	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1 0479.	1, 73653050505 3,262360603 -1,8680274603 -1,8792313603 1,801824502 -3,1548073601 3,1548073601 3,1548073601	2.435177-02	2 JAN 1981. 1. 6860372+05 3. 141354563 -1. 5240594+01 1. 5540594+02 1. 554061-02 -3. 339154-02 -3. 339154-02 -3. 339154-02 -3. 339154-02 -3. 339154-02	DAYS.	1.000037203 2.003037203 2.003037201 2.00303201 1.00303201 1.003032003
(55	TITE DE STATE OF STAT	DVIDEL	TARICAU TE CONTRACT TE CONTRAC	33	7 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	088 ACTIVE STATE ** 9° 5217244-0.2 ** 1° 53 39 35 462 ** 1° 53 39 35 462 ** 1° 53 39 35 462 ** 1° 53 39 35 462 ** 1° 53 39 39 402 ** 1° 53 39 39 39 602 ** 1° 53 39 39 19 401 ** 1° 53 29 29 29 19 401 ** 1° 53 29 29 29 19 29 29 29 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	8000	ORB ACTIVE STATE X =1.470950103 R 3.5305105713 ALT 1.5320200400 HP =2.7710100400 HP =1.2210/R3-01 LI 7.3250570-01 MAG 1.2000000000000000000000000000000000000		086 ACTIVE STATE X x 3.010 321+03 X 3.50 76 320+03 ALT 5.86 230 48+01 HP 6.8 10 54 00 1400 LIN 7.90 44 00 00 00 00
	0 4 1 1 1 2 0 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	840	0 4 1 1 1 2 0 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 2 1 2		P

B.3 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fifth Descending Node Transfer 26 AUR 77

				3			HEGIN TUS 13	IUS 1ST STAGE	Z C C C				
ina T	11111		3	- 55	1 JAN 1481.	21 1 1 1 S	20 mins. 5.003	S SECS		SP 1 1 1 S	6.5014063+00	5ETSEC	2,3405062+04
	20 2	4	5.4271941+03	6 4	3,4695000+04 -9,9445517+02	SONAL	2.3400000+02 =4.2470H24+02	40	2,7627000+04 4,9474360+03 2,5400657+04	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2.1466461+64 9.0005257+01	4 4 4 0 C	0.0000000 -1.1755573+04
	- 1		1.5130782+02	1	0.42475400	٠.		, 4 ¢	2.4012517+04	40× 5	20-1705050-1		1.1955931+02
	1		20.4545075	100	1.4555501+02	2	3.0030569003	34	1.254H704=05	2 2 2	1.5068501.00		1.5120914+02
	THE T		4.2000000000000000000000000000000000000	189	2.9026600+02 -3.4482450-01			320	3.3560166-01		9.3762165-01	7:11	-9.0756324-02
	9 7	•	ASTVE STATE	,	20+5055057.1	SONGI	7.0492512403	T A Z	6.9684529+03	24.0	5.6050129-02	CUANEA	6.223unun+03
			1.5475600+03	UEC	-6.5125450+00			>	2.5392790+04	AL TA	9.0005000+01	74	1.1784037+02
	ALT		1.5357513.02		-6.5534767+00	201	-7. #240052+01	a) 3	2.4003863+04	GAMOR	20-11/15457-1-	AZDE	10190050500
	i		1.404153+02	E A E	50+7407764-1			FCC	1.2328497	PERM	1.5042519+00	ALTEG	1.5542991102
	CTRLIM		7.3205455+01	NOSHIT	4.0150747+01	0	-6.7010374-01	DISET	2.7008349-01	2	1.5060937+00		3.5750071+02
	HANGE		3.6704023+01	בר	.3.230120#+01 3.1095025+00	7130	1.7497012+02	RRATE	2.3493630-01	ELVOOT	-1.3217278+00	DAZUNT	.7.2562404-02
	Ins	848	200	DVIDEL	9.0791580+03	OPPECS	0000000000	9 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4	Ompran =2.1569409+04	1	4,0820559-02	01960	1.4097501+02
							END TUS 187 STAGE BURN	ST STAGE	BURN				
				33	U DAYS.	61, 145, 22	32 MINS. 32.038	8 SECS 7 SECS		56 71 88	0.5422328+00	GETSFC	2.3552038+04
	Ins	•	STATE	3	1.3123591+04	d t		2 4	6.0575913+03	18 M M M	4.082659-02	CUAREA	000000000
	- 1	3.527	3,5273004003	> 0	-3.6979770+02	70	20+124040.1	× >	1,1724211401	H +	8 5152H3R+01	7.1	1.101244100
	174		1.7555541+02	L .	10+34454+01	٠		> 3	3.2258770+04	GAMOE	5.0433544400	AZDE	1.1100319+02
	1		1.4550012+02	HAPO		-		2 4 2	1.45H4149+02	404	-1.000755+02	2	
	1 1		504017475	10441	2.5331521+04	A 1010	1,6188427+04	0156	7.1753232-01	2 2	1.45574051	AL 16 12	10.1040005.01
	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		4.2500000+04	181	2.962000000			¥ 1	3. \$500106-01	- ×	9.3762189-01	10.2	-4.0750324=02
	0.40	3	PASTVE STATE	5	1.7505505+05	S)HO" S		APPAN	B. 4644529+63	18467	5. x65.1124.02	TUARFA	6.223ununens
		790.5 X	3.4976244+05		-4. H490343+02			c ·	1.01252#3+05	7 4	10+1745005.5	24	20+25873011
			3.547.5211.03	UEC -		* 0	10+7075500-1-	* *	2.4001977.04	6 4 3 1	2.7041052-02	3.174	20+0775101.
	t	-	1.53574400012	741				KAY	1.51.9879+02	101	-1.5256077+02	4	•
	1 0	- •	505740006			Z 4 2	3.6.47543405	- E	1.1772055-05	1 1 2	0045075505	4	1.5004191919
	מנוארו	•	-1.0135457-01	DELY			•	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-2.7493728+03	PFLOY	- 8.5193616+05	7,71,11	7.770572200
	TOVE X		1.2017440+02	412		7 41 0	1.0124425402	4 4 4	H.9273451+05	F L V D D T	-4.16729-7+02	1074	2042445616

SESTIMATE CONTRACTOR

r (Continued)
Transfe
Node
Descending
US Fifth D
IUS
Profiles
Mission
IUS
and
Orbiter
B.3

2

PAGE

26 APR 77

AETSEC 1.5422945+04	CUARFA 0.000000 0.2 19702411+03 A.2 6.70575401 A.2 6.7049197401 A.2 6.7049197401 A.1 1974919701 T.Z 1.5778574402	DTSEC 1.0234752+02	GETSFC 1.5525242+04	CDAMFA 0.00000000 AZ 0.10551641402 AZ 0.17052440101 AZ 0.1705211402 AZ 0.1705211402 AZ 0.1374411402 TA 2.1374411401
9.8397070+00	4.000472402 4.5.600472402 4.5.90472401 4.5.90472401 1.6.7047401 1.6.7047401 1.6.704701 1.6.704701 1.6.704701 1.6.704701 1.6.704701 1.6.704701 1.6.704701	2.8429866-02	GETH48 9.REA1369+00 G	# 0022 # 002
GETHRS	6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	200	GE THRS	
200	0.0575914-0.3 7.4537599+0.3 7.712510+0.3 7.8542510+0.3 7.6571011-0.1 7.7577010+0.9 0.2747291-0.09	D#PMAN =6.0504200+03		1.17126446.03 1.00878274.04 3.15689674.02 6.40014.300 9.4099900 1.37429.61
SFCS SFCS SFCS	3 4 1 2 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2	STAGE	SECS	1
9 HRS. 50 HING. 22.945 SECS 0 HRS. 40 HING. 25.945 SECS	2,3400000405 1,451868467 1,451874661 3,15874661 1,0004152604 1,0004152604 2,15904405 6,0492838601	DYPHES 0.0000000 DYPHAN 66.05	0 HRS. 42 MINS. 5.293 SECS	2. TECNOCOO 2 1. 4335577 2 3. 1245067 2 3. 1245064 - 0 2. 275702 - 0 2. 275702 - 0 2. 275702 - 0 3. 250014 - 0 3. 250014 - 0 3. 250014 - 0 3. 250014 - 0
	PRCS DANNA DANNA TC2 TC2 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3 TC3	DEPRES	3 c	P C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
0 DAYS.	1	7.9520184+03	S JAN 1981.	1. 45.24.41.34.04.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11
. I	CAT LABOUT LINGS TO THE LA	DVILLE	1 1 2 2 3 3	0 0 1 4 4 0 0 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	ACTIVE BTATE 2.8713749461 1.0209461964 1.452054610 1.452050500 1.4520000000 1.45190000000	2000		10.8 ACTIVE STATE 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	2 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	•		0 4 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1

B. 4 Orbiter and IUS Mission Profiles IUS Fifth Descending Node Transfer (Concluded)

26 APR 77 PAGE 22

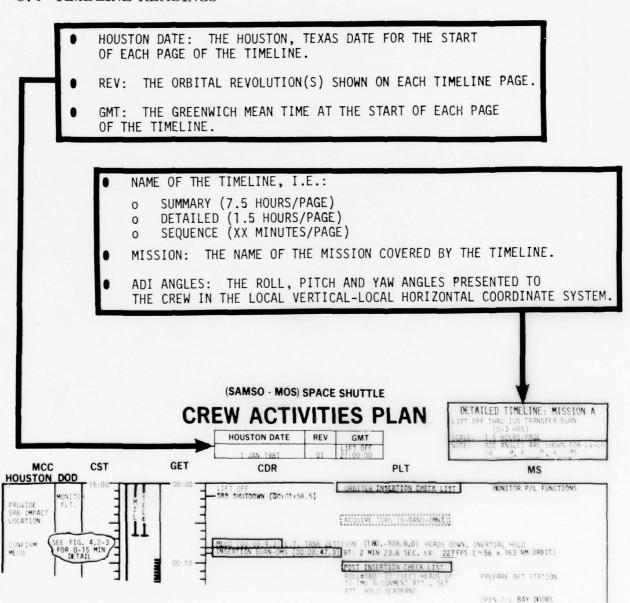
	GETSFC 1.5825291+04	0.0000000 9.13.744102 9.17.4450402 1.77.4450402 6.127.75401 1.927.7590404 2.126.37.94402		3.5825291+04	0.0000000 0.17474402 1.7944504401 1.9952604401 1.952260404 2.127754401 2.124524401 1.7746461 1.952509400 1.7746461 1.952509400 1.952509400
HEGIN SAT DEPLOYMENT	GETSFC	COAREA 02 02 A206 ALTED	PLOYMENT	GETBEC	CUARFA ALTEN CUARFA ALTEN CUARFA AZDE AZDE ALTEN BELDZ
	GF THRS 9.9514698+00	6.9256429602 8.9264771463 8.949474711 1.141390360 1.51175965602 2.345593601 2.3455045401		GETHRS 9.9514698+00	6.9246425-02 8.9090441411 1.44391-02 1.44391-02 2.93593610 0.000000 8.224453103 8.9994811-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02 1.443791-02 1.443739-02 1.443739-02
	CF THRS	E RA U E HEART ACHCURR ACHCURR ACHCURR		GETHRS	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
		1,1712446+00 5,8,52471+03 1,007424604 3,1140177402 6,8001557401 0,0000000 0,0000000		.,	1,1712646+00 1,0087471+03 1,0087471+03 3,1141177+02 6,8001567+01 9,9000000 0,000000 1,0084424+04 3,114245+02 1,0084424+01 2,01597+01 2,01597+01 2,01597+01 2,01597+01 2,01597+01 2,01597+01 2,01597+01
	5.291 SECS 7.691 SECS	#		SECS	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
	HKS. 47 MINS. 5.291	2,3400000+02 -4,5002454+02 1,444,612 3,125466+01 2,1003621+00 2,2767772+04 9,999901+09	END SAT DEPLOYMENT	LAS. 57 MINS. 5.241 SECS	2. 14000000000000000000000000000000000000
	11 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	PECS A PECS INC DA PES		 	PRISE CONTRIBETOR PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF
	0 0448. 2 JAN 1981.	4.8081713+03 1.31748000 1.31748000 1.35075400 1.935841+04 1.935841+04		0 0445. Z JAN 1981.	1.8701713+03 1.1174889+04 1.1320524+00 1.9323423+04 1.9323423+04 1.93234204 1.93234204 1.3174860+04 1.3174860+04 1.3174860+04 1.3174860+04 1.3174860+04 1.932942+04 1.932942+04 1.932942+04
	5 5 5	2 0 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		6. E. T.	CECCIANDO CECCIA
		103 aCTIVE State X = 1.8554450+00 X 2.2767140+00 L.9323210+04 MP 1.9323154+04 MP 1.932341+04			108 ACTIVE STATE X =1.8558890+04 ALT 1.9353140+04 HPH 1.9353140+04 LIM R.703437+00 SAT PASIVE STATE X =1.8558850+04 ALT 1.935310+04 HPH 1.9353770+04
		DI A LIGHT			C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

APPENDIX C

CREW ACTIVITIES PLAN FORMAT

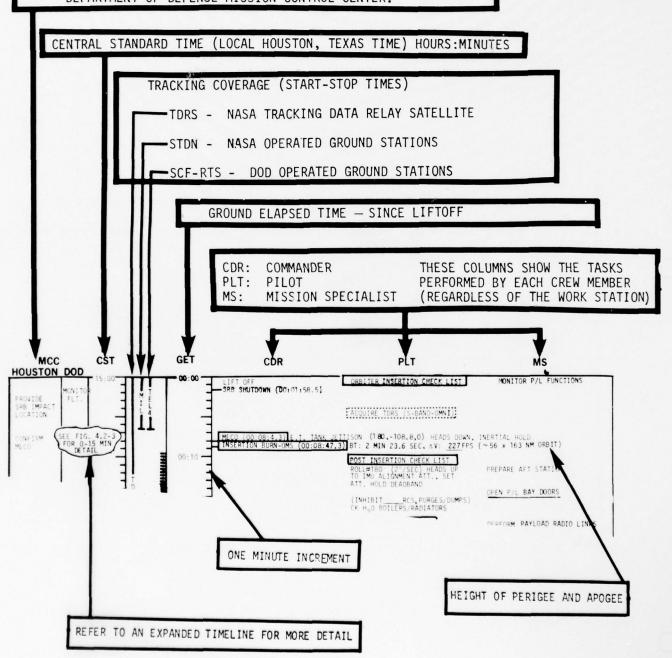
(U) In order to ensure good communications between DOD and NASA mission planning and flight operations personnel, the DOD crew activity planning task uses similar timeline formats and conventions to those used by NASA.

C. 1 TIMELINE HEADINGS



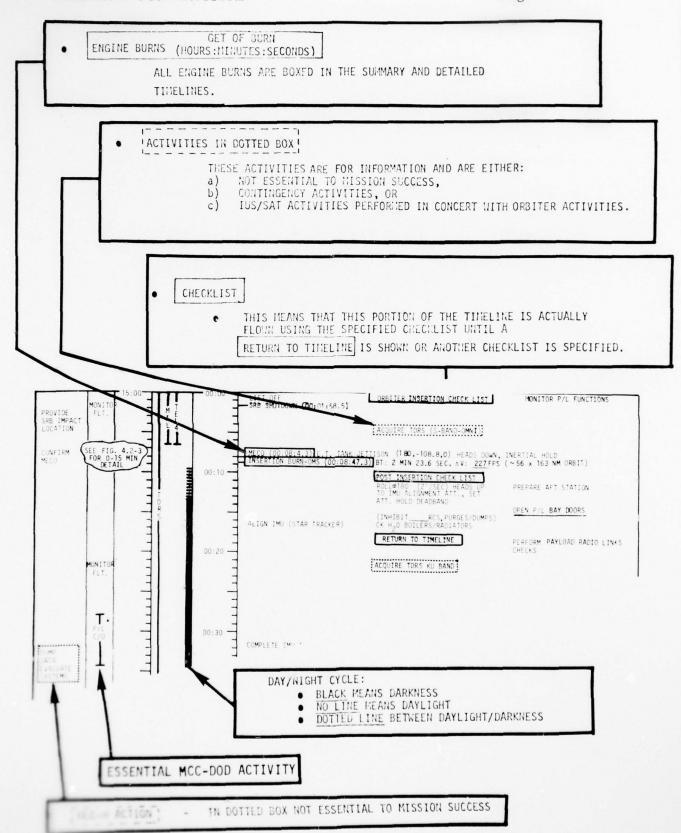
MISSION CONTROL CENTER

- HOUSTON: THIS COLUMN SHOWS ALL ACTIVITIES REQUIRED BY THE JSC MISSION CONTROL CENTER.
- DOD: THIS COLUMN SHOWS ALL ACTIVITIES REQUIRED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MISSION CONTROL CENTER.



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

C.2 TIMELINE CONVENTIONS



IUS TIMELINE FORMAT

The timeline for the detached IUS is shown on the right side of the crew activity timelines. The RTS-COVERAGE column shows the RTS tracking available for IUS flight operations.

COVERAGE	IUS TIMELINE
NHS -	UPDATE IUS IMU ALIGNMENT DATA USING STAR SCANNER
	MNVR TO BURN ATT. IUS CIRC BURN (09:05:24) MNVR TO VEL. CORR. ATT. TRCS VEL. CORR BURN MNVR TO SEP ATT. DISABLE IUS RC DSP SEP FROM IUS ENABLE IUS ATT CTL IUS DISPOSAL MNVR

APPENDIX D:

ACRONYMS

ACT Activate

AFSCF Air Force Satellite Control Facility

ANT Antenna

AOS Acquisition of Signal

APU Auxiliary Power Unit

ATT Attitude

BT Burn Time

C&T Communication and Tracking

C&W Caution and Warning

CDR Commander

CDRL Contract Deliverable Requirements List

CIRC Circularization (Burn)

CK Check

C/L Checklist

CMD Command

C/O Checkout

CONUS Continental United States

CST Central Standard Time

CTL Control

DB Deadband

D&C Display and Controls

DOD Department of Defense

DSP Defense Support Program

ACRONYMS (Continued)

EAFB Edwards Air Force Base

ET External Tank

ETR Eastern Test Range

FLTSATCOM Fleet Satellite Communications

FSC Fleet Satellite Communications

GET Ground Elapsed Time

GLT Generalized Linear Tangent (Guidance)

GMT Greenwich Mean Time

GNC Guidance, Navigation and Control

GPC General Purpose Computer

GPS Global Positioning System

GTS Guam Tracking Station

HTS Hawaii Tracking Station

H/W Hardware

HYD Hydraulic

I/O Input/Output

IOS Indian Ocean Station

IUS Interim Upper Stage

IUS/SAT Interim Upper Stage/Satellite

JSC Johnson Space Center

KBPS Kilobits Per Second

KSC Kennedy Space Center

LOS Loss of Signal; Line of Sight

ACRONYM (Continued)

LVLH Local Vertical-Local Horizontal

MCC Mission Control Center

ME Main Engine

MECO Main Engine Cutoff

MOS Mission Operations System

MOSD Mission Operations System Definition

MPS Main Propulsion System

MS Mission Specialist

MSC Previous name for JSC

MSFC Marshall Space Flight Center

MSS Mission Specialist Station

NASA National Aeronautics and Space Administration

NAV Navigation

NHS New Hampshire Station

NPL Nominal Power Level

OMS Orbital Maneuvering System

ORB Orbiter Vehicle

OWD One Way Doppler

PCM Pulse Code Modulation

P/L Payload

PLT Pilot

PMT Propellant Mean Temperature

PSS Payload Specialist Station

RCS Reaction Control System

RF Radio Frequency

RI Rockwell International Corporation

ACRONYMS (Continued)

RMS Remote Manipulator System

RTS Remote Tracking Station

SAMSO Space and Missile Systems Organization

SAT Satellite

SCF Satellite Control Facility

SGLS Space Ground Link System

SRB Solid Rocket Booster

SRM Solid Rocket Motor

SSME Space Shuttle Main Engine

STC Satellite Test Center

STDN Space Tracking Data Network (NASA)

STS Space Transportation System

SV State Vector

SVDS Space Vehicle Dynamics Simulation

S/W, SW Software

TBD To Be Determined

TDRS Tracking Data Relay Satellite

TDRSS Tracking Data Relay Satellite System

TEL-4 Tracking Station at KSC

TLM Telemetry

TR Technical Report

TTS Thule Tracking Station

ACRONYMS (Continued)

UMB Umbilical

USAF United States Air Force

VAFB Vandenberg Air Force Base, California

VTS Vandenberg Tracking Station

X-FER Transfer

X-MITTER Transmitter

APPENDIX E:

MISSION PLAN REVISIONS

Subsequent to development of the DSP Mission Plan presented in this report, several changes to the IUS configuration were tentatively adopted. These were:

- 1. Incorporation of an RF link between the Orbiter and the IUS
- 2. Incorporation of a tilt table mechanism for IUS deployment.

The purpose of this Appendix is to describe the effects of these changes on the DSP Mission Plan. To accomplish this purpose, the following topics are individually addressed:

- Nominal Mission A timeline revision
- Earliest IUS burn opportunity
- IUS internal power requirement
- IUS state vector accuracy
- Orbiter/IUS relative motion
- Mission flexibility

E.1 NOMINAL MISSION A TIMELINE REVISION

Figure E-1 shows the revised Mission A timeline accounting for the IUS configuration changes. The revised timeline is based upon the fourth ascending node transfer opportunity and the 14:50:02 GMT launch time as reflected in the original mission plan. The principal differences from the original mission plan are as follows:

 Activation and checkout of the IUS is performed during the 20 min period ending at 3:12:00 GET. This period of activity is scheduled to occur in conjunction with an RTS pass to support checkout of the IUS TT&C system. These operations occur about 70 min later than in the original plan. Particularly noteworthy is the provision for TT&C system checkout without extending the IUS on the RMS. It is assumed that erecting the IUS on the tilt table makes this checkout possible.

- IUS deployment is accomplished during the darkness period ending at 4:19:00 GET. This is one revolution later than the original mission plan because the RF link between the Orbiter and IUS eliminates the need for two RTS passes between deployment and the first IUS burn. Release from the RMS is scheduled to occur at sunrise to conform with current NASA guidelines.
- IUS attitude control is initiated by a command from the Orbiter after a separation distance of 200 ft is achieved. This occurs within 2 min of completion of the separation burn and is independent of ground stations.
- The Orbiter crew verifies achievement of the 10 n.mi. safe separation distance 64 min after the separation burn. Handover of autonomous IUS control authority to the DOD MCC is accomplished at this time.
- At 05:41:00 GET, the DOD MCC authorizes initiation of the IUS mission sequence. The NASA MCC relays this authorization to the Orbiter crew who, in turn, send the necessary commands to the IUS. This is accomplished without RTS support. From this point, the mission proceeds as presented in the body of this report.

E.2 EARLIEST IUS BURN OPPORTUNITY

Based upon the configuration used to develop the original Mission A plan, it was concluded that the earliest IUS burn opportunity (neglecting satellite deployment longitude requirements) occurred in the vicinity of the fourth descending node. Figure E-2 shows the minimum duration IUS deployment timeline taking into account the configuration changes identified above. In this ideal case, 45 min elapse between the Orbiter separation burn and the Start Mission Sequence Command. A period of darkness is scheduled to end 52 min before the IUS transfer burn so that IUS release from the RMS occurs at sunrise. Minimum duration also requires that an RTS be available approximately 85 min before the IUS burn to facilitate checkout of the IUS TT&C system (if required).

Referring back to Figure 4-3, it is apparent that the IUS activation and checkout could begin as early as 77 min after liftoff. Thus, the earliest possible time for performing the first IUS burn is 2 hr 57 min after liftoff. This time is 17 min after the second ascending node, so the first burn would have to be delayed until the vicinity of the third descending node. Therefore, it is concluded that the IUS configuration changes could permit the first IUS burn to be performed as early as the third descending node. This, however, requires constraining the launch time to provide a period of darkness at the desired deployment time. If the launch time is left unconstrained, the period of darkness can vary by as much as 90 min. Since IUS release is currently constrained by NASA guidelines to occur at sunrise, up to a one revolution delay in IUS deployment may be incurred. This means that, in the worst case, the first IUS burn could still occur as early as the fourth descending node.

E.3 IUS INTERNAL POWER REQUIREMENT

One benefit of the configuration changes is the fact that the IUS can be switched to internal power later in the deployment sequence, thereby reducing the battery lifetime requirement. The original mission plan (Figure 4-3) called for switching to internal power by 2:29:00 GET and deactivating the IUS after 9:17:00 GET yielding a minimum battery lifetime of 6 hr 48 min. It should be noted that the DSP longitude requirement was very favorable. For other longitudes, RTS passes might require deployment several revolutions before the first burn. For example, satellite deployment at 7 deg West Longitude would require the IUS transfer burn to occur in the vicinity of the 14th ascending node. A six-hour gap in RTS coverage exists in this period, thereby resulting in a six-hour coast period between the IUS RCS enable and the SRM enable. A 12-hr battery lifetime would be required to accomplish this mission.

The switch to internal power occurs during the IUS activation and checkout operations which are shown in Figure E-2 to occur between 80 and 100 minutes before the IUS transfer burn. This yields a minimum battery lifetime requirement of 5 hr 12 min if the same transfer as presented in the original plan is used.

As described in the previous section, the worst case daylight/darkness cycle could require deployment of the IUS up to 90 minutes earlier than ideal. This would increase the battery lifetime requirement to a minimum of 6 hrs 42 min.

Finally, if the IUS transfer burn were to be made at a different node in order to achieve a different satellite deployment longitude, a further increase in battery life may be required. It is assumed that an RTS pass is required to support the IUS activation and checkout operations. Figure 5-7 shows that station passes generally occur at one to two hour intervals, but that gaps lasting up to six hour exist. Thus, it may be necessary to perform the checkout up to six hours earlier than ideal. Therefore, using the transfer trajectory selected for the original Mission A plan, the battery lifetime requirement could still be on the order of 12 hr. This could be reduced by six hours if recharging of IUS batteries by the Orbiter were performed after switching to IUS internal power.

E.4 IUS STATE VECTOR ACCURACY

The accuracy of the IUS state vector at the time of the transfer burn significantly affects the accuracy with which the satellite deployment orbit can be established. The state vector accuracy is closely related to the amount of time between state vector initialization from the Orbiter and the IUS transfer burn. Figure E-2 shows that the minimum time between these events is 64 minutes. As discussed in Section E.2, the worst case daylight/darkness cycle could cause IUS deployment to occur up to 90 minutes earlier than ideal. Thus, the maximum expected time span between state vector initialization and the IUS transfer burn is 2 hrs 34 min.

E.5 ORBITER/IUS RELATIVE MOTION

The DSP mission requirements specify that the Orbiter/IUS separation burn should be a 4 FPS forward RCS translation. In Section 5.7 it was shown that the required 10 n.mi. separation distance for the first IUS burn was easily achievable using this separation technique because of the 1.5 hour coast period following separation. For the minimum duration coast period (45 minutes) shown in Figure E-2, this separation technique cannot provide the required distance. Figure E-3 shows the separation ΔV that results in a 10 n.mi. separation distance as a function of the coast time. ΔV 's greater than 4 FPS (the limiting value from a contamination standpoint) are required if the coast period is less than 64 minutes. To overcome this problem, NASA has suggested deploying the IUS with the Orbiter and IUS aligned with the radial direction. The Orbiter then separates with a 1 FPS radial ΔV followed by a larger retrograde ΔV after the Orbiter has moved away several hundred feet. Figure E-3 shows the magnitude of the retrograde ΔV to be comparable to the single impulse ΔV . Thus, about 1 FPS penalty is incurred using this alternative technique. In order to standardize operations, it would be desirable to adopt the same separation method, including ΔV magnitude, regardless of the available separation coast time.

E.6 MISSION FLEXIBILITY

Without the RF link, it was necessary to closely control the time of launch in order to coordinate periods of darkness with ground station coverage. With the link, considerable freedom exists to select the time of launch. Two criteria for establishing launch time are identified as follows:

1. Select the time of launch to provide the ideal day/night cycle for payload deployment as depicted in Figure E-2. This permits no control over the right ascension of the ascending node of the Orbiter parking orbit which, in turn, affects the accessible DSP deployment longitude.

Figure E-4 shows the accessible longitudes as a function of launch time for the DSP mission plan contained in this report (i.e., 1 January 1981 launch date, 4th ascending node IUS transfer opportunity, 137 ±6 deg West longitude DSP deployment point). The larger shaded region shows the acceptable launch times if the target orbit right ascension of ascending node is fixed at 292 deg. In this case, the 137 deg deployment longitude can be reached if launch occurs any time between 14:15:00 GMT and 22:15:00 GMT. If a six degree tolerance on deployment longitude is allowed, launch can occur any time of the day.

If the target orbit right ascension of the ascending node is allowed to vary between 250 deg and 340 deg as discussed in Section 3.2.1, the smaller shaded region of Figure E-4 also becomes accessible. In this case, the 137 deg longitude can be achieved for all launch times exclusive of the period from 01:30:00 to 11:20:00 GMT. The largest error in longitude that would have to be tolerated is 4.8 deg which results from launch occurring at 06:12:00 GMT.

2. Select the time of launch to provide a parking orbit right ascension of ascending node that permits satellite deployment at the desired longitude. As shown in Figure E-4, this excludes launch during about 10 hours of the day. In this case, the day/night cycle for IUS deployment is not necessarily ideal. The time between IUS deployment and the first burn will increase thereby affecting mission accuracy, battery life requirements, RCS propellant consumption and overall reliability.

Obviously, these two criteria are in conflict. Therefore, a tradeoff would be required to consider the relative importance of the advantages available by varying the time of launch.

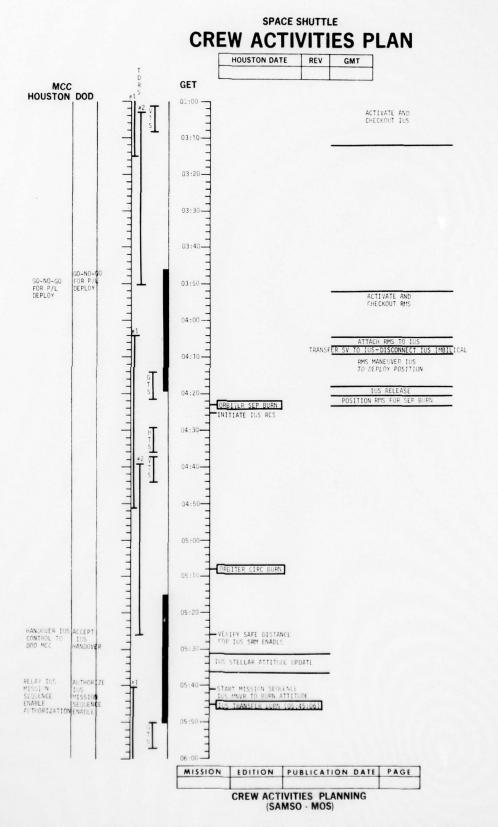


Figure E-1. Revised Mission A Deployment Timeline

AD-A045 100

TRW DEFENSE AND SPACE SYSTEMS GROUP REDONDO BEACH CALIF F/G 22/3
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPACE TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM (DOD/STS) MIS--ETC(U)
SEP 77 6 S GEDEON, J R OWEN, R D TOMLINSON F04701-75-C-0025
TRW-26937-6136-TU-00 SAMSO-TR-77-116 NL

UNCLASSIFIED

3 OF 3 AD A045 100







END DATE FILMED

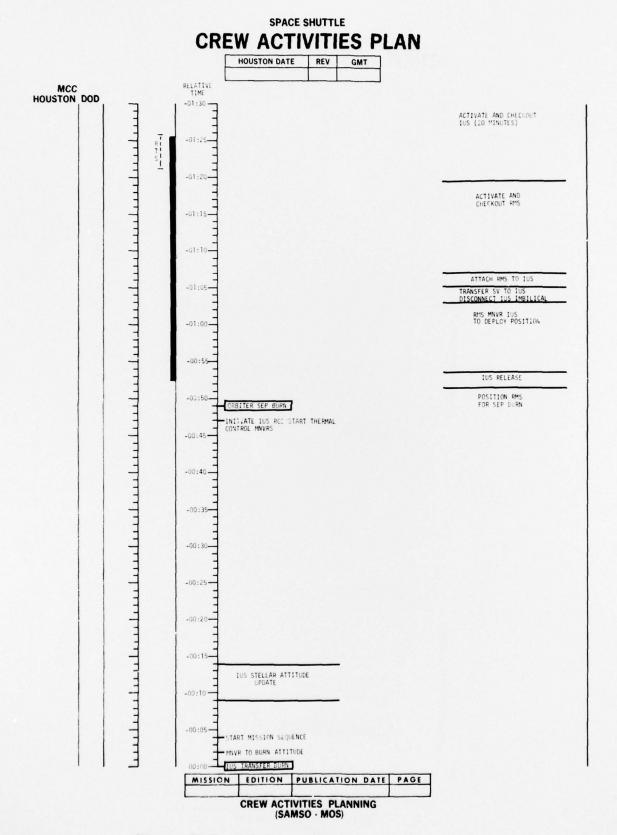


Figure E-2. Minimum Deployment Timeline

